

Annual 2022 Report





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Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Khalid Bashir (Chairman)

Mr. Adil Bashir

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Mr. Humayun Magbool

Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee

Mr. Muhammad Iqbal

Mr. Shams Rafi

Chief Executive Officer

Nadeem Magbool

Chief Financial Officer

Naeem Sheikh

Audit Committee

Mr. Shams Rafi (Chairman)

Mr. Humayun Maqbool

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

HR & R Committee

Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee (Chairman)

Mr. Nadeem Magbool

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Mr. Adil Bashir

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Humayun Maqbool (Chairman)

Mr. Nadeem Magbool

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Share Registrar

Corptec Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. 503-E, Johar Town, Lahore

Auditors

Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants

Company Secretary

Shahzad Nazir

Bankers

Allied Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

MCB Islamic Bank Limited

United Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Samba Bank Limited

FINCA Microfinance Bank Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited

Registered Office

7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore

+92-423-5760379, 35760382 Ph:

Email: info@suraj.com Web: www.suraj.com

Project Locations

Nooriabad, District Dadu, Sindh.

Kotla Kahloon, District Nankana Sahib, Punjab.

Bhaikot, Rawind, District Lahore, Punjab.



Vision & Mission Statement

VISION

To be a leading textile enterprise with global aspirations, effectively pursuing multiple growth opportunities, maximizing return to the stakeholders, remaining socially and ethically responsible.

MISSION

We are committed to become a premier manufacturing organization in the textile industry maintaining market leadership in the present business and diversifying / integrating into value added projects with the goal of maximizing returns for all stakeholders.

Core Values

We take pride in adhering to ethical business practices and in being an upstanding corporate citizen. We respect our people and endeavour to provide them ceaseless opportunities to realize their full potential. We recognize our responsibility to our stakeholders, communities and nation. At Suraj we never forget what we stand for.

At Suraj we seek uncompromising integrity through each individual's effort towards quality products for our customers, maximizing returns to the shareholders and sizable contribution to the national exchequer. Our business success is dependent on trusting relationships. Our reputation is founded on the integrity of the Company's personnel and our commitment to the principles of:

PASSION FOR CUSTOMER

Build positive relationships through outstanding service with each interaction.

INTEGRITY

Uphold the highest ethical standards and promote trust and respect

EXCELLENCE

Exceed expectations and take intense pride in everything you do everyday.

LEADERSHIP

Have the courage to rise above challenges, to work through adversity, and inspire others

INNOVATION

Imagine what is possible. Foster creativity that challenges constraints and drives progress.

TEAMWORK

Consistently demonstrate an unselfish commitment to working with others to create a collaborative culture.



About Us

PROFILE

Suraj Cotton Mills Limited is a Public Limited Company incorporated on December 18, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange of Pakistan. The Company is engaged in the manufacturing and trading of high quality Yam and Woven Fabrics.

The Company has four operating units located at Nooriabad (Sindh), Shahkot and Raiwind (Punjab). The Company initially set up its spinning project with the capacity of 16,320 spindles at Nooriabad in 1985, which came into commercial production in 1986. After additions this unit now comprises of 24,576 spindles producing yarn counts from 10/1 cd to 30/1 cd, high end combed yarns and spandex yarns for weaving

Spinning unit No. 2 was set up at Shahkot in 1990 and this unit has witnessed a continuous process of modernization and expansion. Currently its spinning capacity is 43,000 spindles all of which specialize in the production of fine count yarns in range 40 combed to 130 combed.

The third production facility set up in 1994 in the same location. The weaving unit is equipped with most modern, sophisticated, state-of-the-art machinery and has a collective capacity exceeding 12 Million meters of grey cloth annually. In order for the company to be able to absorb the increasing competitiveness, and to able to produce a variety of fabrics, the management has expanded its weaving facilities by addition of 120 state of art, wider width Air Jet looms in 2003 which has further enhanced the collective capacity to 28 million meters of Grey cloth annually.

In 2006 Suraj Cotton Mills completed the acquisition of a spinning unit comprising of 25,000 spindles located in Raiwind, Punjab. This unit has added to the company's production capability for fine count yarns in range 40/1 to 130/1. In 2017 we have expanded our spinning operations of Raiwind unit to 55,000 Spindles.

We have completed the erection of our 5th production facility in 2022 in Shahkot. This is a weaving unit comprising of 154 Wider Width Air Jet Looms which has augmented our capacity to produce quality fabrics.

Suraj Cotton Mills Limited enjoys a sound market reputation in both the domestic as well as international markets. The company has developed long term relationships with its customers and suppliers and is maintaining focus on increasing and enhancing investor values.

Busniess Philosophy

Our Business

We are a manufacturing organization operating integrated spinning and weaving facilities in textile industry and our end products are sold to international and national customers.

Vision of Future Business

We are committed to become premier manufacturing organization in the textile industry maintaining market leadership in the present business and diversifying into value added projects with the object of maximizing returns for all the stakeholders.

Our Strengths

We have made pioneering efforts in development of new products which has enabled us to emerge as a market leader. This together with an innovative and professional management style has helped us to build a strong and financially sound base.

Our Strategy

We are determined to convert our vision into reality by using innovation to create a market niche for our products and by investing in facilities, people, systems and new technology, diversification into value addition and improvements in productivity and service to customers.

We shall aggressively exploit new markets by drawing strength from our corporate image and by promoting a culture that encourages initiatives at all levels of decision making.

Our Values

- We take pride in adhering to ethical business practices and in being a good corporate citizen.
- We respect our people and endeavor to provide them opportunities to realize their full potential.
- We recognize our responsibility to our stakeholders and society.



Chairmans' Review

I am pleased to present the Chairman's Review Report of the company for the year ending 30 June 2022.

Pakistan's economy during the period ending June 2022 performed well and the industrial sector managed to post good results. This was the second full year after the pandemic and the country registered a growth of 5.97%. This has been a period of optimism with growth in exports of 25% as well as overseas remittances.

During the last quarter we have seen a lot of pressures on the economy with higher inflationary pressures due to unbridled imports and depreciation of the Pak rupee. This has adversely affected our balance of payments and resulted in a current account deficit. Higher oil prices, edible oil imports and industrial imports have all contributed to this. Higher interest rates and a lack of investor confidence has led to a downward trend in the PSX which has eroded our investment portfolio. The government has also levied additional taxes in the budget which will seriously impact those companies that have shown good earnings.

Company Performance

First half of current financial year was quite favorable for the Company due to positive market conditions and growth in demand; however, this momentum couldn't be sustained in second half due to rising political and economic uncertainty. Sales revenue grew by 35.26% to Rs 23.5 billion in the year under review as compared to Rs 17.37 billion in the previous year. During second half of this year, company has added new weaving capacity which we hope will contribute positively to our earnings.

Corporate Governance

Suraj Cotton complies with all material requirements set out in the Companies Act, 2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance)
Regulations, 2019 with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of (the "Board") of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited (the "Company") is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall

performance and effectiveness is measured and necessary steps are initiated to further improve the working of the Board. The performance of the Board during the period under review has shown a diversity & mix in its composition. The Board has effectively participated in strategic planning in order to set the direction of the company in the short and long run. This involves budgetary exercises and also strategic direction for expansion and modernization.

I welcome our new Directors, Mr. Shams Rafi and Ms. Maheen Adamjee, both of whom bring experience and diversity in the composition of the board. I am sure that they will contribute actively in managing the affairs of the company.

I would like to express my gratitude to all the shareholders for their continued trust and confidence in the Company. The Board is united in extending our thanks to each member of the Suraj team for their dedication to the Company. We are committed to attain leadership in the industry by producing quality products and pray to Almighty Allah to bless us in our future endeavors.

Khalid Bashir

Chairman
Board of Directors

چيئر مين کا جائزه

جون2022 کوختم ہونے والی مدت کے دوران پاکتان کی معیشت نے اچھی کارکر دگی کا مظاہر کیااور منتی شعبہ نے اچھے نتائج درج کئے۔ وہائی بیاری کے بعد یہ دوسری مکمل ششاہی تھی اور ملک نے %5.97 کی نمودرج کی ۔ بیمت برآ مدات میں %25 اور غیر ملکی ترسیلات زرمیں اضافہ کے ساتھ کامیاب رہی ہے۔

آخری سه ماہی کے دوران ہم نے درآ مدات میں اضافداور یا کتانی روپیر کی قدر میں کی کی وجہ ہے زیادہ افراط زر کامعیشت پر بہت زیادہ دباؤد یکھا ہے۔اس نے ہمارےادائیگیوں کے وازن کو بری طرح متاثر اوراس کے نتیجے میں کرنٹ اکا ؤنٹ خسارہ ہواہے۔ تیل کی زیادہ قیمتیں،خور دنی تیل کی درآ مدات او صنعتی درآ مدات نے اس میں اہم کر دارا دا کیا ہے۔ بلند شرح سوداورسر مابدکاروں کےاعتاد کی کمی نےPSX میں مندی کےر بچان کوجنم دیا جس نے ہمارےسر مابدکاری پورٹ فولیوکو بتدریج کم کر دیا ہے۔حکومت نے بجٹ میں اضافی ٹیکس بھی عا ئد کیا جس سے وہ کمینیاں بُری طرح متاثر ہوں گی جنہوں نے اچھے نتائج درج کئے ہیں۔

سمینی کی کارکر دگی

رواں مالی سال کی پہلی ششماہی مثبت مارکیٹ حالات اور طلب میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے کمپنی کے لئے موز وں رہی ، تاہم ، سیاسی اور محاثی غیریقینی کی وجہ سے دوسری ششماہی میں بیر فقار برقرارنہیں رہ کی تھی۔زیر جائزہ سال میں فروخت آمدنی 35.26 فیصد بڑھ کر 23.5 بلین روپے ہوگئی جو پچھلے سال میں 17.37 بلین روپے تھی۔اس سال کی دوسری ششما ہی کے دوران، کمپنی نےنئی ویونگ صلاحت کااضا فہ کیا ہمیں اُمید ہے کہ جوہاری آمدنی میں مثبت حصہ شامل کرے گی۔

سورج کاڻن بور ڈ آف ڈائر بکٹر زاوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی تشکیل،طریقہ کاراورا جلاسوں کے سلسلے میر کمینیز ایکٹ،2017اورفیر پیکمپنیز (کوڈ آف کاریوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز ،2019 میں طےشدہ تمام مادی تقاضوں بڑمل کرتی ہے۔کوڑآف کارپوریٹ گورننس کےمطابق ،سورج کاٹن ملزلمیٹٹر (" تمپنی") کے بورڈآف ڈائریکٹرز ("بورڈ") کی سالانت شخیص کی جاتی ہے۔اس تشخیص کامقصد بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکرد گی اور کامیابی کی پیائش اور کمپنی کے لئے طےشدہ مقاصد کے تناظر میں تو قعات کےمطابق معیار پر پورااتر نے کویقینی بناناہے۔زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران بورڈ کی کارکردگی نے ساخت میں تنوع اوراختلاط ظاہر کیا ہے۔ بورڈ نے مختصرا ورطویل مدت میں کمپنی کی سمت متعین کرنے کے لیے اسٹریٹجگ منصوبہ بندی میں مؤثر طریقے سے حصہ لہا ہے ۔اس میں بجٹ کی مشقیں اور تو سیع اور جدت کاری کے لیے اسٹریٹےگ سمت بھی شامل ہے۔

میں اپنے نئے ڈائر کیٹرز، جناب شمس رفیع اورمحتر مدما ہین آ دم جی کوخوش آ مدید کہتا ہوں، جودونوں بورڈ کی تشکیل میں تجربہاور تنوع لائے ہیں۔ مجھے یقین ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کے معاملات کو منظم کرنے میں فعال کر دارا دا کریں گے۔

آخریر، میں تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کا کمپنی پرمسلسل اعتاد اور یقین کے لیے شکر بیادا کرتا ہوں۔ بورڈ SCML ٹیم کے ہررکن کا کمپنی کی مسلسل مدداورلگن کا بھی شکر گز ارہے۔ہم معیاری مصنوعات پیدا کر کےاورائے جھنص یافتگان کوقابل ذکرمنافع دے کرانڈسٹری میں قیادت حاصل کرنے کے لیے پُرعزم ہیں اوراللہ تعالیٰ سے دعا گوہیں کہوہ جہاری آئندہ کی کوششوں میں برکت ڈالے۔

خالدبشير

(چيئرمين)



Directors' Profile

Mr. Khalid Bashir

Chairman

Director (Non-Executive)

Joined Board:

Chief Executive:Shams Textile Mills LimitedDirector:Shakarganj Limited

1998

The Crescent Textile Mills Limited Premier Insurance Limited

Mr. Nadeem Maqbool

Chief Executive Officer

Joined Board: 1984

Director: Premier Insurance Limited

Crescent Fibres Limited

Premier Financial Services (Pvt) Limited

Mr. Adil Bashir

Director (Executive)

Joined Board: 2015

Director: Shams Textile Mills Limited

Crescent Powertec Limited

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Director (Executive)

Joined Board:

Director:

1994

1996

Chief Executive & Director:

Crescent Powertec Limited
Premier Insurance Limited

Mr. Humayun Maqbool

Director (Non-Executive)

Joined Board:

Director: Crescent Fibres Limited

Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee

Independent Director

Joined Board: 2022

Mr. Mohammad Iqbal

Director (Non-Executive)

Joined Board: 2010

Chairman & Director: Acme Mills (Pvt.) Limited

Director: ICon Global (Pvt) Limited

Mr. Shams Rafi

Independent Director

Joined Board: 2022

Director: Jubilee Spinning & Weaving Mills Limited

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the operating and financial performance of the company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Overview

The textile industry continued on its upward trajectory during the period under review and our results depict this positive trend. The demand for Pakistani textiles remained robust and international buyers continued their reliance on Pakistan textiles. Towards the end of the period under review, the world economies showed signs of recessionary trends and our domestic economy began to falter with rising interest rates and depreciation in the rupee. Inflationary trends became pronounced and the economy started cooling off especially during the latter part of the 4th quarter. Regionally competitive energy rates were in place till the end of the fiscal year and exports maintained a positive trend. The government has imposed 10% super tax on almost entire business landscape of Pakistan exceeding threshold profit of PKR 300 Million. This imposition has adversely impacted our financial results resulting higher tax provision depicting a lower profit for 4th quarter. Earnings per share for the period under review were Rs. 62.89 (2021: Rs. 57.66).

Business Performance

Being in textile business your company is principally engaged in the business of manufacturing Yarn and Greige Fabric. In the year under review the company achieved revenue of PKR 23.5 billion, an increase of 35% over the corresponding period. The main factors influencing this growth were higher product prices and robust demand for our products.

Financial Performance at a glance

The financial performance of your company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as compared to last year is presented below:

Brief Income Statement	2022	2021	% Change
		(PKR in Million)	
Sales	23,500	17,374	35.26%
Gross profit	4,684	3,447	35.90%
Operating profit	3,932	3,251	20.96%
Financial cost	(213)	(165)	29.50%
Profit before taxation	3,718	3,086	20.51%
Taxation	(928)	(527)	75.99%
Net Profit	2,790	2,558	9.07%
Earnings per Share (EPS)	62.89	57.66	

Gross Profit

In the year under review the company achieved revenue of PKR 23.5 billion, an increase of 35% over the corresponding period. This was mainly attributable to higher prices of our product due to good demand as well as higher values due to a depreciating currency.

Your Company has achieved gross profit margin of 19.93% for the fiscal year under review as compared to 19.84% last year, increase is mainly attributable to economies of scale and effective planning & management of resources.



Operating Expenses

For the year under review, Distribution costs increased by 54% due to higher commission expenses on augmented sales volume as compared with previous year. Pattern of Administrative Expenses was largely even during the year except for general inflation. However, lesser donations YoY resulted decline in this head. Increase in Other Expenses is on account of provision of equity investments due to lackluster performance of PSX where KSE 100 index shed approximately 5000 points and has fallen from 47,000 mark to 42,000 currently; after witnessing a low of 40,000. Further, provision for expected credit losses on unsecured debtors & provisioning of WPPF / WWF for the year resulted increase in this head.

Finance Cost

For the year under review company incurred an increase of approximately 29% due to an increase in policy rate by the State Bank in order to counter increasing inflationary trends and also to the costs related to the new weaving unit.

Net Profit

Your company earned Profit Before Tax of PKR 3,718 Million during the current fiscal year, as compared to PKR 3,086 Million reported last year. Similarly, company posted an after tax profit of PKR 2,790 Million as compared to PKR 2,558 Million reported last year.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The earnings Per Share (EPS) of your company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 stood at 62.89 as compared to 57.66 (restated) reported last year.



The Breakup value per share for the year ended June 30, 2022 is PKR 257.9 (2021: PKR 229.8).

Dividend & Appropriation

Considering current capital and equity investment plans; the Board has proposed a final cash dividend of PKR 04 per share subject to approval of shareholders in upcoming Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on October 26, 2022. This approach remains in line with your company's commitment to consistently provide sustainable returns to the shareholders.

Expansion & Modernization

The company's expansion of 154 wide width looms was completed during the current year but the commercial operations were delayed due to energy issues as well as slack demand for wider widths fabric. We are hopeful that full operations should be able to start in the new financial year and we will keep our stakeholders apprised of the developments in this regard. Due to restrictions imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan on import of new machinery, our expansion plans for our Nooriabad plant have been delayed and we expect to initiate the process during the new financial year. We hope these efforts will bring about savings in operating costs and increase productivity.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

As a responsible corporate, the company has a strong commitment towards community development and the society in which we operate. As in past years we have always tried to work for the uplift of the communities in which we work. Our focus remains on healthcare with emphasis also on the education sector. In addition, we contribute towards women empowerment and environment conservation. This year the company has spent PKR 75.75 Million (2021: PKR126.82 Million) on these initiatives.

Environmental Footprint

Your Company always takes serious responsibility towards the conservation of Environment in every sphere of its operations. With an effort to further highlight the importance of environment preservation and being a responsible corporate citizen, your Company continued with its tree plantation drive in and around its manufacturing sites and has a considerable attention towards environment protection.

Your Company believes in responsible consumption of valuable resource of water and makes every effort to reduce its usage. By installation of RO plants at our production facilities we ensure conservation of water and simultaneously provision of clean water to our employees round the clock. By using our expertise, we at Suraj Cotton remain committed to manage our water usage in an efficient and sustainable manner to support in improvement of access to clean water for communities, wherever possible. We make efforts to restore natural water cycles, benefiting multiple aspects of our value chain and the people and communities we serve.

Risk Management

Various risks are being faced by the company and summarized as follow along with mitigating strategies.

Strategic Risks

The strategic risks such as critical availability of gas, electricity and alternate fuels for power generation, and changes in domestic competitive scenario are being continuously monitored. The Company's expansion plans and growth targets are revisited with changing market situation. Changes in macro-economic indicators, inconsistent / arbitrary changes in Government Policies and significant increase in natural gas, electricity and other fuel prices making cost of production substantially higher are also being closely monitored & duly considered. Appropriate mitigation strategies are formulated to reduce the impact of these risks to an acceptable level.

Operational Risks

Business continuity and disaster recovery plans are in place to ensure that continuity in production and sales operations; in case of major failures and outages to ensure continuity, sustainability and avoid any disruption to the business. Raw material sourcing, adequate segregation of duties, self-sufficiency in power generation at our plants, efficient supply chain and logistic operations have enabled us to mitigate operational risk to an acceptable level.



Financial Risks

One of the major financial risks is the fluctuation of the exchange rate and adverse movements can directly affect our raw material costs and also lead to a rise in manufacturing costs. The Company is aware of this situation and monitors such movements carefully to ensure minimum shocks. Strict financial discipline, cash flow management and investment of available funds in best possible avenues aid us in minimizing Financial Risks.

Compliance Risks

Due to effective compliance with laws and regulations and transparent financial reporting framework, compliance risk posed to the Company remains low. The Board promotes risk management and compliance culture in the Company. Litigation risks involving significant cases against the Company are handled through reputable Law firms with specialized expertise wherever required.

Code of Corporate Governance

The Directors of your company are aware of their responsibilities under the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019. Your Company has undertaken all necessary steps to ensure Good Corporate Governance and compliance of the Code and we confirm the following:

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- The System of Internal Control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- Statement of pattern of Shareholding has been included as part of this Annual Report.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance
- All the statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges have been made except those disclosed
 in financial statement.

Meetings of the Board of Directors

Three meetings of Board of Directors were held during the year 2021-22 until new BOD was elected. BOD comprised eight male directors. Attendance of directors in meetings of BOD is provided as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director		Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Executive	03
2.	Mr. Amjad Mahmood	Non-Executive	03
3.	Mr. Adil Bashir	Executive	01
4.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Non-Executive	03
5.	Mr. Khalid Bashir	Non-Executive	03
6.	Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	Non-Executive	03
7.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	CEO	03
8.	Mr. Sharik Bashir	Non-Executive	02

New Board of SCML was elected on April 01, 2022 which comprises of eight Directors, 7 Males and 1 Female. Two meeting were held after composition of new BOD. The composition of Board and attendance of directors in meetings of BOD is provided as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director		Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Executive	02
2.	Mr. Adil Bashir	Executive	01
3.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Non-Executive	02
4.	Mr. Khalid Bashir	Non-Executive	02
5.	Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee	Independent	01
6.	Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	Non-Executive	02
7.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	CEO	02
8.	Mr. Shams Rafi	Independent	02

However, leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend the Board Meetings due to preoccupations.

Directors' Remuneration

The Board of Directors has devised a directive for determination of remuneration, its salient features are stated as follow:

- The company will not pay any remuneration to its Non-Executive Directors except as meeting fee for attending the Board and its Committee Meetings.
- The remuneration of directors & meeting fee for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or its Committees shall from time to time be determined and approved by the Board of Directors.
- The remuneration of Directors is paid as approved by the Board of Directors. The remuneration package is designed to attract suitable candidate and talent on the Board.



A Director is provided or reimbursed for all travelling, boarding, lodging and other expenses incurred by him for attending meetings of the Board, its committees and General Meetings of the company.

Directors' Training Programme

The present BOD elected on April 1, 2022 and seven Directors out of eight are exempt from Directors' Training Programme due to 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the board of listed companies. Remaining director(s) shall duly undergo Directors' Training Programme as specified by CCG within one year.

Board Committees & Meetings

Following are the details of Committees of the Board of SCML and their Meetings.

Audit Committee

The Board of Directors in compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance has established an Audit Committee and the following directors are its members. Three audit committee meetings were held:

Sr.No	Name of Members	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool (Chairman)	03
2.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	03
3.	Mr. Adil Bashir	03

New Audit Committee was composed during the year and only one meeting was held thereafter.

Sr.No	Name of Members	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Shams Rafi (Chairman)	01
2.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	01
3.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	01

However, leave of absence was granted to the members who could not attend the meeting(s) due to preoccupations.

Human Resource, Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors in compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance has established a Human Resource, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the following directors are its members:

Sr.No	Name of Members	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir (Chairman)	01
2.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	01
3.	Mr. Adil Bashir	01

New Human Resource & Remuneration Committee was composed during the year; however, their meetings were not held.

Sr.No	Name of Members
1.	Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee (Chairman)
2.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool
3.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir
4.	Mr. Adil Bashir

Risk Management Committee

The Board of Directors in compliance with Code of Corporate Governance has established a Risk Management Committee and the following directors are its members; however, their meetings were not held since its constitution.

Sr.No	Name of Members
1.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool (Chairman)
2.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool
3.	Mr. Sharik Bashir

Adequacy of Internal & Financial Controls

The Board of Directors have fulfilled their responsibility of adequacy of internal controls and has established an effective system of Internal & Financial Controls that ensure:

- Effective and efficient conduct of operations
- Safeguarding company assets
- Compliance with applicable Laws and Regulations
- Reliable Financial Reporting.

The independent Internal Audit Function of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited is outsourced to M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants that regularly appraises and monitors the implementation of Standard Operating Procedures and respective financial controls.

Internal Audit reports are presented to the Audit Committee quarterly, as per approved Annual Internal Audit Plan. Accordingly, the Audit Committee reviews the effectiveness of the internal control framework and financial statements in its meetings.

Auditors

The financial statements of the company for the current financial year 2021-22 were Audited by M/s Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants. The Auditors will retire at the end of Annual General Meeting. Being eligible, they have offered for re-appointment. The Board has recommended the appointment of M/s Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants as Auditors for the ensuing year, as recommended by the Audit Committee, subject to approval of the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Subsequent Events

Material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the company have not occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.



Pattern of Shareholding

Pattern of shareholding of the Company, as required by section 227 (2) (f) of the Companies Act, 2017 as at June 30, 2022 is annexed with this report.

Future Outlook

The latter part of the 4th quarter of the period under review saw a turnaround in the textile demand and offtake. World economies under severe inflationary stress and rising interest rates around the world, including Pakistan, were showing an abnormal increase. Oil prices also rose sharply further exacerbating the situation. This led to a sharp decline in demand for textile products with falling prices. In Pakistan, the policy rate has been enhanced to exorbitant levels which has led to a sharp rise in the cost of doing business. Our costs have also increased manifold which coupled with scarce demand has led to falling revenues and lower profitability.

The current year rains have been unprecedented and the resultant floods in the whole country have led to major devastation in terms of human lives, loss of property and extensive damage to the crops. Many areas of Pakistan, especially Sindh remain submerged and we anticipate that the cotton crop in Sindh has been very badly affected. Overall, the floods have resulted in a massive reduction in the cotton crop which coupled with a short crop in the United States, ironically due to drought, has led to a sharp rise in world cotton prices. High cotton prices combined with low demand for textiles does not bode well for the industry. In our view, this will lead to reduction in spinning and weaving capacities.

With the cotton crop being short, Pakistan will have to import almost 5 million bales in spite of a reduction in capacity. With high imports and a weak exchange rate, this will place a further burden on the country's balance of payments. In view of liquidity constraints and a high cost of money, the government should remove sales tax on cotton as a major portion of this is refunded. This would enable the industry to improve their liquidity in these trying times.

We continue our focus on improving efficiencies and productivity within the existing plants. Pakistan's equity markets continue to perform badly and unless there is an improvement on the political and economic front, we don't expect any major improvement in our investment portfolio.

Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would take this opportunity to thank all our partners and employees for their continued support. I would also take this opportunity to express my gratitude to the Board for their valuable insights and guidance.

Newwelley

Chief Executive

Director

September 26th, 2022

Lahore

مجلس نظماء کی رپورٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کی جانب ہے، میں اپنے تمام شراکت داروں اور ملاز میں کی مسلسل حمایت شکریدا داکرتا ہوں۔ہم بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کی قابل قدر بصیرت اور رہنمائی کے بھی شکر گزار ہیں۔

منجانب بوردْ آف دْ ائرْ يكشرز

الإلكام الماليك المالي

26 ستمبر 2022ء

مجلس نظماء کی رپورٹ

سورج کاٹن ملزلمیٹڈ کا آزاد داخلی آڈٹ عمل میسرز KPMG تا خیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا ونٹنٹس آؤٹ سورس ہے جواسٹینڈ رڈ آپریٹنگ پروسیجرز اور متعلقہ مالی کنٹرول کے نفاذ کی با قاعدگی سے جانچ اورنگرانی کرتا ہے۔

داخلی آ ڈٹ رپورٹس سے ماہی بنیاد برمنظور شدہ سالا نہ داخلی آ ڈٹ پلان کے مطابق آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے روبروپیش کی جاتی ہیں۔اس کے مطابق ،آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اپنے اجلاسوں میں داخلی کنٹرول فریم ورک کی مؤثر گی اور مالیاتی گوشواروں کا جائزہ لیتی ہے۔

٠ آڏيڻرز

موجودہ مالی سال22-2021ء کے لئے کمپنی کے مالیاتی گوشواروں کا میسرزریاض احمداینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکا وَنٹٹس نے آڈٹ کیا۔ آڈیٹرنسالا نہ اجلاس عام کے اختتام پرریٹائر ہوجا ئیں گے۔اہل ہونے کی بناء پر،انہوں نے دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے خودکو پیش کیا ہے۔ بورڈ نے آئندہ سالا نہ عام اجلاس میں ممبروں کی منظوری سے مشروط، آڈٹ کمپٹی کی تجویز پر آئندہ سال کے لئے میسرزریاض احمداینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکا وَنٹنٹس کو آڈیٹر کی حیثیت سے تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

بعد کے واقعات

- مالیاتی سال کے اختتا م اوراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے مابین کمپنی کی مالی حیثیت کومتاثر کرنے والی کوئی بڑی تبدیلیاں یا وعدے وقوع پذیرنہیں ہوئے ہیں۔ حصص دار**ی کانمونہ**
 - 30 جون،2002 کیکینیزا یکٹ،2017 کے سیکشن(f)(2)(2)22 کے تحت مطلوبہ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈنگ کا نمونہ،رپورٹ مذاکے ہمراہ لف ہے۔ مستقبل کا نقطہ نظر

۔ زیر جائزہ مدت کی چوتھی سہ ماہی کے آخری ھے میں ٹیکٹائل کی طلب اورخریداری میں تبدیلی دیکھنے میں آئی۔ پاکستان سمیت دنیا بھر میں مہنگائی کے شدید دباؤاور بڑھتی ہوئی شرح سود پیس مبتلاعا کم معیشتوں میں غیر معمولی اضافہ دیکھنے میں آر ہاتھا۔ تیل کی قیمتوں میں بھی تیزی سے اضافہ ہوا جس سے صورتحال مزیدخراب ہوگئی۔ اس کی وجہ سے گرتی ہوئی قیمتوں کے مماتھ ٹیکٹائل مصنوعات کی مانگ میں تیزی سے کی واقع ہوئی۔ پاکستان میں ، پالیسی ریٹ کو انتہائی صدتک بڑھادیا گیا جس کی وجہ سے کاروبار کرنے کی لاگت میں تیزی سے اضافہ ہو گیا ہے۔ ہماری لاگتیں بھی کئی گنا بڑھ گئی ہیں جس کی وجہ سے قبل طلب کے ساتھ آمدنی میں کی اور منافع کم ہوا ہے۔

* روال سال میں بارشیں بہت زیادہ ہوئی ہیں اور اس کے نتیج میں پورے ملک میں سیاب نے انسانی جانوں ،املاک کا نقصان اور فعملوں کو بڑے پیانے پر نقصان پہنچایا ہے۔ پاکستان کے بہت سے علاقے بالخضوص سندھ زیر آ ب ہے اور جمیں اندازہ ہے کہ سندھ میں کیاس کی فصل بہت بری طرح متاثر ہوئی ہے۔ مجموعی طور پر سیاب کے نتیج میں کیاس کی فصل میں بڑے پیانے پر کی آئی اس کے ساتھ ساتھ ریاستہائے متحدہ میں فصل کم ہوئی ، شتم ظریفی ہیہ ہے کہ خشک سالی کی وجہ سے عالمی کیاس کی قیمتوں میں تیزی سے اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ کیاس کی زیادہ قیمتوں کے ساتھ ساتھ ٹیکٹائل کی کم طلب صنعت کے لیے اچھانہیں ہے۔ ہمارے خیال میں ، یہ سپنگ اور و بونگ کی صلاحیتوں میں کی کا باعث بے گا۔

کپاس کی فصل کم ہونے کی وجہ سے صلاحیت میں کمی کے باعث پاکستان کوتقریباً 50 لاکھ کا تھیں درآ مدکر نی پڑیں گی۔ زیادہ درآ مدات اور کمز ورشرح مبادلہ کی وجہ سے، ملک کے ادائیگی کے توازن پر مزید بوجھ پڑے گا۔ لیکویڈیٹی کی رکاوٹوں اور زیادہ مالی لاگت کے پیش نظر بھومت کو کپاس پر بیلز ٹیکس ختم کرنا چا ہیے کیونکہ اس کا بڑا حصہ واپس کیا جاتا ہے۔ اس سے انڈسٹری کواس مشکل وقت میں اپنی لیکویڈیٹی کو بہتر بنانے میں مدد ملے گی۔

ہم موجودہ پانٹس کےاندرکارکردگی اور پیداواری صلاحیت کوبہتر بنانے پراپی توجہ جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔ پاکستان کیا یکویٹی مارکیٹ بدستورا بتر کارکردگی کامظاہرہ کررہی ہے اور جب تک سیاسی اوراقتصادی محاذیر بہتری نہیں آتی ہمیں اپنے سر ماریکاری کے پورٹ فولیومیس کسی بڑی بہتری کی توقع نہیں ہے۔

مجلس نظماء کی رپورٹ

اجلاس میں حاضری	نام اركان	نمبرشار
01	جنابا ^{حس} ن بثیر (چیئر مین)	1
01	جناب نديم مقبول	2
01	جناب عادل بشير	3

سال کے دوران ہیومن ریسورس اینڈریمنزیشن کی نئی کمیٹی تشکیل دی گئی اس لیے کوئی اجلاس منعقدنہیں ہوا۔

ارکان کےنام	تمبرشار
محتر مدما ہین ہشام آ دم جی	1
جناب ند ^ی م مقبول	2
جنابا ^{حس} بشير	3
جناب عادل بشير	4

رسك مينجمنث تميثي

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کی فٹیل میں ایک رسک میٹجنٹ کمیٹی قائم کی ہے،مندرجہ ذیل ڈائر کیٹرزاس کے ارکان ہیں; تاہم اس آئین کے بعد کوئی اجلاس منعقد نہیں ہوا۔

نام اركان	نمبرشار
جناب ہما یوں مقبول (چیئر مین)	1
جناب نديم مقبول	2
جناب شارق بشير	3

موزون داخلی اور مالیاتی کنٹرول

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نےموز وں داخلی اور مالیاتی کنٹرولزگ اپنی ذمہداری پوری کی ہےاور داخلی اور مالیاتی کنٹرولز کا ایک مؤثر نظام قائم کیا ہے جویقینی بنا تا ہے کہ:

﴾ آپریشنوں کا کارگراورمؤثرانعقاد۔

﴾ کمپنی کے ا ثاثوں کی حفاظت کرنا۔

﴾ قابل اطلاق قوا نين وضوابط كلقميل _

﴾ قابل اعتماد مالياتي رپورٹنگ _

مجلس نظماء کی ربورٹ

ڈائر کیٹرز کامعاوضہ

بوردٌ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے معاوضہ کے تعین کے لئے ایک ہدایت نامہ تیار کیا ہے۔اس کی نمایاں خصوصیات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

﴾ کمپنی اپنے نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز کو بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹی کےاجلاسوں میں نثر کت کے لئے میٹنگ فیس کےعلاوہ کسی بھی معاوضے کی ادائیگی نہیں کرے گی۔

﴾ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزیااس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے ڈائر یکٹرز کامعاوضہ اور میٹنگ فیس کا وقاً فو قاً تعین کیاجائے گااور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرزاس کی منظوری دیں گے۔

﴾ بورڈ کے اجلاسوں،اس کی کمیٹیوں اور کمپنی کے عمومی اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لئے تمام سفری، بورڈ نگ، رہائش اور دیگراخرا جات مہیا یا معاوضہ دیا جائے گا۔

ڈائر یکٹرزٹریننگ پروگرام

موجودہ BOD مورخہ کیم اپریل2022 کونتخب ہوااور آتھمیں سے سات ڈائر یکٹرز14 سال تعلیم اورمندرجہ کمپنیوں کے بورڈ میں 15 سال کا تجربدر کھنے کی وجہ سے ڈائر یکٹرٹر بینگ پروگرام سے مشتیٰ ہیں۔ بقیہ ڈائر یکٹرز نے با قاعدہ CCG کامقررہ ڈائر یکٹرزٹر بینگ پروگرام کمل کیا ہے۔

بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں اورا جلاس

SCML کے بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں اوران کے اجلاسوں کی تفصیلات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔

آ ڈٹ سمیٹی آڈٹ

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی فٹیل میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے ایک آڈٹ کمیٹی قائم کی ہےاورمندرجہ ذیل ڈائر کیٹرزاس کےرکن ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس منعقد ہوئے:

اجلاس میں حاضری	نام ڈائر بکٹرز	نمبرشار
03	جناب ہما یوں مقبول (چیئر مین)	1
03	جنابا ^{حس} ن بثير	2
03	جناب عادل بشير	3

سال کے دوران نئی آڈٹ کمینی تشکیل دی گئی اس کے بعد صرف ایک اجلاس منعقد ہوا۔

اجلاس میں حاضری	نام ڈائز یکٹرز	نمبرشار
01	جناب شمس رافغي (چيئر مين)	1
01	جناب ہما یوں مقبول	2
01	جناب حسن بشير	3

تاہم، ڈائر یکٹرز جومصروفیات کے باعث بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہیں کر سکے کوعدم شرکت کی چھٹی دی گئی۔

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈر بمنزیش ممیٹی

بورد آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تنمیل میں ایک ہیومن ریسورس اینڈر مینریش کمیٹی قائم کی ہے، نومپنیشن اینڈر بمزیش کمیٹی اورمندرجہ ذیل ڈائر یکٹرزاس کے ارکان

ىين:

مجلس نظماء كى ربورث

نیکس، ڈیوٹیز، لیوبزاور چار جزکی مدمین تمام قانونی ادائیگیاں، اگر کوئی ہوں، جو بقایا ہوں، کا مالی حسابات میں واضح انکشاف کیا گیاہے؛

ڈائر یکٹراور پورڈ کےاجلاس سال22-2021 کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے تین اجلاس منعقد ہوئے ۔BOD کے اجلاس میں ڈائر کیٹرز کی حاضری ندرجہ ذیل ہے:

تعدادحاضري		نام ڈائر یکٹر	نمبرشار
03	ا يگزيکڻو	جناب احسن بشير	1
03	نان الگزيكڻو	جناب امجد محمود	2
01	ا يگزيکڻو	جناب عادل بشير	3
03	نان الگزيگڻو	جناب ہما یوں مقبول	4
03	نان الگزيكڻو	جناب خالد بشير	5
03	نان الگزيگو	جناب <i>محم</i> ا قبال	6
03	سی ای او	جناب نديم مقبول	7
02	نان ایگزیگڑو	جناب شارق بشير	8

SCML کے نئے بورڈ کا انتخاب کیم اپریل 2022 کو ہواجس میں آٹھ ڈائر کیٹرز،7مرداور 1 خاتون شامل میں۔ نئے BOD کی تشکیل کے بعدد واجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ بورڈ کی تشکیل اورBOD کے اجلاسوں میں ڈائر کیٹرزی حاضری حسب ذیل فراہم کی گئی ہے:

تعدادحاضري		نام ڈائر یکٹر	نمبرشار
02	ا يگزيڻو	جناب احسن بشير	1
01	ا يگزيکڻو	جناب عادل بشير	2
02	نان ایگزیکٹو	جناب ہما یوں مقبول	3
02	نان ایگزیکٹو	جناب خالد بشير	4
01	آزاد	محتر مه ما ہین ہشام	5
		آ دم. حی	
02	نان ا مگز یکٹو	جناب <i>محم</i> ا قبال	6
02	سى اى او	جناب نديم مقبول	7
02	آزاد	جنابشمس رافيع	8

تاہم، جوڈ ائر کیٹر زمصروفیت کے باعث بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہیں کر سکتے تھے کوغیر حاضری کی رخصت عطا کی گئی۔

مجلس نظماء کی ربورٹ

کاٹن میں اپنے پانی کے استعال کومؤثر اور پائیدارا نداز میں منظم کرنے کے لئے پُرعزم ہیں تا کہ جہاں بھی ممکن ہو، کمیونٹیز کوصاف پانی تک رسائی کی بہتری میں معاون ہوں۔ہم قدرتی آبی چکر کی بھالی،اپنی دیلیوچین کے متعدد پہلوؤں اورلوگوں اورکمیونٹیز کوفائدہ پہنچانے اورخدمت کرنے کے لئے کوشاں ہیں۔

خطرے کی تخفیف

کمپنی و مختلف قتم کے خطرات لاحق میں اور شخیفی حکمت عملیوں کے ساتھ خلاصہ مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

اسٹرینجگ خطرات

اسٹر ینجگ خطرات جیسے کہ بجلی پیدا کرنے کے لئے گیس ، بجلی اور متبادل ایندھن کی فراہمی ، اور مقامی مسابقتی منظرنا مے میں تبدیلیوں کی مستقل نگرانی کی جارہی ہے۔ مارکیٹ کی بدلتی صورتحال کے ساتھ کمپنی کے توسیعی منصوبوں اور نمو کے اہداف پر دوبارہ نظر ثانی کی گئی ہے۔ میکرومعاشی اشاروں میں بدلاؤ، حکومتی پالیسیوں میں متضاد/صوابدیدی تبدیلیاں اور قدرتی گیس ، بجلی اور دیگر فیول کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافے سے پیداوار کی لاگت میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ ہوا ہے اور اس کی گہری نگرانی اور با قاعدہ غور بھی کیا جارہ ہے۔ ان خطرات کے اثرات کو قابل قبول سطح تک کم کرنے کے لئے مناسب تخفیف کی حکمت عملی مرتب کی گئی ہے۔

آبریشنل رسک

۔ کاروباری شلسل اور تابی کی بحالی کے منصوبے زیرِ عمل ہیں تا کہ پیداوار اور فروخت کے کاموں میں شلسل کو یقنی بنایا جاسکے، اہم نا کامیوں اور بندش کی صورت میں شلسل، استحکام اور کاروبار میں سمی قتم کی رکاوٹ سے بچنے کو یقنی بنانا۔خام مال کی سورسنگ، فرائض کی مناسب تفریق، ہمارے پلانٹوں میں بجلی کی پیداوار میں خود کفالت، مؤثر سپلائی چین اور لاجٹ آپریشنوں نے ہمیں قابل قبول سطح پر آپریشنل رسک کوم کرنے میں مدوفراہم کی ہے۔

مالى خطرات

ایک بہت اہم مالی خطرہ زرمبادلہ کی شرح میں اتار چڑھاؤ ہے اور منفی محرکات براہ راست ہمارے خام مال کے اخراجات کومتاثر کرسکتی ہیں اور مینوفی کچرنگ لاگت میں اضافے کا باعث بھی بن سکتی ہیں۔ کمپنی اس صورتحال سے واقف ہے اور کم از کم شاکس یقی بنانے کے لئے اس طرح کی محرکات پر نظر رکھتی ہے۔ سخت مالی نظم وضبط، کیش فلومینجمنٹ اور دستیاب فنڈ زکی بہترین سرماییکاری سے ہمیں مالی خطرات کو کم سے کم کرنے میں مدد ملی ہے۔

لغميل كےخطرات

قوا نین اورضوابط کی مؤثر تعمیل اورشفاف مالیاتی رپورنگ فریم ورک کی وجہ ہے ، کمپنی کو درپیش تعمیل کے خطرہ کو کم کیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ کمپنی میں رسک مینجمنٹ اورتعمیل کے کیچر کوفر وغ دیتا ہے۔ کمپنی کے خلاف اہم مقدمات میں ملوث قانونی چارہ جوئی کے خطرات کو جہال بھی ضرورت ہوخصوصی ماہر معروف لاءفرموں کے ذریعیہ بینڈل کیا جاتا ہے۔

كودُ آ ف كار پوريٹ گورننس

۔ کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرزلٹ کیپنیز (کوڈآف کارپوریٹ گورنس)ریگولیشنز 2019اور پاکتان شاک ایکیچنج کی رول بک کے تحت اپنی ذمہ داریوں سے آگاہ ہیں کمپنی نے اچھے کارپوریٹ گورننس اورکوڈ کی تعمیل کویقنی بنانے کے لئے تمام ضروری اقد امات اُٹھائے ہیں۔

اور ڈائر یکٹرزتو ثیق کرتے ہیں کہ:

- ﴾۔ تسمینی کی انتظامیہ کی طرف سے تیار کردہ، مالیاتی حسابات،اس کے امور، آپریشنز کے نتائج، نقذی بہاؤاورا یکوئی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔
 - ﴾۔ کمپنی کے کھا تہ جات بالکل صحیح طور سے بنائے گئے ہیں۔
- ﴾۔ مالی حسابات کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کوشلسل کے ساتھ لا گوکیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخیینہ جات مناسب اور دانشمندانہ فیصلوں برمنی ہیں۔
- ﴾۔ مالی حسابات کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لا گوبین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کےمعیارات کی پیروی کی گئی ہے،اور کسی بھی انحراف کاموز وں انکشاف اوروضاحت کی گئی ہے۔
 - ﴾۔ داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام شحکم ہے اورمؤ ثر طور پر نافذ العمل اورزیر نگرانی ہے۔

مجلس نظماء کی ریورٹ

آيرينُنگ اخراجات

زیر جائزہ سال کے لیے، پچھلے سال کے مقابلے زیادہ فروخت جم پر کمیشن کے زیادہ اخراجات کی وجہ سے تقسیم کے اخراجات میں 54 فیصدا ضافیہ ہوا۔ عام افراط زر کے علاوہ انتظامی اخراجات کا پیٹرن بھی سال کے دوران زیادہ تھا۔ تا ہم، سال بہسال کم ڈونیشنز کے نتیجاس ہیڈ میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔ دیگراخراجات میں اضافہ PSX کی ناقص کارکرد گی جہاں KSE 100 انڈیکس میں تقریباً 5000 یوائنٹس کی کمی اور اور فی الحال 47,000 سے کم ہوکر42,000 کی آگیا 000,40 کی کم سطح دیکھنے کے بعدا یکویٹی سر ماہیکاری کی فراہمی کی وجہ سے ہوا ہے ۔ مزید برآ ں،غیر محفوظ قرضوں پرمتوقع کریڈٹ نقصانات اور سال کے لیے WWF/WPPF کی فراہمی کے نتیجے میں اس ہیڈ میں اضافیہ ہوا۔

مالياتي لاگت

نٹے ویونگ یونٹ سے متعلق اخراجات اورمہنگائی کے بڑھتے ہوئے رجحانات کامقابلہ کرنے کے لئے زیرجائزہ سال میں اسٹیٹ ببینک کی جانب سے پالیسی ریٹ میں اضافے کی وجہ ہے کمپنی کی لاگت میں تقریباً 29 فیصد کا اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

خالص منافع

آپ کی کمپنی نے رواں مالی سال کے دوران ٹیکس سے پہلے 3,718 ملین رویے کا منافع کمایا، جبکہ گزشتہ سال3,086 ملین رویے بیان کیا گیا تھا۔اس طرح کمپنی نے بعداز ٹیکس 2,790 ملين رويے كامنافع حاصل كيا جوكه گزشته سال 2,558 ملين رويے بيان كيا كيا تھا۔

فى شيئرآ مدنى (EPS)

30 جون2022 مختتمہ مالیاتی سال کے لئے آپ کی کمپنی کی فی شیئر آمدنی (EPS) 62.89 رہی جو کہ گزشتہ سال 57.66 (اعادہ) درج کی گئے تھی۔ 30 جون2022 مختتمہ مالیاتی سال کے لئے آپ کی کمپنی کی فی شیئر بریک اپ ویلیوو. 257(2021:8.2021روپے)تھی۔

ڈ یویڈینڈ اورمصرفات

موجودہ کیپٹل اورا یکویٹ سرمایہ کاری کی منصوبہ بندی کومبرنظرر کھتے ہوئے ،بورڈ نے اکتز بر2022 کومنعقد ہونے والےآئندہ سالا نہا جلاس عام میں حصص داران کی منظوری کےحوالیہ سے 04 روپے فی شیئر حتی نقد منافع منقسمہ تجویز کیا ہے۔ یہ نقط نظر کمپنی کے قصص یا فتطان کو مستقل متحکم منافع فراہم کرنے کے عزم کے مطابق ہے۔

توسيع اورجدت طرازي

کمپنی کی جانب سے 154 وسیج چوڑائی والی لومز کی توسیع کا کام رواں سال کے دوران مکمل کیا گیالیکن توانائی کےمسائل کےساتھ ساتھ وسیع چوڑائی والے فیبر س کی مانگ میں کمی کی وجہ سے کمرشل آپریشنز میں تاخیر ہوئی۔ہمیں امید ہے کہ نے مالی سال میں مکمل آپریشنز شروع ہوجا ئیں گے اور ہم اپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرزکواس سلسلے میں ہونے والی پیش رفت سے آگاہ کرتے رہیں گے۔ ہمارےنوری آبادیلانٹ کےتوسیعی منصوبے میں تاخیراسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی جانب سےنٹی مشینری کی درآمدیرعائدیا ہندیوں کی وجہ ہے ہوئی ہےاورہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ نئے مالی سال کے دوران میمل شروع ہوجائے گا۔ہمیں امیدہے کہ ان کوششوں سے آپریٹنگ اخراجات میں بچیت اورپیداواری صلاحیت میں اضافہ ہوگا۔

کار پوریٹ ساجی ذ مہداری (CSR)

ایک ذمددار کار پوریٹ کی حیثیت سے ممپنی سوسائٹی اور کمیونیز جس میں وہ کام کرتی ہے کی بہتری کے ساتھ اپنی گہری وابسٹگی رکھتی ہے۔ گزشتہ سالوں میں ہم نے کمیونیز جہاں ہم کام کرتے ہیں کی ترقی کے لئے ہمیشہ کام کرنے کی کوشش کی ہے۔آپ کی تمپنی کی بنیادی توجہ شعبہ تعلیم اور صحت پر مرکوزرہی ہے۔اس کے علاوہ،ہم نے خواتین کو بااختیار بنانے اور ماحولیاتی تحفظ میں شراکت کی ہے۔موجودہ مالی سال میں کمپنی نے ان اقدامات کے لئے75.75ملین روپلا PKR 126.82Million:202) خرچ کیے ہیں۔

ماحولياتى اثرات

آپ کی ممپنی این ہر شعبہ میں ماحولیات کے تحفظ کے لئے ہمیشہ شجیدگی سے ذمہ داری لیتی ہے۔ ماحولیاتی تحفظ کی اہمیت کومزیدا جا گرکر نے اور ایک ذمہ دار کارپوریٹ شہری ہونے کی کوشش کے ساتھ،آپ کی کمپنی نے اپنی مینوفیکچرنگ سائٹس میں اوراپنے اردگر دورختوں کی شجر کاری مہم جاری رکھی ہوئی ہےاور ماحولیاتی تحفظ کی طرف خاطرخواہ توجہ دی ہے۔ آپ کی ممپنی یانی کے قیتی وسائل کے ذمہ دارانہ استعال پریقین رکھتی ہے اور اس کے استعال کو کم کرنے کے لئے ہر ممکن کوشش کرتی ہے۔ اپنی پیداواری سہولیات پرآراو پلانٹس کی تنصیب سے ہم یانی کے تحفظ کونٹینی بناتے ہیں اور ساتھ ہی ساتھ اپنے ملاز مین کو چوہیں گھنٹے صاف یانی کی فراہمی کونٹینی بناتے ہیں۔اپنی مہارت کو بروئے کار لاتے ہوئے ،ہم سورج

مجلس نظماء کی ربورٹ

" مجلس نظماء کی جانب ہے، میں 30 جون 2022ء کو تتم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کی کاروباری اور مالیاتی کارکردگی پیش کرتے ہوئے خوثی محسوں کررہا ہوں" حائزہ

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران ٹیکٹائل صنعت کی ترقی کی رفتار پر جاری رہی اور ہمارے نتائج اس مثبت ربحان کو ظاہر کرتے ہیں۔ پاکستانی ٹیکٹائل کی مانگ مستحکم رہی اور ہماری رہی اور ہمارے نتائج اس مثبت ربحان کو ظاہر کرتے ہیں۔ پاکستانی ٹیکٹائل پر انحصار جاری رکھا۔ زیر جائزہ مدت کے اختتام پر ، عالمی معیشتوں نے کساد بازاری کے ربحانات وکھائے اور ہماری ملکی معیشت سود کی زیادہ شرحوں اور روپیہ کی قدر میں کی کے باعث گرنے گی۔ افراط زر کے ربحانات واضح ہو گئے اور خاص طور پر چوتھی سہ ماہی کے آخری ھے کے دوران معیشت میں مندی آنا شروع ہوگئے۔ علاقائی علاقائی تو انائی کی مسابقتی شرحیں مالی سال کے اختتام تک موجود رہیں ہے اور برآمدات میں مثبت ربحان برقر ارر ہا۔ عکومت نے پاکستان کے تقریباً تمام کاروباروں پر 10% سپر ٹیکس عائد کیا ہے جس نے منافع کو 3000 ملین روپے سے زائد کم کر دیا ہے۔ اس نفاذ نے ہمارے مالیاتی نتائج پر منفی اثر ڈالا جس کے نتیج میں ٹیکس کی زیادہ فراہمی چوتھی سہ ماہی کے لیے کم منافع کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ زیرجائزہ مدت کے لیے فی صفح آمد فی 26.20 مورکے (57.66202)

کاروباری کارکردگی

ٹیکٹائل صنعت میں ہونے کے باعث آپ کی کمپنی بنیادی طور پریارن اور گرفیبرک بنانے کے کاروبار میں مصروف ہے۔زیرِ جائزہ سال کے دوران کمپنی نیادی طور پریارن اور گرفیبرک بنانے کے کاروبار میں مصروف ہے۔زیرِ جائزہ سال کے دوران کمپنی نے 23.5 ملب میں اضافہ تھے۔ آمدنی حاصل کی ، جو کہ گزشتہ اسی مدت سے % 35 کا اضافہ ہے۔اس نمو پر اثر انداز ہونے والے اہم عناصر مصنوعات کی زیادہ قینتیں اور ہماری مصنوعات کی طلب میں اضافہ تھے۔ مالیاتی کارکردگی ایک نظر میں

30 جون2022 کوختم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال کے لئے تمپنی کی مالیاتی کارکردگی کا گزشتہ سال سے موازنہ مندرجہ ذیل ہے:۔

فيصد تبديلي	2021	2022	آمدنی کی تفصیل		
	یا کتانی روپیلین میں				
35.26 فيصد	17,374	23,500	فروخت		
35.90 فيصد	3,447	4,684	مجموعي منافع		
20.96 فيصد	3,251	3,932	آ پریٹنگ منافع		
29.50 فيصد	(165)	(213)	مالى لا گت		
20.51 فيصد	3,718	3,086	ئيکس سے قبل منافع		
75.99 فيصد	(527)	(928)	<i>طیکسی</i> ش		
9.07 فيصد	2,558	2,790	خالص منافع		
	57.66	62.89	نی شیئر آمدنی (EPS)		

مجموعي منافع

زیر جائزہ سال میں کمپنی نے 23.5 بلین روپے کی آمدنی حاصل کی ، جو کہ اس مدت کے مقابلے میں 35 فیصد زیادہ رہی۔اس کی بنیادی وجہ طلب میں اضافہ اور کرنسی کی قدر میں کمی کے باعث زیادہ قیمتوں کی وجہ سے ہماری مصنوعات کی قیمتوں میں بھی اضافہ تھی۔

آپ کی کمپنی نے زیر جائزہ مالی سال کے لیے %19.93 کا مجموعی منافع مارجن حاصل کیا ہے جبکہ گزشتہ سال %19.84 حاصل کیا تھا، پیاضا نہ بنیا دی طور پر بڑی معیشتوں اور وسائل کی مؤثر منصوبہ ہندی اور انتظامات سے منسوب ہے۔

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of **Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019**

Name of Company: Suraj Cotton Mills Limited Year ended: June 30, 2022

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 8 as per following:

а	Male:	07
b	Female:	01

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

1	Independent Directors	Mr. Shams Rafi Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee
2	Non-Executive Director	Mr. Khalid Bashir (Chairman) Mr. Humayun Maqbool Mr. Mohammad Iqbal
3	Executive Directors	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Ahsan Bashir Mr. Adil Bashir

- 3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and the Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;

- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations;
- 9. Following Directors meet the exemption criteria of minimum of 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the Boards of listed companies, hence are exempt from Directors' training program:

Mr. Khalid Bashir (Chairman)

Mr. Humavun Magbool

Mr. Mohammad labal

Mr. Nadeem Magbool (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Mr. Adil Bashir

Mr. Shams Rafi

- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Audit Committee

Mr. Shams Rafi	Chairman
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Member
Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Member

HR Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Ms. Maheen Hisham Adamjee	Chairperson
Mr. Adil Bashir	Member
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Member
Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	Member

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Chairman
Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	Member
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Member



Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations)

- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly / half yearly / yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee

Four quarterly meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

One meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

c) Risk Management Committee

No meeting of Risk Management Committee was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function by appointing Head of Internal Audit and has outsourced the internal audit function to KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants, who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program

of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the company;

- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with;
- 19. Explanations for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

S. No.	Requirement	Explanation of Non-Compliance	Regulation Number
1	Directors' Orientation Program Acquainting the directors with the Regulations, applicable laws, their duties and responsibilities	All the directors are suitably qualified and experienced and most of them are exempt from Directors' training program due to 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the Boards of listed companies.	18
2	Human Resource and Remuneration Committee There shall be a human resource and remuneration committee of at least three members comprising a majority of non-executive directors of whom at least one member shall be an independent director.	Currently, the Board has appointed all three executive directors on this committee, hence non-executive directors are not in majority. The directors believe that existing composition of the committee is in the best interest of all.	28
3	Nomination Committee The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a separate nomination committee and the functions are being performed by the human resource and remuneration committee. The Board shall consider to constitute separate nomination committee after next election of directors.	29

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of **Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations)**

S. No.	Requirement	Explanation of Non-Compliance	Regulation Number
4	Directors' Training Companies are encouraged to arrange training for at least one female executive every year under the Directors' Training Program from year July 2020.	The Company has planned to arrange Directors' Training Program certification for female executives over the next few years.	19(3)
5	Directors' Training It is encouraged that by 30 June 2022, all directors on the Board have acquired the prescribed certification under any director training program offered by institutions, local or foreign, that meet the criteria specified by the Commission and approved by it.	Seven directors of the Company are exempt from Directors' training program. The Company has planned to arrange Directors' Training Program certification for remaining one director before June 30, 2023.	19(1)
6	Representation of Minority shareholders The minority members as a class shall be facilitated by the Board to contest election of directors by proxy solicitation.	No one intended to contest election as director representing minority shareholders.	5
7	Responsibilities of the Board and its members The Board is responsible for adoption of corporate governance practices by the company.	Non-mandatory provisions of the Regulations are partially complied. The company is deliberating on full compliance with all the provisions of the Regulations.	10(1)

- 20. Executive directors, including the chief executive officer on the Board are three out of total eight directors. One third of the Board i.e. 2.67 has been rounded up as 3 directors as the manufacturing units of the Company are geographically spread and the Company needs executive directors for effective management of operations.
- 21. The two elected independent directors have requisite competencies, skills, knowledge and experience to discharge and execute their duties competently, as per applicable laws and regulations. As they fulfill the necessary requirements as per applicable laws and regulations, hence, appointment of a third independent director is not warranted.

(KHALID BASHIR)

Chairman

September 26, 2022

Lahore



Pattern of Shareholding

Pattern of Holding of the Shares held by the Shareholders as at June 30, 2022

197	No. of Observations	Shar	Tatal Obassa hald	
194	No. of Shareholders			Total Shares held
89 501 1,000 63,495 135 1,001 5,000 271,331 31 5,001 10,000 234,373 17 10,001 15,000 214,572 5 15,001 20,000 91,148 4 20,001 25,000 94,778 7 25,001 30,000 195,518 6 30,001 35,000 200,065 4 35,001 40,000 149,799 2 40,001 45,000 82,176 1 50,001 55,000 55,000 1 50,001 55,000 55,460 1 60,001 66,000 63,114 1 70,001 75,000 73,950 1 85,001 90,000 87,789 1 100,001 105,000 100,843 1 115,001 120,000 19,998 1 115,001 120,000 19,998 1 120,001	197	1	100	5,403
135	194	101	500	51,412
31				63,495
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1 3,165,001 3,170,000 3,169,433 1 3,295,001 3,300,000 3,299,467	1			
1 18,200,001 18,205,000 18,204,960	1			
723 44,372,287	723	10,200,001	10,200,000	····•

Information Required As Per Code Of Corporate Governance

As At June 30, 2022

Categories of Shareholders	Total	Percentage
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Their Spouses and Minor Childern		
Chief Executive		
Mr. Nadeem Maabool	169.105	0.389
Directors	100,100	0.007
Mr. Khalid Bashir	2,089,948	4.719
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	2,617,150	5,909
Mr. Adil Bashir	3,169,433	7.149
Mr. Muhammad Igbal	222,200	0.509
Mr. Humayun Magbool	34.811	0.089
Mr. Shams Rafi	36,973	0.089
Mrs. Maheen Hisham Adamjee	100	0.009
Director's Spouses and Their Minor Childern		
Begum Tanveer Khalid Bashir	1,340,511	3.029
Mrs. Humera Igbal	3,299,467	7.449
Mrs. Nazia Magbool	27,242	0.069
Mrs. Nazia Magbool	13,006,940	29.31%
Associated Companies, Undertakings & Related Parties		
Crescent Powertec Limited	19,610,312	44.199
Premier Insurance Limited	1,478,825	3.339
	21,089,137	47.53%
NIT & ICP (Name Wise Detail)		
National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department	608	0.009
CDC - Trustee National Investment (Unit) Trust	3,593	0.019
CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	953,127	2.159
	957,328	2.16%
Banks, NBFCs, DFIs, Takaful, Pension Funds	121,996	0.27%
Modarabas	244	0.00%
Insurance Companies	16	0.00%
Other Companies, Corporate Bodies, Trust etc.	2,971,164	6.70%
General Public	6,225,462	14.03%
Total	44,372,287	100.00%
Chaushaldon Mana Than 5 000/		
Shareholders More Than 5.00% Crescent Powertec Limited	19,610,312	44.199
Mrs. Humera Igbal	3,299,467	7.449
Mr. Adil Bashir	3,169,433	7.149
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	2,617,150	5.909

Detail of Purchase/sale of Shares by Directors/CEO/Company Secretary/CFO and their Spouses/Minor Children during FY

Name	No. of Shares	Nature of Transaction
Mr. Khalid Bashir (Chairman)	8,870	Inheritance
Mr. Nadeem Maqbool (Chief Executive)	1,683	Purchased
Mrs. Nazia Maqbool (Spouse)	1,117	Purchased
Mr. Adil Bashir (Executive Director)	9,600	Purchased



Performance Indicators

For the current and past five financial years

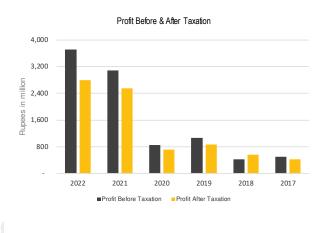
A. Profitability Ratios		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Gross profit ratio	(%)	19.9	19.8	10.3	11.4	8.2	6.4
Operating profit margin to sales	(%)	16.7	18.7	8.1	9.0	5.2	6.7
Net profit margin to sales (net)	(%)	11.9	14.7	5.6	6.1	5.1	6.1
Return on average equity	(%)	26.9	32.2	11.3	14.7	10.4	10.0
Return on capital employed	(%)	26.4	27.4	11.4	14.7	6.8	7.4
Return on average assets	(%)	15.3	17.8	5.8	7.5	5.4	6.2
B. Liquidity Ratios							
Current ratio	(times)	2.9	2.8	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.5
Quick ratio	(times)	1.4	1.8	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.7
C. Activity / Turnover Ratios							
Debtors tumover ratio	(times)	11.6	14.4	13.7	17.0	20.1	20.7
No. of days in receivables / Average collection period	(days)	31.4	25	27	21	18	18
Inventory tumover ratio	(times)	4.0	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.9	6.5
No. of days in inventory	(days)	90.9	91	107	86	74	56
Creditors tumover ratio	(times)	5.8	4.5	4.3	5.5	6.0	5.1
No. of days in creditors / Average payment period	(days)	63.0	81	85	66	61	71
Total assets turnover	(times)	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0
D. Investment / Market Ratios							
Earnings per share	(Rs.)	62.9	63.4	19.6	23.4	17.7	19.2
Price earnings ratio	(times)	3.4	3.8	8.4	5.3	8.0	8.2
Cash dividend per share	(Rs.)	4.0	10.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	5.0
Stock dividend / Bonus shares	(%)	-	10.0	10.0	-	15.0	10.0
Break-up value per share	(Rs.)	257.9	229.8	180.4	165.5	176.2	182.1
E. Market value per share							
Closing	(Rs.)	215.0	239.9	165.0	124.8	142.7	157.0
High	(Rs.)	268.0	254.0	185.0	157.0	169.7	163.0
Low	(Rs.)	201.2	143.0	108.0	113.0	118.6	116.1
F. Capital Structure Ratios							
Debt equity ratio		23:77	22:78	27:73	29:71	34:67	30:70
Total liabilities to total assets	(%)	44.63	41.08	49.15	48.53	49.78	44.81

Key Operating and Financial DataFor the current and past five financial years

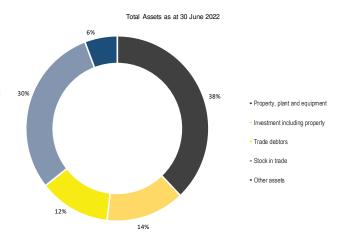
					Ru	upees in thousand
A Summary of Profit and Loss Account	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Sales - net	23,500,659	17,374,800	12,882,572	13,973,634	11,095,688	8,313,438
Cost of sales	18,816,100	13,927,861	11,561,798	12,378,649	10,181,955	7,784,454
Gross profit	4,684,559	3,446,939	1,320,774	1,594,985	913,733	528,984
Distribution and selling expenses	240,476	155,936	119,088	125,353	141,279	125,660
Administrative expenses	311,233	331,791	204,325	165,718	147,379	140,691
Other operating expenses	601,664	261,179	226,241	157,119	145,039	86,214
Other operating income	401,703	553,232	271,003	107,647	96,596	382,832
Operating profit before finance costs	3,932,889	3,251,265	1,042,123	1,254,442	576,632	559,251
Share of loss from joint ventures	-	-	(1,359)	-	-	-
Finance costs	213,906	165,182	189,563	184,370	150,626	76,043
Profit before taxation	3,718,983	3,086,083	851,201	1,070,072	42 <mark>6,0</mark> 06	483,208
Taxation - net	928,452	527,562	131,652	211,317	139,455	22,598
Net income	2,790,531	2,558,521	719,549	858,755	565,461	505,806
B Summary of Balance Sheet						
Property, plant and equipment	7,832,040	5,572,818	5,011,641	5,349,114	5,483,352	4,952,530
Stock-in-trade	6,164,550	3,203,682	3,718,268	3,087,533	2,714,766	1,407,007
Trade debts	2,604,817	1,439,847	974,012	913,047	732,216	371,238
Trade and other payables	3,013,743	2,206,833	2,270,877	1,870,028	1,581,088	1,304,379
Current assets	11,535,417	8,662,469	7,117,734	5,483,953	5,457,726	4,400,405
Total assets	20,665,526	15,730,546	13,011,465	11,788,505	11,190,743	9,567,695
Reserves	10,999,558	8,864,618	6,249,900	5,701,265	5,230,342	4,780,838
Shareholders' equity	11,443,280	9,268,002	6,616,613	6,067,978	5,620,199	5,280,236
Long term financing	3,455,552	2,596,566	2,533,850	2,474,995	2,885,828	2,308,673
Deferred liabilities	727,530	396,510	209,633	277,828	66,511	195,817
Short term financing	726,496	429,454	1,278,365	698,968	993,116	379,394
Current liabilities	3,972,681	3,040,014	3,651,369	2,967,704	2,618,205	1,782,969
C Summary of Cash Flow Statement						
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	282,975	207,139	433,938	64,827	41,676	222,084
Net cash (used in) /generated from operating activities	28,925	3,419,448	618,688	1,313,394	(788,753)	(89,486)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,052,560)	(2,883,184)	(1,012,956)	(418,710)	(355,569)	(2,150,405)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	1,161,395	(460,428)	167,469	(525,573)	1,167,473	2,059,483
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	137,760	75,836	(226,799)	369,111	23,151	(180,408)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	420,735	282,975	207,139	433,938	64,827	41,676
D Other data						
Depreciation and amortization	587,082	464,109	499,630	500,542	406,544	199,078
Capital expenditure	2,889,142	1,044,886	183,214	392,528	1,018,986	2,777,253
No. of ordinary shares (no. of shares in millions)	44,372	40,338	36,671	36,671		28,989
INO. OF ORDIFIARY SHARES (FIO. OF SHARES IT MIIIIONS)	44,372	40,338	30,07	30,07	31,888	20,969

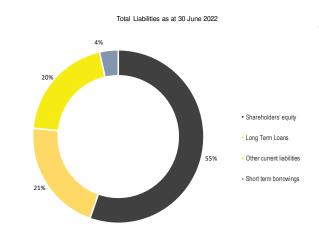


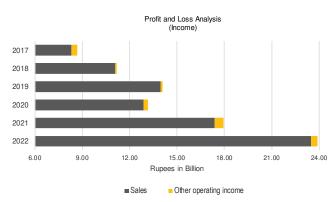
Graphical Representation

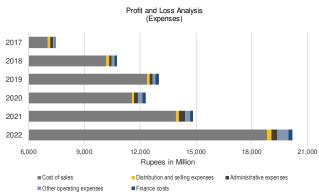












Vertical AnalysisFor the current and past five financial years

Rupees in thousand

	riquees in a rousei								aca la			
Statement of Financial Position	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Property, plant and equipment	7,832,040	37.9	5,572,818	35.4	5,011,641	38.5	5,349,114	45.38	5,483,352	49.00	4,952,530	51.76
Investment property	477,690	2.3	477,690	3.0	100,000	0.8	100,000	0.85	100,000	0.89	100,000	1.05
Investment in joint venture	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000	0.45	50,000	0.52
Long term loans and deposits	22,076	0.1	22,076	0.1	21,871	0.2	19,879	0.17	19,879	0.18	19,879	0.21
Long term investments	772,151	3.7	971,627	6.2	746,027	5.7	825,482	7.00	14,722	0.13	-	-
Stores, spares and loose tools	257,298	1.2	218,925	1.4	203,642	1.6	202,325	1.72	182,562	1.63	149,265	1.56
Stock-in-trade	6,164,550	29.8	3,203,682	20.4	3,718,268	28.6	3,087,533	26.19	2,714,766	24.26	1,407,007	14.71
Trade debts	2,604,817	12.6	1,439,847	9.2	974,012	7.5	913,047	7.75	732,216	6.54	371,238	3.88
Loan and advances	76,638	0.4	39,972	0.3	55,137	0.4	29,064	0.25	88,552	0.79	116,749	1.22
Short term deposits and prepayments	171,760	0.8	105,614	0.7	74,125	0.6	52,366	0.44	18,692	0.17	17,540	0.18
Tax refunds due from the government	-		137,167	0.9	537,190	4.1	615,090	5.22	572,216	5.11	377,396	3.94
Other receivables	216,571	1.0	23,018	0.1	29,624	0.2	16,248	0.14	31,511	0.28	10,414	0.11
Short term investments	1,623,048	7.9	3,211,269	20.4	1,318,597	10.1	134,342	1.14	1,052,384	9.40	1,909,120	19.95
Cash and bank balances	420,735	2.0	282,975	1.8	207,139	1.6	433,938	3.68	64,827	0.58	41,676	0.44
Assets held for sale	26,152	0.1	23,866	0.2	14,192	0.1	10,077	0.09	65,064	0.58	44,881	0.47
Total assets	20,665,526	100.0	15,730,546	100.0	13,011,465	100.0	11,788,505	100.0	11,190,743	100.0	9,567,695	100.0
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	443,722	2.1	403,384	2.6	366,713	2.8	366,713	3.1	318,881	2.8	289,892	3.0
Share premium	-		-	-	-	-		0.0	29,000	0.3	29,000	0.3
Revenue reserves	10,999,558	53.2	8,864,618	56.4	6,249,900	48.0	5,701,265	48.4	5,230,342	46.7	4,780,838	50.0
Available for sale reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	41,976	0.4	180,506	1.9
Shareholders' equity	11,443,280	55.4	9,268,002	58.9	6,616,613	50.9	6,067,978	51.5	5,620,199	50.2	5,280,236	55.2
Long term loan	3,455,003	16.7	2,595,380	16.5	2,533,850	19.5	2,474,995	21.0	2,885,828	25.8	2,307,475	24.1
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	549	0.0	1,186	0.0	-	-	-	0.0		0.0	1,198	0.0
Deferred taxation	727,530	3.5	396,510	2.5	209,633	1.6	277,828	2.4	66,511	0.6	195,817	2.0
Trade and other payables	3,013,743	14.6	2,206,833	14.0	2,270,877	17.5	1,870,028	15.9	1,547,631	13.8	1,304,379	13.6
Mark-up accrued	31,378	0.2	26,293	0.2	38,592	0.3	47,747	0.4	36,750	0.3	35,084	0.4
Unclaimed dividends	7,313	0.0	6,387	0.0	6,731	0.1	3,559	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0
Short term borrowings	726,496	3.5	429,454	2.7	1,278,365	9.8	698,968	5.9	993,116	8.9	379,394	4.0
Current portion of long term liabilities	920,247	4.5	800,501	5.1	56,804	0.4	347,602	2.9	40,708	0.4	64,112	0.7
Total equity and liabilities	20,665,526	100.0	15,730,546	100.0	13,011,465	100.0	11,788,705	100.0	11,190,743	100.0	9,567,695	100.0

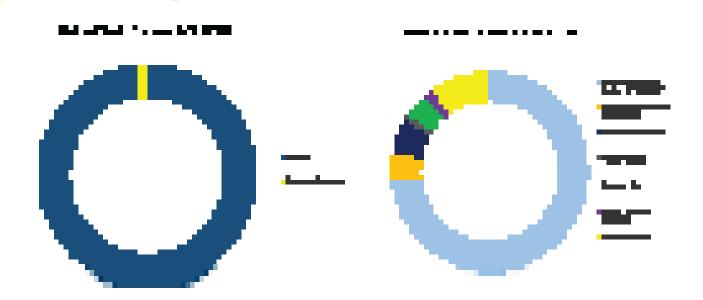
Statement of Profit or Loss												
Sales - net	23,500,659	100.0	17,374,800	100.0	12,882,572	100.0	13,973,634	100.0	11,095,688	100.0	8,313,438	100.0
Cost of sales	18,816,100	80.1	13,927,861	80.2	11,561,798	89.7	12,378,649	88.6	10,181,955	91.8	7,784,454	93.6
Gross profit	4,684,559	19.9	3,446,939	19.8	1,320,774	10.3	1,594,985	11.4	913,733	8.2	528,984	6.4
Distribution and selling expenses	240,476	1.0	155,936	0.9	119,088	0.9	125,353	0.9	141,279	1.3	125,660	1.5
Administrative expenses	311,233	1.3	331,791	1.9	204,325	1.6	165,718	1.2	147,379	1.3	140,691	1.7
Other operating expenses	601,664	2.6	261,179	1.5	226,241	1.8	157,119	1.1	145,039	1.3	86,214	1.0
Other operating income	401,703	1.7	553,232	3.2	271,003	2.1	107,647	0.8	96,596	0.9	382,832	4.6
Operating profit / (loss) before finance costs	3,932,889	16.7	3,251,265	18.7	1,042,123	8.1	1,254,442	9.0	576,632	5.2	559,251	6.7
Share of loss from joint ventures	-	-	-	0.0	(1,359)		-		-		-	
Finance costs	213,906	0.9	165,182	1.0	189,563	1.5	184,370	1.3	150,626	1.4	76,043	0.9
Profit / (loss) before taxation	3,718,983	15.8	3,086,083	17.8	851,201	6.6	1,070,072	7.7	426,006	3.8	483,208	5.8
Taxation - net	928,452	4.0	527,562	3.0	131,652	1.0	211,317	1.5	139,455	1.3	22,598	0.3
Profit / (loss) after taxation	2,790,531	11.9	2,558,521	14.7	719,549	5.6	858,755	6.1	565,461	2.6	460,610	5.5



Statement of Wealth Generation & Distribution

For the year ended 30 June, 2022

Wealth Generation & Distribution	2022	2	2021		2020	ı	2019		2018	1	2017	7
	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%								
Wealth Generated												
Revenue	23,500,659	98.32	17,374,800	96.91	12,882,572	97.94	13,973,634	99.24	11,095,688	99.14	8,313,438	95.60
Other operating income	401,703	1.68	553,232	3.09	271,003	2.06	107,647	0.76	96,596	0.86	382,832	4.40
Total Wealth Generated	23,902,362	100.00	17,928,032	100.00	13,153,575	100.00	14,081,281	100.00	11,192,284	100.00	8,696,270	100.00
Distribution of wealth												
Cost of Sales (excluding employees' remuneration)	17,626,406	73.74	12,962,980	72.31	10,648,714	80.96	11,572,319	82.18	9,397,660	83.97	7,112,795	81.79
Distribution, administration & Other expenses	1,006,669	4.21	622,427	3.47	428,655	3.26	343,809	2.44	339,455	3.03	265,185	3.05
Employees Remuneration	1,336,398	5.59	1,091,360	6.09	1,034,083	7.86	910,711	6.47	878,537	7.85	759,039	8.73
Financial charges	213,906	0.89	165,182	0.92	189,563	1.44	184,370	1.31	150,626	1.35	76,043	0.87
Government taxes	936,755	3.92	527,562	2.94	131,652	1.00	211,317	1.50	(139,455)	(1.25)	(22,598)	(0.26)
Bonus / Dividend to shareholders	443,722	1.86	183,356	1.02	183,357	1.39	175,384	1.25	115,957	1.04	158,123	1.82
Retained in business	2,338,506	9.78	2,375,165	13.25	537,551	4.09	683,371	4.85	449,504	4.02	347,683	4.00
Profit / (loss) after taxation	23,902,362	100.00	17,928,032	100.00	13,153,575	100.00	14,081,281	100.00	11,192,284	100.00	8,696,270	100.00



Six Years at a Glance

As at 30 June 2022

Vertical Analysis											2017	
	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%	Rs "000"	%
Revenue	7,832,040	37.90	5,572,818	35.43	5,011,641	38.52	5,349,114	45.38	5,483,352	49.00	4,952,530	51.76
Revenue	1,249,841	6.05	1,449,317	9.21	846,027	6.50	921,719	7.82	150,000	1.34	150,000	1.57
Revenue	22,076	0.11	22,076	0.14	21,871	0.17	19,879	0.17	19,879	0.18	19,879	0.21
Other operating income	11,561,569	55.95	8,686,335	55.22	7,131,926	54.81	5,497,793	46.64	5,537,512	49.48	4,445,286	46.46
Total Assets	20,665,526	100.00	15,730,546	100.00	13,011,465	100.00	11,788,505	100.00	11,190,743	100.00	9,567,695	100.00
Shareholders' equity	11,443,280	55.37	9,268,002	58.92	6.616.613	50.85	6.067.978	51.47	5.620.199	50.22	5.280.236	55.19
Long-term debt (excluding current maturity)	3.455.552	16.72	.,,	16.51	2.533.850	19.47	2.474.995	20.99	2.885.828	25.79	2.308.673	24.10
Deferred taxation and income	727,530	3.52	_	2.52	209,633	1.61	277,828	2.36	66,511	0.59	195,817	2.05
Short-term debt (including current maturity of long-term debt)	1,646,743	7.97		7.82	1,335,169	10.26	1,046,570	8.88	1,033,824	9.24	443,506	4.64
Other current liabilities	3,392,421	16.42	2,239,513	14.24	2,316,200	17.80	1,921,134	16.30	1,584,381	14.16	1,339,463	14.00
Total Equity and Liabilities	20,665,526	100.00	15,730,546	100.00	13,011,465	100.00	11,788,505	100.00	11,190,743	100.00	9,567,695	100.00
Horizontal Analysis												
Property, plant and equipment	7,832,040	40.54	5,572,818	11.20	5,011,641	(6.31)	5,349,114	(2.45)	5,483,352	10.72	4,952,530	104.88
Investments including investment property	1,249,841	(13.76)	1,449,317	71.31	846,027	(8.21)	921,719	514.48	150,000		150,000	
Other non current assets	22,076		22,076	0.94	21,871	10.02	19,879		19,879	-	19,879	
Current assets	11,561,569	33.10	8,686,335	21.80	7,131,926	29.72	5,497,793	(0.72)	5,537,512	24.57	4,445,286	5.42
Total Assets	20,665,526	31.37	15,730,546	20.90	13,011,465	10.37	11,788,505	5.34	11,190,743	16.96	9,567,695	40.62
Shareholders' equity	11,443,280	23.47	9,268,002	40.07	6,616,613	9.04	6,067,978	7.97	5,620,199	6.44	5,280,236	8.76
Long-term debt (excluding current maturity)	3,455,552	33.08	2,596,566	2.48	2,533,850	2.38	2,474,995	(14.24)	2,885,828	25.00	2,308,673	695.11
Deferred taxation and income	727,530	83.48	396,510	89.14	209,633	(24.55)	277,828	317.72	66,511	(66.03)	195,817	(1.00
Short-term debt (including current maturity of long-term debt)	1,646,743	33.89	1,229,955	(7.88)	1,335,169	27.58	1,046,570	1.23	1,033,824	133.10	443,506	10.23
Other current liabilities	3,392,421	51.48	2,239,513	(3.31)	2,316,200	20.56	1,921,134	21.25	1,584,381	18.28	1,339,463	26.53
Total Equity and Liabilities	20,665,526	31 37	15,730,546	20 90	13,011,465	10.37	11,788,505	5.34	11,190,743	16.96	9,567,695	40.62

Key Points:

Continuous increase in shareholder's equity is primarily because of profitable operations of the company.

Increase in non-current liabilities is due to financing obtained for the expansion of weaving unit at Shahkot unit and modernization of production facilities at Raiwind unit.

Increase in Property, plant and equipment is due to the expansion of weaving unit at Shahkot unit and modernization of production facilities at Raiwind unit.

Decrease in Investments including investment property is mainly due to fair market value adjustment in equity

Increase in current assets is due to increase in working capital requirements due to hefty receivables and piling up of high valued inventory of finished goods.





Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instance of non-compliance with the requirement of the Regulations was observed which is not stated in the Statement of Compliance:

(i) Composition of the audit committee is not as per the requirements of the regulation 27(1) of the Regulations as one of the members of the audit committee is executive director and except for him other members of the audit committee do not fall under the definition of "financially literate".

Based on our review, except for the above instance of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

September 27, 2022 Lahore

UDIN Number: CR2022101320OTglM2cX

To the members of Surai Cotton Mills Limited **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

How the matter was addressed in our audit **Key Audit Matters** 1. Inventory existence and valuation As at 30 June 2022, inventory is stated at Rupees Our procedures over existence and valuation of 6,421.848 million, breakup of which is as follows: inventory included, but were not limited to: Stores, spare parts and loose tools Rupees To test the quantity of inventories at all locations, we 257,298 million. assessed the corresponding inventory observation instructions and participated in inventory counts Stock-in-trade Rupees 6,164.550 million. on sites. Based on samples, we performed test counts and compared the quantities counted by us Inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net with the results of the counts of the management. realizable value. For a sample of inventory items, re-performed the weighted average cost calculation and compared the weighted average cost appearing on valuation sheets.

Key Audit Matters

We identified existence and valuation of inventory as a key audit matter due to its size, representing 31.08% of total assets of the Company as at 30 June 2022, and the judgment involved in valuation.

For further information on inventory, refer to the following:

- Summary of significant accounting policies, Inventories note 2.19 to the financial statements.
- Stores, spare parts and loose tools note 19 and Stock-in-trade note 20 to the financial statements.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- We tested that the ageing report used by management correctly aged inventory items by agreeing a sample of aged inventory items to the last recorded invoice.
- On a sample basis, we tested the net realizable value of inventory items to recent selling prices and re-performed the calculation of the inventory write down, if any.
- We assessed the percentage write down applied to older inventory with reference to historic inventory write downs and recoveries on slow moving inventory.
- In the context of our testing of the calculation, we analysed individual cost components and traced them back to the corresponding underlying documents. We furthermore challenged changes in unit costs.
- We also made enquires of management, including those outside of the finance function, and considered the results of our testing above to determine whether any specific write downs were required.

2. Investments in securities

Quoted investments

As at 30 June 2022, the Company carried its portfolio of quoted investments as follows:

- Fair value through other comprehensive income investments amounted to Rupees 765.821 million.
- Fair value through profit or loss investments amounted to Rupees 1,623.048 million.

Due to materiality of quoted investments in the context of the financial statements as a whole and the requirements of applicable accounting and reporting standards relating to classification, measurement and disclosures of investments, they are considered to be the area which had the greatest effect on our overall audit strategy and allocation of resources in planning and completing our audit.

Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- We documented and assessed the processes and controls in place to record investment transactions and to value the portfolio.
- We agreed the valuation of all of quoted investments from prices quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and redemption price in case of open-end mutual funds.
- We agreed the holding of all quoted investments from the Account Balance Report of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, Statement of Account, in case of open-end mutual fund and holding summary of sub account maintained with brokers.
- We verified the accuracy of management's judgement used in classification of quoted investments.

Key Audit Matters How the matter was addressed in our audit For further information, refer to the following: Summary of significant accounting policies, investments note 2.12 to the financial statements. Long term investments note 17 to the financial statements. -Short term investments note 26 to the financial statements. 3. Revenue recognition The Company recognized net revenue of Rupees Our procedures included, but were not limited to: 23,500.659 million for the year ended 30 June 2022. We obtained an understanding of the process We identified recognition of revenue as a key audit

For further information, refer to the following:

matter because revenue is one of the key performance

indicator of the Company and gives rise to an inherent risk that revenue could be subject to misstatement to

- Summary of significant accounting policies, Revenue recognition note 2.23 to the financial statements.
- Revenue from contracts with customers note 29 to the financial statements.

- relating to recognition of revenue and testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over recording of revenue.
- We compared a sample of revenue transactions recorded during the year with sales orders, sales invoices, delivery documents and other relevant underlying documents.
- We compared a sample of revenue transactions recorded around the year- end with the sales orders, sales invoices, delivery documents and other relevant underlying documentation to assess if the related revenue was recorded in the appropriate accounting period.
- We assessed whether the accounting policies for revenue recognition complies with the requirements of IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.
- We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures in the financial statements.

4. Capital expenditures

meet expectations or targets.

The Company is investing significant amounts in its operations and there are a number of areas where man-agement judgement impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and its respective depreciation profile. These include among other the decision to capitalize or expense costs; and review of useful life of the assets including the impact of changes in the Company's strategy.

We focused on this area since the amounts have a signif-icant impact on the financial position of the Company and there is significant management judgment required that has significant impact on the reporting of the financial position for the Company. Therefore, considered as one of the key audit matters.

Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- We tested operating effectiveness of controls in place over the property, plant and equipment cycle including the controls over whether costs incurred on activities is capi-tal or operating in nature.
- We evaluated the appropriateness of capitalization policies and depreciation rates.
- We performed tests of details on costs capitalized.
- We verified the accuracy of management's calculation used for the impairment testing.



Key Audit Matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
For further information, refer to the following:	
- Summary of significant accounting policies, property, plant, equipment and deprecation note 2.8 to the financial statements.	
- Property, plant and equipment note 14 to the financial statements.	

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going

concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants whose auditor's report dated 07 October 2021 expressed unmodified opinion.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Atif Anjum.

RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

September 27, 2022 Lahore

UDIN Number: AR202210132BDXnc1bML



Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 (Rupees ir	2021 n thousand)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
50,000,000 (2021: 50,000,000) ordinary			
shares of Rupees 10/- each		500,000	500,000
leaved authorihod and paid up share conital		442 700	100.004
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	3	443,722	403,384
Reserves	4	11,016,711	8,864,618
Total equity		11,460,433	9,268,002
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Long term financing - secured	5	3,455,003	2,595,380
Lease liability	6	549	1,186
Deferred liabilities	7	710,377	396,510
		4,165,929	2,993,076
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	3,013,743	2,206,833
Accrued mark-up	9	31,378	26,293
Short term borrowings	10	726,496	429,454
Current portion of non-current liabilities	11	920,247	800,501
Provision for taxation - net	12	339,987	-
Unclaimed dividend		7,313	6,387
		5,039,164	3,469,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,205,093	6,462,544
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	13		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		20,665,526	15,730,546

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2022

ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 14 Right-of-use asset 15 Investment properties 16 Long term investments 17 Long term deposits 18 Current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools 19 Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts 21 Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27 Non current assets held for sale 28		in thousand)
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use asset Investment properties Investment prope		
Right-of-use asset 15 Investment properties 16 Long term investments 17 Long term deposits 18 Current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools 19 Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts 21 Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27		
Investment properties 16 Long term investments 17 Long term deposits 18 Current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools 19 Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts 21 Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	7,830,376	5,570,690
Long term investments 17 Long term deposits 18 Current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools 19 Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts 21 Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	1,664	2,128
Current assetsStores, spare parts and loose tools19Stock-in-trade20Trade debts21Loans and advances22Short term deposits and prepayments23Income tax refundable - net24Other receivables25Short term investments26Cash and bank balances27	477,690	477,690
Current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts Loans and advances Short term deposits and prepayments Income tax refundable - net Other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances 27	772,151	971,627
Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances	22,076	22,076
Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade 20 Trade debts Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances	9,103,957	7,044,211
Stock-in-trade20Trade debts21Loans and advances22Short term deposits and prepayments23Income tax refundable - net24Other receivables25Short term investments26Cash and bank balances27		
Trade debts 21 Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	257,298	218,925
Loans and advances 22 Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	6,164,550	3,203,682
Short term deposits and prepayments 23 Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	2,604,817	1,439,847
Income tax refundable - net 24 Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	76,638	39,972
Other receivables 25 Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	171,760	105,614
Short term investments 26 Cash and bank balances 27	-	137,167
Cash and bank balances 27	216,571	23,018
	1,623,048	3,211,269
Non current assets held for sale 28	420,735	282,975
Non current assets held for sale 28	11,535,417	8,662,469
	26,152	23,866
	11,561,569	8,686,335
TOTAL ASSETS	20,665,526	15,730,546

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

1. Mogen



Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Revenue from Contracts with Customers	29	23,500,659	17,374,800
Cost of Sales	30	(18,816,100)	(13,927,861)
Gross Profit		4,684,559	3,446,939
Distribution Cost	31	(240,476)	(155,936)
Administrative Expenses	32	(311,233)	(331,791)
Other Expenses	33	(601,664)	(261,179)
		(1,153,373)	(748,906)
		3,531,186	2,698,033
Other income	34	401,703	553,232
Profit from Operations		3,932,889	3,251,265
Finance cost	35	(213,906)	(165,182)
Profit Before Taxation		3,718,983	3,086,083
Taxation	36	(928,452)	(527,562)
Profit after taxation		2,790,531	2,558,521
			Restated
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	37	62.89	57.66

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	2022	2021	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Profit After Taxation	2,790,531	2,558,521	
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
(Loss) / surplus arising on remeasurement of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income - net of tax	(194,716)	239,553	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	-	- /	
Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year - net of tax	(194,716)	239,553	
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,595,815	2,798,074	

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2022

					Reserves				
			Capital reserve	s	Re	venue Resei	rves		
	Share Capital	Share premium reserve	Fair Value Reserve on FVTOCI Investments	Sub total	General Reserve	Un- appropri- ated profit	Sub total	Total	Total Equity
				(Rupees in	thousand)				
Balance as at 30 June 2020	366,713	29,000	(229,568)	(200,568)	3,714,000	2,736,468	6,450,468	6,249,900	6,616,613
Transactions with owners:									
Bonus shares issued for the year ended 30 June 2020 @ 10%	36,671		=	-	-	(36,671)	(36,671)	(36,671)	-
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2020 @ Rupees 4 per share	-	-	-	-		(146,685)	(146,685)	(146,685)	(146,685)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	2,558,521	2,558,521	2,558,521	2,558,521
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	239,553	239,553	-	-	-	239,553	239,553
Total comprehensive income for the year	403,384	29,000	9,985	38,985	3,714,000	5,111,633	8,825,633	8,864,618	9,268,002
Balance as at 30 June 2021	366,713	29,000	(229,568)	(200,568)	3,714,000	2,736,468	6,450,468	6,249,900	6,616,613
Transactions with owners:									
Bonus shares issued for the year ended 30 June 2021 @ 10%	40,338	-		-	-	(40,338)	(40,338)	(40,338)	
Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2021 @ Rupees 10 per share	-	-			-	(403,384)	(403,384)	(403,384)	(403,384)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	2,790,531	2,790,531	2,790,531	2,790,531
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	_	(194,716)	(194,716)		_		(194,716)	(194,716)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(194,716)	(194,716)	-	2,790,531	2,790,531	2,595,815	2,595,815
Balance as at 30 June 2022	443,722	29,000	(184,731)	(155,731)	3,714,000	7,458,442	11,172,442	11,016,711	11,460,433

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	38	797,681	3,831,547
Finance cost paid		(184,435)	(177,481)
Workers' profit participation fund paid		(165,741)	(45,788)
Income tax paid		(384,885)	(183,578)
Profit on bank deposits received		18,314	10,932
Gas infrastructure development cess paid		(52,009)	(15,979)
Increase in long term deposits		-	(205)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		28,925	3,419,448
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment		(2,889,142)	(1,044,886)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		52,210	13,164
Initial direct cost incurred on right-of-use asset		-	(76)
Investment properties purchased		-	(400,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		- -	188,000
Investments made		(3,379,967)	(3,487,204)
Investments disposed of		4,835,917	1,655,646
Dividends received		307,222	180,282
Proceeds from disposal of non-current asset classified as held for sale		21,200	11,890
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,052,560)	(2,883,184)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Lang term financing obtained	[1,756,984	566,259
Long term financing obtained Repayment of long term financing		(489,590)	(30,274)
Repayment of lease liability		(489,590)	(473)
Short term borrowings - net		297,042	(848,911)
Dividend paid		(402,458)	(147,029)
Net cash generated / (used in) from financing activities		1,161,395	(460,428)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		137,760	75,836
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		282,975	207,139
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		420,735	282,975

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



For the year ended 30 June 2022

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Suraj Cotton Mills Limited (the Company) is a public limited Company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Act, 1913 (Now Companies Act, 2017) and listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. Its registered office is situated at 7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore. The Company is engaged in manufacturing, sale and trading of yarn, cloth and processing of cloth.

1.2 Geographical location and addresses of all business units are as follows:

Sr. No.	Manufacturing units and offices	Address
1	Spinning unit - Karachi	Karachi - Hyderabad Motorway, Nooriabad, Jamshoro, Sindh.
2	Spinning unit and weaving unit - Shahkot	Kotla Kahloon, Shahkot, District Nankana Sahib, Punjab.
3	Spinning unit - Raiwind	4 K.M. Raiwind Manga Road, Raiwind, Punjab.
4	Registered office and head office	7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore, Punjab.
5	Branch office	3rd floor, Cotton Exchange Building, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Sindh.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated:

2.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

b) **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise stated in the respective accounting policies.

c) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

Useful lives, patterns of economic benefits and impairments

Estimates with respect to residual values and useful lives and pattern of flow of economic benefits are based on the analysis of the management of the Company. Further, the Company reviews the value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Inventories

Inventory write-down is made based on the current market conditions, historical experience and selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. A review is made on each reporting date on inventories for excess inventories, obsolescence and declines in net realizable value and an allowance is recorded against the inventory balances for any such declines.

Income tax

In making the estimates for income tax currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

Provisions

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.

Contingencies

The Company reviews the status of all pending litigations and claims against the Company. Based on the judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome, appropriate disclosure or provision is made. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized at the statement of financial position date.

Revenue from contracts with customers involving sale of goods

When recognizing revenue in relation to the sale of goods to customers, the key performance obligation of the Company is considered to be the point of delivery of the goods to the customer, as this is deemed to be the time that the customer obtains control of the promised goods and therefore the benefits of unimpeded access.

Impairment of investments in associates and joint ventures

In making the estimates of recoverable amount of the Company's investments in joint ventures, the management considers future cash flows.

d) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in current year and are relevant to the Company

Following amendments to published approved accounting standards are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2021:

- IAS 1 (Amendments) 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8 (Amendments) 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'
- International Accounting Standards Board's revised Conceptual Framework March 2018

For the year ended 30 June 2022

- IFRS 16 (Amendments) 'Leases'
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform which amended IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'

The above-mentioned amendments to approved accounting standards did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior period and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

e) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in current year but not relevant to the Company

There are other standard and amendments to published standards that are mandatory for accounting period beginning on or after 01 July 2021 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

f) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective but relevant to the Company

Following amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2022 or later periods:

Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements') effective for the annual period beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets') effective for the annual period beginning on or after 01 January 2022 amends IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' by mainly adding paragraphs which clarifies what comprise the cost of fulfilling a contract. Cost of fulfilling a contract is relevant when determining whether a contract is onerous. An entity is required to apply the amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application). Restatement of comparative information is not required, instead the amendments require an entity to recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate, at the date of initial application.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment') effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Clarifies that sales proceeds and cost of items produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management e.g. when testing etc., are recognized in profit or loss in accordance with applicable Standards. The entity measures the cost of those items applying the measurement requirements of IAS 2 'Inventories'. The standard also removes the requirement of deducting the net sales proceeds from cost of testing. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. The entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of that earliest period presented.

The following annual improvements to IFRS standards 2018-2021 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2022:

-IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - The amendment clarifies that an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf, when it applies the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of IFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability.

-IFRS 16 'Leases' - The amendment partially amends Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 'Leases' by excluding the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor. The objective of the amendment is to resolve any potential confusion that might arise in lease incentives.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IFRS Practice Statement 2 'Making Materiality Judgement') effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments are intended to help preparers in deciding which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements. Earlier, IAS 1 states that an entity shall disclose its 'significant accounting policies' in their financial statements. These amendments shall assist the entities to disclose their 'material accounting policies' in their financial statements.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12 'Income taxes') effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations.

Change in definition of Accounting Estimate (Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2023. This change replaced the definition of Accounting Estimate with a new definition, intended to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2 which amended IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' is applicable for annual financial periods beginning on or after 01 January 2022. The changes made relate to the modification of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities, specific hedge accounting requirements, and disclosure requirements applying IFRS 7 to accompany the amendments regarding modifications and hedge accounting.

The above amendments and improvements do not have a material impact on the financial statements.

g) Standards and amendments to approved published standards that are not yet effective and not considered relevant to the Company

There are other standards and amendments to published standards that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

2.2 **Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Figures are rounded off to the nearest thousand of Pak Rupees.

2.3 Foreign currency transactions and translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are charged or credited to statement of profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined.

2.4 **Employee benefit**

The Company operates an employee's funded provident fund scheme covering all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and employees at the rate of 6 percent of the basic salary to the fund. The Company's contributions to the fund are charged to statement of profit or loss.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.5 Taxation

Current

Provision for current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.6 Borrowing

Financing and borrowings are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

2.7 Borrowing cost

Interest, mark-up and other charges on long-term finances are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of respective qualifying assets acquired out of the proceeds of such long-term finances. All other interest, mark-up and other charges are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.8 Property, plant, equipment and depreciation

Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost of operating fixed assets consists of historical cost, borrowing cost pertaining to erection / construction period of qualifying assets and other directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition. Freehold land is stated at cost less any recognized impairment loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to statement of profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation on operating fixed assets is charged to the statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method so as to write off the cost / depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives except for leasehold land, which is depreciated over the lease period using straight-line method, at the rates given in note 13.1. Depreciations on additions is charged from the month in which the assets are available for use up to the month prior to disposal. The residual values and useful lives are reviewed by the management, at each financial period-end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

De-recognition

An item of operating fixed assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is de-recognized.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when these are available for use.

2.9 **Investment properties**

Land and building held for capital appreciation or to earn rental income are classified as investment properties. Investment properties except land, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognized impairment loss. Land is stated at cost less any recognized impairment loss.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.10 Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognized at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is shorter. Where the Company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is charged over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities.

The Company has elected not to recognize a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are charged to income as incurred.

2.11 Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognized at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognized at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are re-measured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is re-measured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset, or to statement of profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

2.12 Investments and other financial assets

a) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

For the year ended 30 June 2022

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement b)

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income / (other expenses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income / (other expenses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income / (other expenses) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other income / (other expenses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value for financial instruments quoted in an active market, the fair value corresponds to a market price (level 1). For financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques including reference to recent arm's length market transactions or transactions involving financial instruments which are substantially the same (level 2), or discounted cash flow analysis including, to the greatest possible extent, assumptions consistent with observable market data (level 3).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Fair value through profit or loss

Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other income / (other expenses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.

Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.13 Financial liabilities - classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also included in profit or loss.

2.14 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for ECLs on:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- Debt investments measured at FVTOCI: and
- Contract assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Company has elected to measure loss allowances for trade debts using IFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Company has established a matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment including forward-looking information.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVTOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract such as a default;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

2.15 De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

a) Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognized financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

b) **Financial liabilities**

The Company shall derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of financial liability) from its statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

2.16 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legal enforceable right to set off and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.17 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment at each statement of financial position date or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount for which assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. Reversals of the impairment losses are restricted to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if impairment losses had not been recognized. An impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

2.18 Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the joint venturers that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognized at cost.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Company's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Company's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from investee companies are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

When the Company's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Company does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Company and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

At each statement of financial position date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of these investments to assess whether there is any indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in the statement of profit or loss.

2.19 Inventories

Inventories, except for stock-in-transit and waste stock, are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Stores, spares and loose tools

Usable stores, spares and loose tools are valued principally at cost using moving average cost formula less provision for slow moving, while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Items-in-transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

Stock-in-trade

Cost of raw material, work-in-process and finished goods is determined as follows:

(i) For raw materials: Weighted average cost

(ii) For work-in-process and finished goods: At average manufacturing cost including

proportion of production overheads

Materials in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon. Waste stocks are valued at net realizable value.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make a sale.

2.20 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost.

2.21 Trade and other receivables

Trade debts are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

2.22 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

2.22 Revenue from contracts with customers

i) **Revenue recognition**

(a) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery.

(b) Interest

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(c) Dividend

Dividend on investments is recognized when right to receive the dividend is established.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

(d) Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

2.24 Contract assets

Contract assets arise when the Company performs its performance obligations by transferring goods to a customer before the customer pays its consideration or before payment is due. Contract assets are treated as financial assets for impairment purposes.

2.25 Customer acquisition costs

Customer acquisition costs are capitalised as an asset where such costs are incremental to obtaining a contract with a customer and are expected to be recovered. Customer acquisition costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract.

Costs to obtain a contract that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained or which are not otherwise recoverable from a customer are expensed as incurred to profit or loss. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract where the contract term is less than one year is immediately expensed to profit or loss.

2.26 Customer fulfilment costs

Customer fulfilment costs are capitalised as an asset when all the following are met: (i) the costs relate directly to the contract or specifically identifiable proposed contract; (ii) the costs generate or enhance resources of the Company that will be used to satisfy future performance obligations; and (iii) the costs are expected to be recovered. Customer fulfilment costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract.

2.27 Right of return assets

Right of return assets represents the right to recover inventory sold to customers and is based on an estimate of customers who may exercise their right to return the goods and claim a refund. Such rights are measured at the value at which the inventory was previously carried prior to sale, less expected recovery costs and any impairment.

2.28 Contract liabilities

Contract liability is the obligation of the Company to transfer goods to a customer for which the Company has received consideration from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs its performance obligations under the contract.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.29 **Refund liabilities**

Refund liabilities are recognised where the Company receives consideration from a customer and expects to refund some, or all, of that consideration to the customer. A refund liability is measured at the amount of consideration received or receivable for which the Company does not expect to be entitled and is updated at the end of each reporting period for changes in circumstances. Historical data is used across product lines to estimate such returns at the time of sale based on an expected value methodology.

2.30 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks on current, saving and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values.

2.31 **Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

2.32 Earnings per share

The Company presents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

2.33 **Contingent assets**

Contingent assets are disclosed when the Company has a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are not recognized until their realization becomes certain.

Contingent liabilities 2.34

Contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent liabilities are not recognized, only disclosed, unless the possibility of a future outflow of resources is considered remote. In the event that the outflow of resources associated with a contingent liability is assessed as probable, and if the size of the outflow can be reliably estimated, a provision is recognized in the financial statements.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.35 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Company. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief executive officer to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the chief executive officer include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Those incomes, expenses, assets, liabilities and other balances which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated.

The Company has following reportable business segments:

Spinning: Production of different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers.

Weaving: Production of different quality of greige fabric using yarn.

Transactions among the business segments are recorded on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Inter segment sales and purchases are eliminated from the total.

2.36 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as share capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax.

2.37 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in noncurrent liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss over the expected lives of the related assets.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

2.38 **Dividend and other appropriations**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are declared and other appropriations are recognized in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors.

2.39 **Derivative financial instruments**

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value. Any directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in the statement of profit or loss as incurred. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value on regular basis and at each reporting date as a minimum, with all their gains and losses, realized and unrealized, recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL 3.

2022	2021		2022	2021
(No. of	Shares)		(Rupees in	thousand)
17,400,000	17,400,000	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each fully paid up in cash	174,000	174,000
26,972,287	22,938,443	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	269,722	229,384
44,372,287	40,338,443		443,722	403,384

3.1 Movement during the year

2022	2021		2022	2021
(No. of Shares)			(Rupees in thousand)	
40,338,443	36,671,312	At 01 July	403,384	366,713
4,033,844	3,667,131	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each issued	40,338	36,671
		during the year as fully paid bonus shares		
44,372,287	40,338,443	At 30 June	443,722	403,384



For the year ended 30 June 2022

3.2 Ordinary shares of the Company held by the associated companies:

Fair value reserve on FVTOCI investments - net of deferred

		2022	2021
		(No. of	Shares)
	Crescent Powertech Limited	19,610,312	17,827,557
	Premier Insurance Limited	1,478,825	1,344,387
		21,089,137	19,171,944
		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
4.	RESERVES		
	Composition of reserves is as follows:		
	Capital reserves		
	Share premium reserve 4.1	29,000	29,000

income tax 4.2	(184,731)	9,985
	(155,731)	38,985
Revenue reserves		
General reserve	3,714,000	3,714,000
Un-appropriated profit	7,458,442	5,111,633
	11,172,442	8,825,633
	11,016,711	8,864,618

- **4.1** This reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purposes specified in section 81 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- **4.2** This represents unrealized gain on re-measurement of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and is not available for distribution. Reconciliation of fair value reserve net of deferred income tax is as under:

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Balance as on 01 July	(13,517)	(229,568)
Add: Fair value adjustment during the year	(207,718)	216,051
	(221,235)	(13,517)
Deferred income tax on equity investments	36,504	23,502
Balance as on 30 June	(184,731)	9,985

From banking companies Long term loans Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities 11 (394,416) (367,33 3,456,003 2,595,38 LENDER 2022 2021 INTEREST PER ANNUM INTEREST REPRICTING (Rupees in Thousand) 1.1 Long term loans MCB Bank 41,217 (88,695) SEP rate for UFF + 0.5% Interest 2017 and ending on 10 September 2017 and ending on 10 September 2017 and ending on 10 September 2017 and ending on 24 Anti 2020 Note 5.2. MCB Bank 177,811 201,519 SBP rate for UFF + 0.5% Interest 2018 and service of the Company agregating and future fixed asset of the Company agregating and service of the C							Note	20: e (Ru		2021 thousand)
Lender term loans Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities 11 3,849,419 (367,33 3,455,003 2,595,38 LENDER 2022 2021 PRATE OF INTEREST PRANIUM (Rupees in Thousand) MCB Bank 41,217 68,095 SSP rate for Liff + 0.5% Installments commenced on 10 September 2017 and ending on 10 September 2019 and ending on 11 December 2019 and ending on 11 December 2019 and ending on 10 September 2019 and ending on 11	5.	LONG '	TERM F	INANCIN	IG - SECUR	RED		\ \-		
LENDER 2022 2021 RATE OF INTEREST PER ANNUM (Rupees in Thousand) Linted Climited 11,217 68,695 SEP rate for 10,900 September 2023 Robert 2019 and ending on 12 Pani 2029 MOB Bank Linted Linted Linted Linted Linted MOB Bank Linted September 2015 September 2019 and ending on 15 September 2021 and ending on 15 September 2021 and ending on 15 September 2021 and ending on 16 September 2021 and ending on 17 November 2021 and ending on 18 September 2023 Robert 2021 and ending on 19 September 2023 and ending on 20 September 2023 and ending on 20 September 2023 and ending on		From ba	anking co	ompanies						
LENDER 2022 2021 RATE OF INSTALLMENTS REPRICATIONS INTEREST REPRICATION INTEREST R				on shown (under current	liabilities				2,962,714 (367,334)
Commerce of the French Per Annum Commerce of the Per A								3,4	55,003	2,595,380
Long term Long		LENDER			INTEREST		REPRIC-		\$	SECURITY
Limited Limited 25,748 29,521 3 months Thry four un-equal months of the Company aggregating for the Limited Li	i.1									
MCB Bank Limited MCB Bank Lim			41,217	68,695		instalments commenced on 10 September 2017 and ending on 10 September		Quarterly		
MCB Bank Limited 177,811 201,519 SBP rate for LTFF + 0.60% commenced on 11 December 2021 and ending on 11 December 2029. MCB Bank Limited 625,656 724,001 SBP rate for LTFF + 0.50% commenced on 12 April 2019 and ending on 06 March 2029 (Note 5.2). MCB Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 0.50% commenced on 12 April 2019 and ending on 06 March 2029 (Note 5.2). MCB Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 0.50% commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 07 October 2031. Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 0.50% commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 08 August 2028 (Note 5.2). Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 0.50% commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 08 August 2028 (Note 5.2). Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 1% commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 08 August 2028 (Note 5.2). Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 1% commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending an 08 August 2028 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% commencing on 04 May 2023 and ending 28 September 2031. United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commenced on 11 July 2029 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commenced on 11 July 2029 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commenced on 11 July 2029 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commenced on 11 July 2029 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commenced on 11 July 2029 (Note 5.2). United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for LTFF + 1% installments commencing on 27 July 2029 (Note 5.2). Bank Alfalah Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commencing on 27 July 2029 (Note 5.2). Bank Alfalah Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commencing on 27 July 2029 (Note 5.2). Bank Alfalah Limited (Note 5.3) SBP rate for TTFF + 1% installments commencing on 27 July 2029 (Note 5.2)			25,748	29,521		Thirty four un-equal instalments commenced on 27 November 2019 and ending on 24 April 2029	Quarterly	Quarterly		
MCB Bank Limited ### April			177,811	201,519		Seventeen equal semi annual instalments commenced on 11 December 2021 and ending	-	Quarterly	present and of the Com Rupees 2,3	d future fixed assets npany aggregating to 300 million inclusive
MCB Bank Limited (Note 5.3) Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) Allied Bank Limited (Not			625,656	724,001		One hundred and twenty two un-equal instalments commenced on 12 April 2019 and ending on 06	-	Quarterly		
Allied Bank Limited 1,130,270 1,317,770 SBP rate for LTFF + 0.5% eight un-equal instalments commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 08 August 2028 (Note 5.2). Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) United Bank Limited United Bank Limited United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) United Bank Limited SBP rate for TERF + 1% United Bank Limited SBP rate for TERF + 1% SBP rate for TERF + 1% SBP rate for TERF + 1% SBP rate for LTFF + 1% SBP rate for Thirty six quarterly installments commenced on 31 July 2029. (Note 5.2) SBP rate for Thirty six quarterly installments commenced on 31 July 2029. (Note 5.2) SBP rate for Thirty six quarterly installments commenced on 31 July 2029. (Note 5.2) Three hundred and twenty three un-equal instalments commencing on 27 July 2023 and ending on 28 November 2031.		Limited	402,183	357,950		Ninety Six un-equal instalments commencing on 23 September 2023 and	-	Quarterly		
Allied Bank Limited (Note 5.3) United Bank Limited (Note 5.3) United Bank Limited United B			1,130,270	1,317,770		One hundred and twenty eight un-equal instalments commenced on 11 July 2019 and ending on 08	-	Quarterly	charge ove	er all fixed assets of
Limited LTFF + 1% installments commenced on 31 October 2019 and ending on 31 July 2029. (Note 5.2) Bank Alfalah Limited (Note 5.3) Example 2		Limited	704,524	-		One hundred and two un-equal instalments commencing on 04 May 2023 and ending 28		Quarterly	Rupees 3,	534 million inclusive
Bank Alfalah Limited (Note 5.3) Bank Alfalah (Note 5.3) 44,384 SBP rate for Three hundred and twenty three un-equal instalments commencing on 27 July 2023 and ending on 28 November 2031. Targe hundred and twenty three hundred and twenty three un-equal instalments commencing on 27 July aggregating to Rupees 1,33 million inclusive of 25% marg			192,344	218,874		installments commenced on 31 October 2019 and ending on 31 July 2029.		Quarterly	Rupees 85 and future Company i	54 million over present fixed assets of the
		Limited	549,666	44,384		Three hundred and twenty three un-equal instalments commencing on 27 July 2023 and ending on 28		Quarterly	Joint pari p fixed asset aggregating	s of the Company g to Rupees 1,334
3,049,419 2,302,714			3,849,419	2,962,714						



- **5.2** Repayment period includes deferment of repayment of principal loan amount by one year in accordance with State Bank of Pakistan BPRD Circular Letter No. 13 of 2020 dated 26 March 2020.
- **5.3** These loans are obtained by the Company under SBP Temporary Economic Refinance Facility (TERF). These are recognized and measured in accordance with IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. Fair value adjustment is recognized at discount rate ranging from 7.88% to 11.26% per annum (2021: 8.44% to 8.50% per annum).

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
6.	LEASE LIABILITY			
				. ===
	Total lease liability		1,190	1,773
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	11	(641)	(587)
			549	1,186
6.1	Reconciliation of lease liability			
	Balance as on 01 July		1,773	-
	Add: Additions during the year		-	2,246
	Add: Interest accrued on lease liability		126	82
	Less: Payments made during the year		(709)	(555)
	Balance as on 30 June		1,190	1,773
6.2	Maturity analysis of lease liability is as follows:			
	Up to 06 months		355	355
	06 to 12 months		355	355
	01 to 02 years		559	710
	More than 02 years		-	559
			1,269	1,979
	Less: Future finance cost		(79)	(206)
	Present value of lease liability		1,190	1,773

- **6.3** The implicit rate against lease liability ranges from 9.85% to 9.97% (2021: 9.55% to 9.85% per annum).
- 6.4 Lease from First Habib Modarba is secured against title of leased asset, post dated cheques and security deposit of Rupees 0.205 million.

7.	DEFERRED LIABILITIES		
	Deferred income - Government grant 7.1	459,013	141,575
	Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) payable 7.2	-	56,982
	Deferred income tax liability - net 7.3	251,364	197,953
		710,377	396,510

For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
7.1	Deferred income - Government grant			
	Balance as on 01 July		163,925	-
	Add: Recognized during the year		465,417	164,238
	Less: Amortized during the year		(73,768)	(313)
			555,574	163,925
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	11	(96,561)	(22,350)
			459,013	141,575

7.1.1 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), through its Circular No. 01 and 02 of 2020 dated 17 March 2020 introduced a Temporary Economic Refinance Facility (TERF) for setting of new industrial units. One of the key feature of the refinance facility is that borrowers can obtain loans at mark-up rates that are below normal lending rates. As per International Accounting Standard (IAS) 20 'Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance', the benefit of a Government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a Government Grant, The Company has obtained these loans as disclosed in note 5 to the financial statements, in accordance with IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' loans obtained under the refinance facilities have been initially recognized at fair value which is the present value of loans proceeds received, discounted using prevailing market rates of interest for a similar instruments. Hence, the benefit of the below-market rate of interest has been measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan determined in accordance with IFRS 9 and the proceeds received. This benefit is accounted for and presented as deferred grant in accordance with IAS 20. The grant is being amortized in the statement of profit or loss, in line with the recognition of interest expense the grant is compensating. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to this grant.

7.2	Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Payable		
	Gas Infrastructure Development Cess payable	467,212	483,191
	Add: Adjustment due to impact of IFRS 9 35	13,426	27,362
	Less: Payments made during the year	(52,009)	(43,341)
	Balance as on 30 June	428,629	467,212
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities 11	(428,629)	(410,230)
		-	56,982

7.2.1 This represents Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) that was levied through GIDC Act, 2015. Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan upheld the GIDC Act, 2015 to be constitutional and intra vires. With respect to GIDC payable to Sui Southern Gas Pipeline Limited, the Company has filed a review petition in Honourable Sindh High Court, Karachi which is pending for adjudication. However, with respect to GIDC payable to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited, the Company is paying the GIDC in 24 Instalments. However, GIDC payable has been recorded at amortized cost in accordance with IFRS 9.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021 thousand)
7.3	Deferred income tax liability - net			
	The deferred income tax liability / (asset) originated due to timing differences relating to:			
	Deferred tax liabilities			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		374,888	230,521
	Right-of-use asset		329	395
			375,217	230,916
	Deferred tax assets			
	Un-realized loss on FVTPL investments		(33,890)	(9,131)
	Un-realized loss on FVTOCI investments		(36,504)	(23,502)
	Allowance for expected credit loss		(43,755)	-
	Provision for slow moving, obsolete and damaged store items		(9,468)	-
	Lease liability		(236)	(330)
			(123,853)	(32,963)
			251,364	197,953

7.3.1 Movement in deferred tax balances during the year is as follows:

		20)22	
	Opening balance	Recognized in statement of profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
		Rupees in	thousand	
Accelerated tax depreciation	230,521	144,367	-	374,888
Right-of-use asset	395	(66)	-	329
Un-realized loss on FVTPL investments	(9,131)	(24,759)	-	(33,890)
Un-realized loss on FVTOCI investments	(23,502)	-	(13,002)	(36,504)
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	(43,755)	-	(43,755)
Provision for slow moving, obsolete and damaged store items	-	(9,468)	-	(9,468)
Lease liability	(330)	94	-	(236)
	197,953	66,413	(13,002)	251,364

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2021		
	Opening balance	Recognized in statement of profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Closing balance
		Rupees in thousand		
Accelerated tax depreciation	342,010	(111,489)	-	230,521
Right-of-use asset	-	395	-	395
Un-realized loss on FVTPL investments	(18,079)	8,948	-	(9,131)
Un-realized loss on FVTOCI investments		-	(23,502)	(23,502)
Lease liability	_	(330)	-	(330)
Minimum tax carried forward	(114,298)	114,298	-	-
	209,633	11,822	(23,502)	197,953

Deductible temporary differences are considered to the extent that the realization of related tax benefits is probable from reversals of existing taxable temporary differences and future taxable profits.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
8.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors	8.1	1,014,758	480,909
	Contract liabilities - unsecured		78,430	58,196
	Accrued liabilities		1,357,271	1,176,484
	Infrastructure cess payable	8.2	181,799	116,243
	Payable to employees' provident fund trust		-	49
	Income tax deducted at source		3,637	3,461
	Sales tax payable		-	103,531
	Workers' profit participation fund	8.3	199,731	165,741
	Workers' welfare fund	8.4	178,117	102,219
			3,013,743	2,206,833
8.1	These include amounts due to following related parties:			
	Crescent Textiles Mills Limited - associated company		4	17,149
	Shams Textile Mills Limited - associated company		5,249	8,588
	Premier Insurance Limited - associated company		5,251	-
	Crescent Fibers Limited - associated company		9,925	-
	Crescent Powertech Limited - associated company		23,838	44
	Mohammad Amin Mohammad Bashir Limited - associated			
	company		462	462
			44,729	26,243



For the year ended 30 June 2022

8.2 This represents provision for infrastructure cess imposed by the Province of Sindh through Sindh Finance Act, 1994 and its subsequent versions including the final version i.e. Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. The Company filed writ petition in Honourable Sindh High Court, Karachi whereby stay was granted and directions were given to provide bank guarantees in favour of Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi. The Honourable Sindh High Court, Karachi passed order dated 04 June 2021 against the Company and directed that bank guarantees should be encashed. Being aggrieved by the order, the Company along with others filed petitions for leave to appeal before Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Sindh High Court's judgment in relation to Sindh infrastructure development cess. On 01 September 2021, after hearing the petitioners, the Honourable Supreme Court dictated the order in open court granting leave to appeal to the petitioners and restraining the Sindh Government from encashing the bank guarantees furnished in pursuance of the interim orders passed by the Sindh High Court. The Honourable Supreme Court also directed to release the future consignments subject to furnishing of bank guarantees for the disputed amount. The detail of provision is as follows:

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
	Balance as on 01 July		116,243	97,492
	Add: Provision made during the year		65,556	18,751
	Balance as on 30 June		181,799	116,243
0.0	Manhamatan di karantinin atian dan d			
8.3	Workers' profit participation fund			
	Opening balance		165,741	45,788
	Add: Provision for the year	33	199,731	165,741
-			365,472	211,529
	Less: Payments made during the year		(165,741)	(45,788)
	Balance as on 30 June		199,731	165,741
8.4	Workers' welfare fund			
	Opening balance		102,219	39,238
	Add: Provision for the year	33	75,898	62,981
			178,117	102,219
9.	ACCRUED MARKUP			
	Long term financing		14,906	17,161
	Short term borrowings		16,472	9,132
			31,378	26,293

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	n thousand)
10.	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS			
	From banking companies - secured			
	Running finance	10.1 & 10.2	226,605	326,261
	Import loans	10.1 & 10.3	499,891	103,193
			726,496	429,454

- 10.1 These finances are obtained from banking companies under mark-up arrangements and are secured against joint pari passu hypothecation charge over current assets, pledge of stocks, other instruments and joint pari passu hypothecation charge on plant and machinery of the Company.
- **10.2** The rates of mark-up range from 7.95% to 15.66% (2021: 7.76% to 9.38%) per annum during the year on the balance outstanding.
- **10.3** The rates of mark-up range from 6.05% to 15.56% (2021: 2.30% to 9.35%) per annum during the year on the balance outstanding.

11.	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES			
	Current portion of long term financing	5	394,416	367,334
	Current portion of lease liability	6	641	587
	Current portion of deferred income - Government grant	7.1	96,561	22,350
	Current portion of GIDC	7.2	428,629	410,230
			920,247	800,501
		·		
12.	PROVISION FOR TAXATION - NET			
	Provision for taxation		1,116,234	-
	Less: Income tax refundable		(776,247)	-
			339,987	-



For the year ended 30 June 2022

13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

a) Contingencies

i) The Company filed a complaint dated 20 April 2022 against Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue in terms of section 10(1) of the Federal Tax Ombudsman (FTO) Ordinance, 2000 for delay in processing / sanctioning of sales tax refund of Rupees 79.470 million for the tax periods from December 2013 to October 2017. As per the tax department, the Company used to fall under zero-rated regime. Two electricity connections of the Company were included in Sales Tax General Order dated 13 September 2007 for the purpose of zero-rating. No zero-rated facility was however available on another electricity connection till 21 November 2017. On 21 November 2017, this electricity connection was included in Sales Tax General Order for zerorating. The Company filed writ petition before Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore (LHC) against recovery notices issued by Lahore Electric Supply Company Limited for recovery of sales tax for above-mentioned periods. Petition was disposed by LHC on 21 September 2017 with direction that only tax department or competent authority, under law, shall be entitled to recover arrears of sales tax. LESCO vide letter dated 21 May 2021 directed the Company to deposit sales tax in its account since tax department has already recovered sales tax of Rupees 79.470 million which was deposited by the Company. Later, the Company requested for issuance of refund under section 66 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. FTO vide order dated 01 June 2022 recommended the tax department to direct Commissioner Inland Revenue to process / sanction Company's refund claims for for the tax periods from December 2013 to October 2017 on provision of requisite documents by the Company. The Company is confident of favourable outcome of the matter, hence no provision thereagainst has been made in these financial statements.

ii) Guarantees of Rupees 323.049 million (2021: Rupees 288.476 million) are given by the banks of the Company to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited against gas connections, Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi against infrastructure cess and others.

b) Commitments

- i) Contracts for capital expenditure are approximately of Rupees 1,753.577 million (2021: Rupees 3,306.022 million).
- ii) Letters of credit other than for capital expenditure are of Rupees 1,645.484 million (2021: Rupees 465.840 million).
- iii) Outstanding foreign currency forward contracts are of Rupees Nil (2021: 439.899 Rupees million).

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
14	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	14.1	7,735,315	4,669,213
	Capital work-in-progress	14.2	95,061	901,477
			7,830,376	5,570,690

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Accordance Parcel P												
Jume 2020 2 (108 46.500 (43.00) (14.319) (3.564 40) (17.573) 3.546 (15.277) (40.500) (14.319) (43.00) (14.319) (3.566 40) (5.000)	-	Leasehold	Buildings on leasehold land	Freehold	Buildings on freehold land	Office premises	Plant and machinery	Electric installations	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Vehicles	Total
Part	A† 30 - June 2020											
1,366 1,36	Cost	2,108	49,580	452,300	919,207	121,912	6,981,480	175,731	3,549	61,527	140,650	8,908,044
1,386 7,182 482,300 489,206 108,776 3,680,322 87,989 549 52,126 75,789	Accumulated depreciation	(742)	(42,398)	•	(430,001)	(13,136)	(3,288,218)	(87,732)	(3,000)	(38,401)	(63,851)	(3.967.479)
Part	Net book value	1,366	7,182	452,300	489,206	108,776	3,693,262	87,999	549	23,126	76,799	4,940,565
1,366 1,326 1,326 1,324 1,32	Year ended 30 June											
Particle	Opening net book value	1,366	7,182	452,300	489,206	108,776	3,693,262	87,999	549	23,126	76,799	4,940,565
Part	Additions	•	•	•	21,320		172,427	•			20,738	214,485
Tribused depreciation 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Disposals:											
Particular depreciation Particular depre	Cost				-		(21,106)				(8,564)	(29,670)
Transferred to held	Accumulated depreciation	1		•		•	17,019	'	-	•	6,529	23,548
Transferred to help the control of t							(4,087)		-		(2,035)	(6, 122)
Company Comp	Assets transferred to held for sale:											
Particle	Cost						(64,859)		-			(64,859)
1,345 1,34	Accumulated depreciation	-	•	•	•	•	49,060	•	•	-	•	49,060
State Cartier Cartie	-						(15,799)			-		(15,799)
1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 57,898 3,469,506 79,199 484 20,613 79,767	Depreciation charge	(21)	(718)		(49,099)	(10,878)	(376,297)	(8,800)	(22)	(2,313)	(15,735)	(463,916)
June 2021 2,108 49,580 465,300 940,527 121,912 7,067,942 175,731 3,584 61,527 152,824 Uulted depreciation of value (763) (43,116) - (473,116)<	Closing net book value	1,345	6,464	452,300	461,427	92,898	3,469,506	79,199	494	20,813	79,767	4,669,213
2,106 49,560 422,300 94,670 121,912 7,067,942 175,731 3,549 61,527 152,824 175,731 3,549 61,527 152,824 173,637 173,674 173,674 173,674 173,677 173,677 173,674 173,674 173,677 173,67	At 30 June 2021											
Ocyvalue 1,345 (45,116) - (479,100) (24,014) (3,589,456) (96,522) (3,055) (40,714) (73,057) Ocyvalue 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,613 79,767 Princed of SO June 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,613 79,767 Instructed of SO June 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,189 79,767 Instructed of SO June 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,189 79,767 Instructed of SO June 1,345 1,475,303	Cost	2,108	49,580	452,300	940,527	121,912	7,067,942	175,731	3,549	61,527	152,824	9,028,000
Signate do June 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,886 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,613 79,767 Signat book value of depreciation charge and depreciation charge and depreciation charge and depreciation (764) (43,762) 1,175,930 750,402 88,108 (3,380,106 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Accumulated depreciation	(293)	(43,116)		(479,100)	(24,014)	(3,598,436)	(96,532)	(3,055)	(40,714)	(73,057)	(4,358,787)
Figure took value 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,813 79,767 55,75	Net book value	1,345	6,464	452,300	461,427	92,898	3,469,506	79,199	494	20,813	79,767	4,669,213
Figure book value 1,345 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,896 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,813 79,767 5815. Figure book value 1,324 6,464 452,300 461,427 97,898 3,469,506 79,199 494 20,813 79,767 51. Figure book value 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Year ended 30 June											
- - 723,630 343,803 - 2,451,190 57,406 - 63,772 55,757 -	Opening net book value	1,345	6,464	452,300	461,427	97,898	3,469,506	79,199	494	20,813	79,767	4,669,213
- -	Additions	•	•	723,630	343,803		2,451,190	57,406		63,772	55,757	3,695,558
- - - - - -	Disposals:											
-	Cost			•			(131,749)	-	-	•	(14,593)	(146,342)
Carron C	Accumulated depreciation	-	- -	•		٠	107,078	-	-	•	10,372	117,450
- - - (87,844) -<	Assets transferred to held	•	•		•	•	(24,671)			•	(4,221)	(28,892)
- -	Cost				[(87.844)				•	(87.844)
2,108 49,580 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 2,108 49,580 1,175,930 1,284,330 121,912 9,299,539 233,137 3,549 125,299 193,988 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670	Accumulated depreciation	•	•	•	•	•	73,898	•	•	•	•	73,898
(21) (646) - (54,738) (9,790) (482,933) (10,661) (49) (5,147) (22,633) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 2,108 49,580 1,175,930 1,284,330 121,912 9,299,539 233,137 3,549 125,299 193,988 (784) (43,762) - (533,839) (33,904) (3,900,383) (107,193) (3,104) (45,861) (85,318) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 - 10 10 10 10 10 20] .].		(13,946)].].	(13,946)
1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 2,108 49,580 1,175,930 1,284,330 121,912 9,299,539 233,137 3,549 125,299 193,988 (784) (43,762) - (533,838) (33,804) (3,900,393) (107,193) (3,104) (45,861) (85,318) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 20	Depreciation charge	(21)	(646)	•	(54,738)	(9,790)	(482,933)	(10,661)	(49)	(5,147)	(22,633)	(586,618)
2,108 49,580 1,175,930 1,284,330 121,912 9,299,539 233,137 3,549 125,299 193,988 (784) (43,762) - (533,838) (33,804) (3,900,393) (107,193) (3,104) (45,861) (85,318) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 10 10 10 10 20	Closing net book value	1,324	5,818	1,175,930	750,492	88,108	5,399,146	125,944	445	79,438	108,670	7,735,315
2,108 49,580 1,175,930 1,284,330 121,912 9,299,539 233,137 3,549 125,299 193,988 (784) (43,762) - (533,838) (33,804) (3,900,393) (107,193) (3,104) (45,861) (85,318) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 20	At 30 June 2022											
(784) (43,762) - (533,838) (33,804) (3,900,393) (107,193) (3,104) (45,861) (85,318) 1,324 5,818 1,175,930 756,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 20	Cost	2,108	49,580	1,175,930	1,284,330	121,912	9,299,539	233,137	3,549	125,299	193,988	12,489,372
1,324 5,818 1,175,930 750,492 88,108 5,399,146 125,944 445 79,438 108,670 1 10 - 10 10 10 10 10 20	Accumulated depreciation	(784)	(43,762)		(533,838)	(33,804)	(3,900,393)	(107,193)	(3,104)	(45,861)	(85,318)	(4,754,057)
1 10 - 10 10 10 10 10 10	Net book value	1,324	5,818	1,175,930	750,492	88,108	5,399,146	125,944	445	79,438	108,670	7,735,315
1 10 - 10 10 10 10 10 10	Annual rate of depreciation											
	(%)	-	1	•	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	

OPERATING FIXED ASSETS



For the year ended 30 June 2022

13.1.1 Detail of operating fixed assets, exceeding the book value of Rupees 500,000 disposed of during the year is as follows:

Plant and machinery 2 20.337 14.315 4.022 6.003 7.500 1.467 Negotiation Multiple British B	Description	Quantity	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale	Gain / (loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchasers	purchasers
,032 7,500 1,467 Negotiation ,022 5,000 978 Negotiation ,012 11,200 5,188 Negotiation ,012 11,200 5,188 Negotiation ,012 11,200 1,740 Negotiation ,012 2,500 1,728 Negotiation ,013 3,100 2,228 Negotiation ,014 2,100 1,426 Negotiation ,015 2,500 4,695 ,015 3,100 1,426 Negotiation ,015 3,100 2,228 Negotiation ,015 3,100 1,426 Negotiation ,016 3,100 1,426 Negotiation ,017 3,100 1,426 Negotiation ,018 3,100 2,3,318	Plant and machinery			(Rt	nbees thousan	(p				
,303 5,000 978 Negotiation 5,000 697 Negotiation 6,102 11,200 5,188 Negotiation 1,740 Negotiation 1,722 2,500 1,728 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 6,000 4,695 6,000 4,695 Negotiation 3,865 6,000 4,695 Negotiation 6,2210 23,318	Cone Winding Schlafhorst 338 RM	ო	30,505		6,033	2,500	1,467	Negotiation	Mubashar Brothers, Fais	salabad.
,303 5,000 697 Negotiation ,012 11,200 5,188 Negotiation 860 2,600 1,740 Negotiation ,441 6,400 2,959 Negotiation 538 750 1,728 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 682 65,210 23,318 Note	Cone Winding Schlafhorst 338 RM	Ø	20,337	16,315	4,022	2,000	978		Reliance Weaving Mills L	Jimited, Multan.
14 37,041 31,029 6,012 11,200 5,188 Negotiation 1,740 Negotiation 1,764 3,441 6,400 2,600 1,740 Negotiation 1,275 737 538 750 2,228 Negotiation 1,275 737 538 750 2,228 Negotiation 1,274 1,862 872 3,100 2,228 Negotiation 1,040 366 6,080 4,696	Cone Winding Schlafhorst 338 RM	-	17,360	13,057	4,303	2,000	269	Negotiation	H.A Fibers Private Limite	d, Multan.
772 2,500 1,728 Negotiation 538 750 2,128 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 6,060 4,695 822,210 23,318 82 52,210 23,318	Air Jet 710 Loom 190 CM Air Jet 710 Loom 190 CM	4 2	37,041	31,029	6,012	11,200	5,188		Detex Corporation, Kara The Crescent Textile Mills	chi. s Limited -
772 2,500 1,728 Negotiation 538 750 212 Negotiation 872 3,100 2,228 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 4,695 6,060 4,695 A,695 6,060 23,318	Air Jet 710 Loom 190 CM	ω	21,205	17,764	3,441	6,400	2,959		associated company, Fe Muhammad Yasin, Faise	iisalabad. ilabad.
838 750 212 Negotiation 872 3,100 2,228 Negotiation 674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation 674 2,100 4,695 6,060 4,695 892 52,210 23,318	Vehicles Towata Altip EE 17 7955	v	000	, to	770	C C	700		.i.o.o.i.口 40421年 70.00 4V	
872 3.100 2.228 Negotiation Ms. Asma Irfan, Lahone. 674 2.100 1,426 Negotiation Mr. Muhammad Anwar, Jam 3.865 6,060 4,695 Note (Rupees in tho Note (Rupees in tho 3.2 33,272 33,272 586,618	Suzuki Cultus LEC-17A-1420	- ~	1,275	737	538	750	212		Mr. Muhammad Munir, L	ahore.
674 2,100 1,426 Negotiation Mr. Muhammad Anwar, Jam ,365 6,060 4,695 Note (Rupees in tho 30 553,346 32,272 33,272 586,618	Honda Civic LE-16A-820	_	2,734	1,862	872	3,100	2,228	Negotiation	Ms. Asma Irfan, Lahore.	
,365 6,060 4,695 ,892 52,210 23,318 Note (Rupees in tho 30 553,346 32,272 33,272 586,618	Toyota Altis BFT-819	_	1,040		674	2,100	1,426	_	Mr. Muhammad Anwar,	Jamshoro.
2022 Note (Rupees in tho 30 553,346 32 33,272 586,618	Aggregate of other items of property, plant and equipment with individual book values not exceeding Runees 500,000		7,453		1,365	090'9	4,695			
202 Note (Rupees in tho 30 553,346 32 33,272 586,618			146,342	117,450	28,892	52,210	23,318			
30 553,346 32 33,272 586,618								Note		2021 thousand)
30 553,346 32 33,272 586,618	2 Depreciation charge	for the year	has been a	allocated as f	ollows:				•	
32 33,272 586,618	Cost of sales							30	553,346	435,366
	Administrative expen	Ses						32	33,272	28,550
									586,618	463,916

Area of land Kanals	4.70	120.00	347.50	627.00	1,099.20
nds and buildings) are as follows: Address	30-Q, Gulberg-II, Lahore.	Karachi - Hyderabad Motorway, Nooriabad, Jamshoro, Sindh.	Kotla Kahloon, Shahkot, District Nankana Sahib, Punjab.	4 K.M. Raiwind Manga Road, Raiwind, Punjab.	
Particulars of immovable properties (i.e. lands and buildings) are as follows: Manufacturing units and office	Site for office	Spinning unit	Spinning unit and weaving unit	Spinning unit	

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
14.2 Capital Work in Progress			
Buildings on freehold land		20,833	233,247
Plant and machinery		4,117	653,126
Electric installations		70,111	15,104
		95,061	901,477

		Buildings on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Electric installations	Total
			(R <mark>upees ir</mark>	thousand)	
14.2.1	Movement in capital work in progress				
	At 30 June 2020	29,425	31,109	10,542	_
	Add: Additions during the year	235,233	653,126	4,562	_
	Less: Capitalized during the year	21,320	31,109	/-	-
	Less: Charged to profit and loss	10,091	-		-
	At 30 June 2021	233,247	653,126	15,104	-
	Add: Additions during the year	131,389	1,802,181	112,413	63,772
	Less: Capitalized during the year	343,803	2,451,190	57,406	63,772
	At 30 June 2022	20,833	4,117	70,111	-

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	n thousand)
15.	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET			
	Net carrying amount			
	Balance as on 01 July		2,128	-
	Add: Addition during the year		-	2,321
	Less: Depreciation expense for the year	32	(464)	(193)
	Balance as on 30 June		1,664	2,128

15.1 The Company obtained vehicle on lease from First Habib Modarba. Lease term is three years.

16.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
	Balance as on 01 July	477,690	100,000
	Add: Additions during the year	-	427,690
	Less: Disposed of during the year	-	(50,000)
	Balance as on 30 June	477,690	477,690



- **16.1** These represent plots stated at cost. Market value of plots is estimated at Rupees 1,124.150 million (2021: Rupees 722.750 million). Forced sale value of investment properties as on the reporting date is Rupees 669.425 million (2021: Rupees 628.200 million). The valuation has been carried out by an independent valuer.
- **16.2** Particulars of investment properties are as follows:

Description	Address	Area of land (Kanals)
Residential Plots	Lake City, 13 K.M. Raiwind Road, Lahore.	39
Residential Plots	Central Boulevard Housing Scheme, Mouza Asal Suleman, Ferozepur Road, Lahore.	2.25
Commercial plots	Central Boulevard Housing Scheme, Mouza Asal Suleman, Ferozepur Road, Lahore.	0.2

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
17.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Investments in joint ventures - under equity method	17.1	-	-
	Equity instruments - at FVTOCI	17.2	766,021	965,497
	Knightbridge Residential Real Estate Partners (Partnership Firm)		6,130	6,130
			772,151	971,627
17.1	S2 Hydro Limited 24,000 (2021: 24,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each. Equity held 48% (2021: 48%)	17`.1.1	_	-
	S2 Power Limited 24,000 (2021: 24,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each. Equity held 48% (2021: 48%) S2 Solar Limited	17`.1.1	-	-
	25,000 (2021: 25,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each. Equity held 50% (2021: 50%)	17`.1.1	-	

For the year ended 30 June 2022

17.1.1 Reconciliation of investments in joint ventures under equity method:

	-		Hydro S2 Po nited Limit				
	_	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
					HOUSANDS)		
	Cost	240	240	240	240	250	250
	Add: Advance for purchase of shares	18,232	18,232	533	533	2,747	2,747
	Share of post acquisition reserves:						
	As at 01 July	(354)	(354)	(773)	(773)	(52)	(52)
	Share of profit / (loss) As at 30 June	(354)	(354)	(773)	(773)	(52)	(52)
	Less: Impairment loss	(18,118)	(18,118)	(773)	(110)	(2,945)	(2,945)
	Less. Impairment ioss	-	- (10,110)	-	-	(2,343)	(2,340
17.1.2	Summarized statement of financial position						
	Current assets	160	160	2	2	511	511
	Non-current assets	31,264	31,264	-	-	2,633	2,633
	Current liabilities	(1,954)	(1,954)	-		-	
	Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	
	Share deposit money	(29,707)	(29,707)	(2,978)	(2,978)	(2,747)	(2,747
	Net assets	(237)	(237)	(2,976)	(2,976)	397	397
7.1.3	Reconciliation to carrying amounts:						
	Net assets as at 01 July	(237)	(237)	(2,976)	(2,831)	397	397
	Loss after taxation	-		-	(145)	-	
	Net assets as at 30 June	(237)	(237)	(2,976)	(2,976)	397	397
	Company's share	48.00%	48.00%	48.00%	48.00%	50.00%	50.00%
	Company's share	(114)	(114)	(533)	(533)	198	198
	Company's advance for purchase of shares	18,232	18,232	533	533	2,747	2,747
	Impairment loss	(18,118)	(18,118)	-		(2,945)	(2,945
1714	Summarized statement of comprehensive income	-		-	-		
7.1	· ·						
	Revenue	-	-	-		-	
	Loss for the period	-	-	-	(145)	-	
	Other comprehensive income	-		-		-	
	Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(145)	-	
	The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the followings:						
	Cash and cash equivalents	160	160	2	2	511	51
	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	-		-	-	-	
	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	-	-	-	-	-	
	Depreciation and amortisation	-	_	-	-	-	
	Interest income	-	-	-		-	
	Interest expense	-		-		-	
	Income tax expense / income	-		-		-	



For the year ended 30 June 2022

17.1.5 Interests in associates

Name of associated company	Note	Country of incorporation	% of ownership interest	Measurement method
S2 Hydro Limited	17.1.6	Pakistan	48.00%	Equity method
S2 Power Limited	17.1.7	Pakistan	48.00%	Equity method
S2 Solar Limited	17.1.8	Pakistan	50.00%	Equity method

- 17.1.6 S2 Hydro Limited was incorporated for setting up hydel power generation facilities. Its registered office is situated at 7 B III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg V, Lahore.
- 17.1.7 S2 Power Limited was incorporated to set up undertakings for electricity / power generation plants and to generate, accumulate, distribute and sell electricity. Its registered office is situated at 7 B III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg V, Lahore.
- 17.1.8 S2 Solar Limited was incorporated to set up undertakings for electricity / power generation plants and to generate, accumulate, distribute and sell electricity. Its registered office is situated at 7 B III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg V, Lahore.

		2022			2021		
		Cost	Fair value adjustment	Fair value	Cost	Fair value adjustment	Fair value
				- (Rupees in	thousand) -		
2	Equity instruments - at FVTOCI						
	Quoted - Investments in related parties		,				
	Premier Insurance Limited						
	1,298,971 (2021: 1,298,971) fully paid ordinary shares of						
	of Rupees 10 each.	9,167	(3,529)	5,638	9,167	(2,023)	7,144
	The Crescent Textile Mills Limited - associated company						
	2,060,625 (2021: 1,648,500) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	45,855	(8,784)	37,071	37,613	7,375	44,98
	Crescent Steel and Allied Products Limited -						
	associated company						
	1,222,000 (2021: 1,222,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	81,193	(30,272)	50,921	81,193	21,430	102,62
		136,215	(42,585)	93,630	127,973	26,782	154,75
	Quoted - Others						
	Kot Adu Power Company Limited						
	525,000 (2021: 525,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	28,303	(13,850)	14,453	28,303	(5,019)	23,28
	Nishat Mills Limited						
	1,125,000 (2021: 1,125,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	130,996	(47,847)	83,149	130,996	(26,033)	104,96
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited						
	198,360 (2021: 198,360) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	40,362	(6,276)	34,086	40,362	4,120	44,48
	Oil & Gas Development Company Limited						
	550,000 (2021: 550,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	79,126	(35,857)	43,269	79,126	(26,860)	52,26
	The Searle Company Limited						
	197,077 (2021: 191,598) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	43,244	(21,759)	21,485	43,244	(6,463)	36,78
	DG Khan Cement Company Limited						
	1,212,400 (2021: 1,212,400) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	137,956	(62,181)	75,775	137,956	5,010	142,96
	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited						
	325,000 (2021: 325,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
	of Rupees 10 each.	28,259	7,563	35,822	28,259	6,224	34,48



		2022			2021		
	Cost	Fair value adjustment	Fair value	Cost	Fair value adjustment	Fair value	
			- (Rupees in	thousand) -			
Engro Corporation Limited							
979,000 (2021: 979,000) fully paid ordinary shares of							
of Rupees 10 each.	28,203	(3,857)	24,346	28,203	(303)	27,900	
Engro Fertilizers Limited							
1,900,000 (2021: 1,900,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
of Rupees 10 each.	111,449	56,967	168,416	111,449	22,064	133,513	
United Bank Limited							
220,700 (2021: 220,700) fully paid ordinary shares							
of Rupees 10 each.	45,720	(20,752)	24,968	45,720	(18,750)	26,970	
Kabina Tanki Mila Limita							
Kohinoor Textile Mills Limited							
799,900 (2021: 799,900) fully paid ordinary shares of of Rupees 10 each.	39,149	846	39,995	39,149	21,003	60,152	
or nupees to each.	39,149	040	39,993	39,149	21,000	00,102	
Attock Refinery Limited							
125,000 (2021: 125,000) fully paid ordinary shares of							
of Rupees 10 each.	21,531	442	21,973	21,531	10,525	32,056	
MCB Bank Limited							
200,140 (2021: 200,140) fully paid ordinary shares							
of Rupees 10 each.	39,959	(15,346)	24,613	39,959	(7,971)	31,988	
Habib Bank Limited							
250,000 (2021: 250,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
of Rupees 10 each.	41,688	(18,853)	22,835	41,688	(11,095)	30,593	
	850,841	(178,650)	672,191	850,841	(40,299)	810,542	
Unquoted - Others							
TCC Management Services (Private) Limited (Note 17.2.1)							
20,000 (2021: 20,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.	200	-	200	200	-	200	
	987,256	(221,235)	766,021	979,014	(13,517)	965,497	

^{17.2.1} Investment in ordinary shares of TCC Management Services (Private) Limited has not been measured at fair value as required by IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' as it will have immaterial impact and thus carried at cost.

^{17.3} Investment in Knightbridge Residential Real Estate Partners (Partnership Firm) is carried at cost being immaterial.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
18.	LONG TERM DEPOSIT			
	Deposit against leased asset		205	205
	Deposits - others	18.1	21,871	21,871
			22,076	22,076

18.1 These mainly includes interest free deposits made to utility companies for the provision of utility connection. These are not being carried at amortized cost, as required by IFRS 9 as it will have immaterial impact and thus carried at historical cost.

19. STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS

Stores	289,858	249,435
Spare parts	14,939	12,856
Loose tools	318	273
	305,115	262,564
Less: Provision for slow moving, obsolete and		
damaged store items 19.2	(47,817)	(43,639)
	257,298	218,925

19.1 Stores, spares and loose tools include stock in transit of Rupees 8.052 million (2021: Rupees 12.410 million).

19.2	Provision for slow moving, obsolete and damaged store items			
	Balance as on 01 July		43,639	40,306
	Less: Provision made during the year	33	4,178	3,333
	Balance as on 30 June		47,817	43,639
20.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw materials	20.1 & 20.2	2,129,234	2,153,916
	Work-in-process		350,705	183,121
	Finished goods	20.3	3,660,577	842,432
	Waste		24,034	24,213
			6,164,550	3,203,682



For the year ended 30 June 2022

- **20.1** Raw material include stock in transit of Rupees 137.716 million (2021: Rupees 159.612 million).
- **20.2** During the current year, as a result of fire at cotton godown, some cotton bales got burnt. The carrying value of the burnt raw materials was Rupees 91.066 million. The company have claimed such losses from insurance providers as referred to in Note 34.1.
- **20.3** Stock-in-trade of Rupees 570.416 million (2021: Rupees 25.186 million) is being carried at net realizable value.
- **20.4** The aggregate amount of write-down of inventories to net realizable value recognized as an expense during the year was Rupees 22.083 million (2021: Rupees 0.712 million).

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
21.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good:			
	Secured (against letters of credit)		34,451	-
	Unsecured:			
	- Related party	21.1, 21.2 & 21.3	13,447	641
	- Others	21.4	2,777,903	1,488,396
			2,825,801	1,489,037
	Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	21.5	(220,984)	(49,190)
			2,604,817	1,439,847
21.1	This represents amount due from following related par	ty:		
	The Crescent Textile Mills Limited - associated compa	ny	204	448
	Crescent Powertech Limited - associated company		68	37
	ICON Global (Private) Limited - associated company		8	8
	Equity Textiles Limited - associated company		-	148
	ACME Mills (Private) Limited - associated company		13,167	-
			13,447	641

21.2 The maximum aggregate amount receivables from related parties at the end of any month during the year was as follows:

The Crescent Textile Mills Limited - associated company	20,208	24,796
Crescent Powertech Limited - associated company	68	37
ICON Global (Private) Limited - associated company	8	8
Equity Textiles Limited - associated company	83,421	1,524
ACME Mills (Private) Limited - associated company	19,970	6,208

For the year ended 30 June 2022

21.3 As at 30 June 2022, trade debts due from related parties amounting to Rupees 0.643 million (2021: Rupees 0.641 million) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade debts are as follows:

	2022	2021
Not	e (Rupees i	n thousand)
Up to 30 days	166	20
31 to 60 days	302	177
61 to 90 days	128	22
Above 90 days	47	422
	643	641

21.4 As at 30 June 2022, trade debts due from other than related parties of Rupees 903.65 million (2021: Rupees 317.979 million) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers from whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade debts is as follows:

	Up to 30 days	570,337	246,503
	31 to 60 days	115,099	25,277
	61 to 90 days	170,361	3,060
	Above 90 days	47,853	43,139
		903,650	317,979
21.5	Allowance for expected credit loss		
	Opening balance	49,190	86,007
	Add / (Less): Recognized / (reversed) during the year.	171,794	(36,817)
	Closing balance	220,984	49,190
20.6	Default is triggered when more than 90 days have passed.		
21.7	Types of counterparties		
	Export		
	Corporate	34,451	_
	Local	ŕ	
	Corporate	2,525,055	1,322,635
	Others	266,295	166,402
		2,825,801	1,489,037

21.8 Secured trade debts amounting to Rupees 34.451 million represents receivable from parties situated in Karachi Export Processing Zone.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
22.	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Considered good:			
	Employees	22.1	4,115	6,337
	Advances to suppliers		46,977	18,454
	Letters of credit		25,546	12,677
	Due from related parties	22.2	-	2,504
			76,638	39,972

22.1 These represent short term loans and advances given to employees as per Company's policy for general purposes. These are secured against balance to the credit of employees in the provident fund trust and are recoverable in equal monthly instalments. The interest charged during the year Nil (2021: Nil to 8%) per annum on the balance outstanding.

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
22.2	These include amounts due from following related parties. These are neither past due nor impaired.			
	Crescent Fibres Limited - associated company		-	297
	Premier Insurance Limited - associated company		-	2,207
			-	2,504

22.3 The maximum aggregate amount receivable from related parties at the end of any month during the year was as follows:

Crescent Powertech Limited - associated company	-	13,742
Shams Textile Mills Limited - associated company	-	2,463
Crescent Fibres Limited - associated company	-	297
Premier Insurance Limited - associated company	-	2,207

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
23.	SHORT TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
	Security deposits	161,126	96,732
	Short term prepayments	10,634	8,882
		171,760	105,614
24.	INCOME TAX REFUNDABLE - NET		040.750
	Income tax refundable	-	646,752
	Provision for taxation	-	(509,585) 137,167
25.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		137,107
	Claims receivable 25.1	95,351	21,833
	Sales tax refundable	121,185	-
	Other receivables	35	-
	Fair value of forward exchange contracts	-	1,185
		216,571	23,018

^{25.1} These include amount receivable from Premier Insurance Limited - associated company against stock-in-trade burnt in fire amounting to Rupees 78.342 million.

26.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	At fair value through profit or loss:			
	Equity instruments	26.1	290,072	398,068
	Mutual funds	26.2	1,332,976	2,813,201
			1,623,048	3,211,269



For the year ended 30 June 2022

of Rupees 10 each.

				2022			2021	
		Note	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value
26.1	Equity instruments				(Rupees in	thousand)		
	Unquoted - Investments in related parties							
	Premier Financial Services (Private) Limited							
	2,200 (2021: 2,200) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 1,000 each.		-	-	-	0	-	
	Crescent Spinning Mills Limited	26.1.1						
	208,800 (2021: 208,800) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.		-	-	-	-	-	-
			-	-	-	-	-	-
	Quoted - Others							
	Samba Bank Limited							
	1,652,306 (2021: 1,652,306) fully paid ordinary shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		11,037	5,221	16,258	12,905	(1,868)	11,037
	Fauji Cement Company Limited							
	1,500,000 (2021: 1,500,000) fully paid ordinary							
	shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		34,500	(13,245)	21,255	25,320	9,180	34,500
	GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited							
	79,700 (2021: 79,700) fully paid ordinary shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		13,204	(3,247)	9,957	13,874	(670)	13,204
	Pakistan Telecommunication Limited							
	550,000 (2021: 550,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		6,512	(2,684)	3,828	4,884	1,628	6,512
	TPL Trakker Limited							
	160,000 (2021: 160,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		3,128	(1,669)	1,459	827	2,301	3,128
	First Equity Modaraba							
	1,848,000 (2021: 1,848,000) fully paid certificates							
	of Rupees 10 each.		12,474	1,386	13,860	5,533	6,941	12,474
	Nishat Chunian Power Limited							
	800,000 (2021: 800,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
	of Rupees 10 each.		12,016	(88)	11,928	12,096	(80)	12,016
	TRG Pakistan Limited							
	250,000 (2021: 100,000) fully paid ordinary shares							
	(5)						1	

(9,876)

19,333

16,633

		2022			2021	
Note	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value
			- (Rupees in	thousand)		
Aisha Steel Mills Limited						
854,500 (2021: 854,500) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	21,286	(11,844)	9,442	12,007	9,279	21,286
ICI Pakistan Limited						
10,000 (2021: 10,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	8,688	(1,442)	7,246	6,947	1,741	8,688
Arif Habib Corporation Limited						
100,000 (2021: 100,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	4,003	(303)	3,700	3,000	1,003	4,003
Power Cement Limited						
2,000,000 (2021: 2,000,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	19,220	(8,580)	10,640	12,400	6,820	19,220
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited						
100,000 (2021: 100,000) fully paid ordinary shares of of Rupees 10 each.	4,858	(1,437)	3,421	5,460	(602)	4,858
ornapses to each.	4,000	(1,407)	0,421	3,400	(002)	4,000
Service Global Footwear Limited						
529,544 (2021: 429,544) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	29,248	(7,971)	21,277	22,867	1,974	24,841
Hi-Tech Lubricants Limited						
960,000 (2021: 800,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	56,728	(18,664)	38,064	59,714	(2,986)	56,728
Azgard Nine Limited						
1,500,000 (2021: 1,500,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	50,835	(35,415)	15,420	44,309	6,526	50,835
National Refinery Limited						
50,000 (2021: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	21,170	4,990	26,160	-	-	-
Netsol Technologies Limited						
75,000 (2021: 50,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	36,196	(17,253)	18,943	21,170	4,990	26,160
The Bank of Punjab						
130,000 (2021: 130,000) fully paid ordinary shares						
of Rupees 10 each.	22,097	(9,131)	12,966	29,089	(6,992)	22,097



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022			2021	
Note	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain / (loss)	Fair value

----- (Rupees in thousand) -----

Indus Motor Company Limited

10,000 (2021: 10,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.

Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited

300,000 (2021: 300,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.

The HUB Power Company Limited

291,367 (2021: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.

Bank Alfalah Limited

300,000 (2021: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.

The HUB Power Company Limited

27,532 (2021: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.

12,541	(1,097)	11,444	11,600	941	12,541
14,094	(5,889)	8,205	12,664	1,430	14,094
23,213	(3,350)	19,863	24,560	(1,347)	23,213
9,710	(110)	9,600	-	-	
1,118 435,915	845 (145,843)	1,963	357,464	40,604	398,068
435,915	(145,843)	290,072	357,464	40,604	398,068

26.1.1 The official liquidator had submitted the statement in Lahore High Court for final liquidation of the Company and final decision is still awaited.

26.2 Mutual funds

	2022	2021			2022			2021	
	Number of units		Name of fund	Carrying value	Unreal- ised gain/(loss)	Fair value	Carrying value	Unrealised gain/(loss)	Fair value
						-(Rupees In	Thousand)		
2	2,251,448	3,752,577	Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund B Growth Units	221,179	300	221,479	369,227	(579)	368,648
19	9,231,112	45,575,392	NBP Money Market Fund	190,361	625	190,986	450,723	410	451,133
	198,394	644,973	Atlas Money Market Fund	100,366	320	100,686	325,864	413	326,277
4	7,042,646	36,059,105	ABL Cash Fund	479,040	866	479,906	367,042	76	367,118
3	3,963,173	4,950,929	HBL Cash Fund	190,501	223	190,724	502,289	(1,248)	501,041
1	,472,801	3,827,956	MCB Cash Management Optimizer	148,632	563	149,195	386,030	437	386,467
	-	4,083,478	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund - Class 'C'	-	-	-	412,344	173	412,517
74	1,159,574	98,894,410		1,330,079	2,897	1,332,976	2,813,519	(318)	2,813,201

For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
27.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	With banks:			
	On current accounts		41,821	16,167
	On PLS saving accounts	27.1	376,172	265,797
			417,993	281,964
	Cash in hand		2,742	1,011
			420,735	282,975

27.1 Rate of profit on bank deposits ranges from 5.50% to 12.25% (2021; 5.50% to 6.00%) per annum.

28. NON CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE		
Opening balance	23,866	14,192
Add: Addition during the year 14.1	13,946	15,799
	37,812	29,991
Less: Disposed of during the year 28.2	(11,660)	(6,125)
Closing balance	26,152	23,866

28.1 These represent items of plant and machinery. Carrying amounts of these assets will be recovered principally through sale transaction rather than through continuing use. The Company intends to dispose of plant and machinery items and anticipates that the disposal will be completed subsequent to the reporting period. The Company is currently in negotiation with some potential buyers. The Directors of the Company expect that the fair value less cost to sell of these assets will be higher than the aggregate carrying amount of the related assets.

28.2 Detail of assets, exceeding the book value of Rupees 500,000, disposed of during the year is as follows:

Description	Quantity	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
Plant and machinery			(Rup	ees in Thous	and)			
Air Jet 710 Loom 190 CM	24	63,206	52,948	10,258	19,200	8,942	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Arslan, Faisalabad.
Aggregate of other items with individual book values not exceeding								
Rupees 500,000	4	10,772	9,370	1,402	2,000	598		
		73,978	62,318	11,660	21,200	9,540		



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Note	2022 (Rupees ir	2021 n thousand)
29.	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS			
	Export sales	29.1	204,506	274,786
	Local sales	29.2	23,296,153	17,100,014
			23,500,659	17,374,800
29.1	Local sales			
	Sales	29.2.1	27,269,013	20,005,845
	Less: Sales tax		(3,972,860)	(2,905,831)
			23,296,153	17,100,014

- **29.1.1** These include sales of Rupees 11,601.484 million (2021: Rupees 5,974.745 million) made to direct exporters against standard purchase orders (SPOs). Further, local sales include waste sales of Rupees 1,053.956 million (2021: Rupees 679.967 million).
- **29.2** The amount of Rupees 58.196 million included in contract liabilities (Note 8) at 30 June 2021 has been recognised as revenue during the year. (2021: Rupees 41.902 million).

29.3 Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

In the following table, revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by primary geographical market, major products and timing of revenue recognition.

	Spir	nning	Weaving		Total - Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
Primary geographical markets						
Pakistan	13,517,104	11,225,956	9,779,049	5,874,058	23,296,153	17,100,01
Hong Kong	-	-	-	50,106	-	50,10
Italy	-	-	59,777	105,598	59,777	105,59
Korea	-	-	-	10,387	-	10,38
Portugal	-	-	86,373	8,908	86,373	8,90
Turkey	-	-	-	46,159	-	46,15
China	-	-	-	38,579	-	38,57
Sri Lanka	4,971	1,613	-	-	4,971	1,61
Germany	-	-	-	13,436	-	13,43
Karachi Export Processing Zone	18,596	-	-	-	18,596	
Bangladesh	-	-	34,789	-	34,789	
	13,540,671	11,227,569	9,959,988	6,147,231	23,500,659	17,374,80
Major products lines						
Yam	13,469,371	11,212,610	-	-	13,469,371	11,212,61
Greige fabric	-	-	9,959,988	6,147,231	9,959,988	6,147,23
Cotton	71,300	14,959	-	-	71,300	14,95
	13,540,671	11,227,569	9,959,988	6,147,231	23,500,659	17,374,80
Timing of revenue recognition						
Products transferred at a point in time	13,540,671	11,227,569	9,959,988	6,147,231	23,500,659	17,374,80
Products transferred over time	-	-	-	-	-	
External revenue as reported	13,540,671	11,227,569	9,959,988	6,147,231	23,500,659	17,374,80

29.4 Revenue is recognised at point in time as per the terms and conditions of underlying contracts with customers.

		Note	2022 (Rupees in	2021 thousand)
30.	COST OF SALES			
50.	OOST OF SALES			
	Raw materials consumed	30.1	17,386,979	9,956,058
	Sizing expenses		114,879	67,367
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	30.2	1,189,694	964,881
	Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed		275,676	271,641
	Packing materials consumed		181,714	151,429
	Repair and maintenance		101,367	100,384
	Fuel and power		1,935,900	1,442,921
	Insurance		36,275	31,157
	Other factory overheads		25,820	20,557
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	14.1.2	553,346	435,366
			21,801,650	13,441,761
	Work-in-process			
	Opening stock		183,121	167,564
	Closing stock		(350,705)	(183,121)
			(167,584)	(15,557)
	Cost of goods manufactured		21,634,066	13,426,204
	Finished goods			
	Openings stock		866,645	1,368,302
	Closing stock		(3,684,611)	(866,645)
			(2,817,966)	501,657
			18,816,100	13,927,861
30.1	Raw materials consumed			
	Opening stock		2,153,916	2,182,402
	Add: Purchased during the year		17,453,363	9,927,572
	Less: Loss of raw materials due to fire	20.2	(91,066)	_
			19,516,213	12,109,974
	Less: Closing stock		(2,129,234)	(2,153,916)
			17,386,979	9,956,058

^{30.2} Salaries, wages and other benefits include provident fund contribution of Rupees 26.065 million (2021: Rupees 21.016 million) by the Company.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Note	2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
31.	DISTRIBUTION COST			
	Salaries and other benefits	31.1	8,244	7,140
	Outward freight and shipment		39,124	33,438
	Commission to selling agents		188,898	110,092
	Clearing and forwarding		3,746	4,625
	Export development surcharge		464	641
			240,476	155,936

31.1 Salaries and other benefits include provident fund contribution of Rupees 0.293 million (2021: Rupees 0.223 million) by the Company.

32. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries and other benefits	32.1	138,460	119,339
Vehicles' running and maintenance		9,087	6,178
Travelling and conveyance		7,257	5,277
Rent, rates and taxes		9,410	8,775
Insurance		3,496	2,802
Entertainment		487	202
Advertisement		240	237
Communication		1,809	2,069
Electricity and gas		9,249	8,235
Printing and stationery		6,172	10,340
Repair and maintenance		8,866	6,512
Fee and subscription		7,212	6,262
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	14.1.2	33,272	28,550
Depraciation on right-of-use asset	15	464	193
Donations	32.2 & 32.3	75,752	126,820
		311,233	331,791

^{32.1} Salaries and other benefits include provident fund contribution of Rupees 3.979 million (2021: Rupees 3.722 million) by the Company.

^{32.2} The name of donees to whom donation amount exceeded Rupees 7.575 million (2021: Rupees 12.682 million) are as follows:

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	2022	2021
Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Lahore Institute of Health Sciences	-	100,000
The Citizens Foundation	10,000	-
Chiniot Blood Bank & Dialysis Centre	-	1,500
Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital	10,000	-
Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust	10,000	-

32.3 There is no interest of any director or his spouse in donees' fund.

33. OTHER EXPENSES	-	_ /
Legal and professional	4,794	5,235
Auditor's remuneration 3	2,299	1,750
Workers' profit participation fund	3.3 199,731	165,741
Workers' welfare fund	75,898	62,981
Provision for slow moving, obsolete and damaged store		
items 1	9.2 4,178	3,333
Allowance for expected credit loss 2	1.5 171,794	-
Unrealised loss on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss	142,946	
Impairment loss on investments in joint ventures	-	21,063
Others	24	1,076
	601,664	261,179
33.1 Auditor's remuneration		
Audit fee	1,907	1,502
Half yearly review and other certifications	295	193
Out of pocket expenses	97	55
	2,299	1,750



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Note	2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	inousanaj
34.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Dividend income		307,222	180,282
	Profit on deposits with banks		18,314	10,932
	Gain on sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss		18,917	79,129
	Unrealised gain on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss		-	40,286
	Gain on initial recognition of GIDC payable at amortized cost		-	41,076
	Reversal of allowance for expected credit loss (Note 20.4)		-	36,817
	Net exchange gain		6,827	5,311
	Others		-	278
			351,280	394,111
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	14.1.1	23,318	7,042
	Gain on sale of non-current assets classified as held for sale	28.2	9,540	5,765
	Gain on insurance claim of raw materials written off due to fire	34.1	12,276	
	Gain on sale of investment properties	15.2	-	138,000
	Scrap sales		5,289	8,314
			50,423	159,121
		·	401,703	553,232

34.1 As referred in Note 20.2, during the current year, as a result of a fire incident at cotton godown some cotton bales got burnt. The Company filed the insurance claim in respect of its raw materials. The insurer appointed a surveyor who completed its survey and assessed the insurance claim at Rupees 103.342 million. The assessed amount of insurance claim has been agreed between the insurer and the company. Out of total claim, the company has received proceeds of Rupees 25.000 million from the insurer as at 30 June 2022. The carrying value of burnt raw materials was Rupees 91.066 million, hence gain recognized during the year on insurance claim of raw materials written off due to fire amounted to Rupees 12.276 million.

35.	FINANCE COST		
	Mark-up on:		
	Long term financing	111,186	68,299
	Short term borrowings	74,125	55,132
	Lease liability	126	82
	Adjustment due to impact of IFRS 9 7.2	13,426	27,362
	Bank charges and commission	15,043	14,307
		213,906	165,182

For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
36.	TAXATION			
	Current	36.1	862,039	509,585
	Prior year		-	6,155
	Deferred		66,413	11,822
			928,452	527,562

36.1 The provision for current tax represents corporate tax on local sales and income form other sources, final tax on export sales and super tax on income calculated as per section 4C of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Reconciliation of tax expense and product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate is as follows:

36.2	Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Accounting profit before taxation	3,718,983	3,086,083
	Applicable tax rate	29%	29%
	Tax on accounting profit	1,078,505	894,964
	Tax effect of change in prior year's tax	-	6,155
	Tax effect of capital gain taxed at a lower rate	(756)	(13,056)
	Tax effect of final tax regime income taxed at a lower rate	(371,689)	(207,713)
	Tax effect due to adjustments of brought forward losses	-	(114,298)
	Tax effect of dividend income taxed at a lower rate	(43,011)	(25,239)
	Tax effect arising as a consequence of recognition of		
	deferred income tax	66,413	11,822
	Tax effect of super tax	229,376	-
	Tax effect of section 7E	11,242	-
	Others	(41,628)	(25,073)
		928,452	527,562



			2022	2021	
		(Rupees in thousand)			
37.	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED				
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders		2,790,531	2,558,521	
	·			Restated	
			(Number	of shares)	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		44,372,287	44,372,287	
	voigitied avorage harrisor or ordinary draids		11,072,201	Restated	
			Rup		
			Пар		
	Earnings per share		62.89	57.66	
	Zariii igo por oriaro		02.00	01.00	
			2022	2021	
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)	
38.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS				
	Profit before taxation		3,718,983	3,086,083	
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		, ,		
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		586,618	463,916	
	Depreciation on right-of-use asset		464	193	
	Gain on sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss		(18,917)	(79,129)	
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(23,318)	(7,042)	
	Gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale		(9,540)	(5,765)	
	Gain on initial recognition of GIDC payable at amortized cost		-	(41,076)	
	Gain on sale of investment properties		-	(138,000)	
	Dividend income		(307,222)	(180,282)	
	Impairment loss on Investments in joint ventures		-	21,063	
	Allowance for / (reversal of) expected credit loss		171,794	(36,817)	
	Provision for slow moving, obsolete and damaged store items		4,178	3,333	
	Provision for workers' profit participation fund		199,731	165,741	
	Provision for workers' welfare fund		75,898	62,981	
	Unrealised loss / (gain) on re-measurement of investments		142,946	(40,286)	
	at fair value through profit or loss Finance cost		213,906	165,182	
	Profit on bank deposits		(18,314)	(10,932)	
	Working capital changes	38.1	(3,939,526)	402,384	
	Morning capital changes	00.1	797,681	3,831,547	

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
38.1	Working capital changes		
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
	- Stores, spare parts and loose tools	(42,551)	(18,616)
	- Stock in trade	(2,960,868)	514,586
	- Trade debts	(1,336,764)	(429,018)
	- Loans and advances	(36,666)	15,165
	- Trade deposits and short term prepayments	(66,146)	(31,489)
	- Other receivables	(193,553)	74,467
		(4,636,548)	125,095
	Increase in trade and other payables	697,022	277,289
		(3,939,526)	402,384

38.2 Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities.

			2022			
	Liabilities from financing activities					
	Long term financing	Lease liability	Short term borrowings	Unclaimed dividend	Total	
	(Rupees in thousand)					
Balance as at 01 July 2021	2,962,714	1,773	429,454	6,387	3,400,328	
Financing obtained	1,756,984	-	-	-	1,756,98	
Repayment of financing	(489,590)	-	-	-	(489,590	
Repayment of lease liability	-	(583)	-	-	(583	
Short term borrowings - net	-	-	297,042	-	297,04	
Dividend declared	-	-	-	403,384	403,38	
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(402,458)	(402,458	
Other changes - non-cash movement	(380,689)	-	-	-	(380,689	
Balance as at 30 June 2022	3,849,419	1,190	726,496	7,313	4,584,41	

	2021						
		Liabilities from fir	nancing activities				
	Long term financing	Lease liability	Short term borrowings	Unclaimed dividend	Total		
	(Rupees in thousand)						
Balance as at 01 July 2020	2,590,654	-	1,278,365	6,731	3,875,7		
Financing obtained	566,259	-	-	-	566,2		
Repayment of financing	(30,274)	-	-	-	(30,2		
Lease liability recognized	-	2,246	-	-	2,2		
Repayment of lease liability	-	(473)	-	-	(4		
Short term borrowings - net	-	-	(848,911)	-	(848,9		
Dividend declared	-	-	-	146,685	146,6		
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(147,029)	(147,0		
Other changes - non-cash movement	(163,925)	-	-	-	(163,9		
Balance as at 30 June 2021	2,962,714	1.773	429,454	6,387	3,400,3		



For the year ended 30 June 2022

39. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

39.1 The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed a cash dividend for the year ended 30 June 2022 of Rupees 04 per share (2021: Rupees 10 per share) along with issuance of bonus shares @ NIL (2021: 10%) at their meeting held on September 26, 2022. However, these events have been considered as non-adjusting events under IAS 10 'Events after the Reporting Period' and have not been recognized in these financial statements.

40. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration including all benefits to Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

	Chief Executive Officer		Director		Executives	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	/		(Rupees in	thousand)		
Managerial remuneration	13,395	12,177	21,580	19,619	30,596	27,375
Allowances						
House rent	4,688	4,262	7,553	6,866	13,098	10,991
Reimbursement of expenses	425	363	1,526	1,939	-	-
Other allowance	1,339	1,218	2,158	1,962	7,795	7,056
Contribution to provident fund trust	824	731	1,295	1,177	1,756	1,347
	20,671	18,751	34,112	31,563	53,245	46,769
No. of persons	1	1	2	2	15	15

- **40.1** Chief Executive Officer, directors and certain executives of the Company are provided with Company maintained vehicles.
- **40.2** Aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for meeting fee to seven directors (2021: five directors) was Rupees 0.700 million (2021: Rupees 0.650 million).
- 40.3 No remuneration was paid to non-executive directors of the Company.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

41. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated undertakings, joint ventures, other related parties and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Detail of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

	2022 (Rupees i	2021 n thousand)
Crescent powertec Limited - associated company Purchase of electricity Sale of goods Dividend Paid Bonus shares issued (Numbers) Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	97,289 26,937 178,276 1,782,755 245	10,024 37 64,827 1,620,687 264
The Crescent Textile Mills Limited - associated company Sale of goods Purchase of goods Sale of property, plant and equipment	62,161 74,476 3,402	44,52 7 74,664
Premier Insurance Limited - associated company Insurance expense Dividend paid Bonus shares issued (Numbers) Insurance claim lodged Insurance claim received	39,771 13,444 134,438 103,342 25,000	51,616 4,889 122,217 -
Shams Textile Mills Limited - associated company Purchase of goods Sale of property, plant and equipment Sale of goods	95,819 - 117	135,073 2,340 -
Crescent Fibers Limited - associated company Purchase of goods	281,766	29,147
ACME Mills (Private) Limited - associated company Sale of goods	116,389	14,227
Equity Textile Limited - associated company Sale of goods	70,305	7,376



For the year ended 30 June 2022

	2022 (Rupees ir	2021 n thousand)
Directors and their family members		
Dividend paid	118,218	42,730
Bonus shares issued (Numbers)	1,178,172	1,068,246
Directors and their family members		
Company's contribution to provident fund trust	30,337	24,961

- **41.1** Detail of compensation to key management personnel comprising of chief executive officer, directors and executives is disclosed in note 40.
- **41.2** Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangements / agreements in place:

Name of the related party	Basis of relationship	Transaction or agreeme arrangements the financia	Percentage of shareholding	
		2022	2021	
Crescent Powertech Limited	Common directorship	Yes	Yes	None
Premier Insurance Limited	Common directorship and shareholding	Yes	Yes	3%
S2 Hydro Limited	Joint Venture	No	Yes	48%
S2 Power Limited	Joint Venture	No	No	48%
Shams Textile Mills Limited	Common directorship	Yes	Yes	None
The Crescent Textile Mills Limited	Common directorship and shareholding	Yes	Yes	2%
S2 Solar Limited	Joint Venture	No	No	50%
Crescent Fibers Limited	Common directorship	Yes	Yes	None
ACME Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	Yes	Yes	None
Shakarganj Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Premier Financial Services (Private) Limited	Common directorship and shareholding	No	No	9.77%
Equity Textile Limited*	Common directorship	Yes	Yes	None
ICON Global (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Al-Abbas Sugar Sugar Mills Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Bhikki Spinning Mills (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Crescent Steel and Allied Products Limited	Common directorship	No	No	2%
Bridgeline Global Logistics (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Mohammad Amin Mohammad Bashir Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Mohd. Amin Mohd. Bashir International (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Suraj Brands (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Suraj Fabrics Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Jubilee Spinning & Weaving Mills Limited	Common directorship	No	No	None
Crescent Educational Trust	Director is trustee of the Trust	No	No	None
Provident Fund Trust	Post-employment benefit plan	Yes	Yes	None

For the year ended 30 June 2022

42. PROVIDENT FUND

As at the reporting date, the Suraj Cotton Mills Employees Provident Fund Trust is in the process of regularizing its investments in accordance with section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the regulations formulated for this purpose by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n thousand)
43.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
	Number of employees as on 30 June	3,130	2,759
	Average number of employees during the year	3,022	2,746

44. SEGMENT INFORMATION

44.1 The Company has two reportable segments. The following summary describes the operation in each of the Company's reportable segments:

Spinning: Production of different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers.

Weaving: Production of different quality of greige fabric using yarn.

Transactions between operating segments are recorded on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Inter segment sales and purchases have been eliminated from the total.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Spinning		Weaving		Elimination of Inter-segment transactions		Total - Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
				-(Rupees in tl	nousand)			
Revenue								
External	13,540,672	11,227,569	9,959,987	6,147,231	-	-	23,500,659	17,374,800
Inter-segment	4,446,784	2,844,447	-	-	(4,446,784)	(2,844,447)	-	-
	17,987,456	14,072,016	9,959,987	6,147,231	(4,446,784)	(2,844,447)	23,500,659	17,374,800
Cost of sales								
External	(9,543,666)	(8,506,109)	(9,272,434)	(5,421,752)	-	-	(18,816,100)	(13,927,861)
Inter-segment	(4,446,784)	(2,844,447)	-	-	4,446,784	2,844,447	-	-
	(13,990,450)	(11,350,556)	(9,272,434)	(5,421,752)	4,446,784	2,844,447	(18,816,100)	(13,927,861)
Gross profit	3,997,006	2,721,460	687,553	725,479	-	-	4,684,559	3,446,939
Distribution cost	(142,239)	(93,137)	(98,237)	(62,799)	-	_	(240,476)	(155,936)
Administrative expenses	(228,159)	(241,815)	(83,074)	(89,976)	-	-	(311,233)	(331,791)
	(370,398)	(334,952)	(181,311)	(152,775)	-	-	(551,709)	(487,727)
Profit before taxation and unallocated income and expenses	3,626,608	2,386,508	506,242	572,704	-	-	4,132,850	2,959,212
Unallocated income and expe	nses:						-	
Other expenses							(601,664)	(261,179)
Other income							401,703	553,232
Finance cost							(213,906)	(165,182)
Taxation							(928,452)	(527,562)
Profit after taxation							2,790,531	2,558,521

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Spinning		Weaving		Total - Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
				(Rupees	in thousand)		
44.2	Reconciliation of reportable segment assets and liabilities						
	Total assets for reportable segment	11,595,209	8,211,374	6,171,276	2,697,553	17,766,485	10,908,927
	Unallocated assets:						
	Investment properties					477,690	477,690
	Long term investments					772,151	971,627
	Income tax refundable - net					-	137,167
	Short term investments					1,623,048	3,211,269
	Non-current assets classified as held for sale					26,152	23,866
	Total assets as per statement of financial position					20,665,526	15,730,546
	Total liabilities for reportable segments	4,064,215	4,953,210	4,083,201	1,106,437	8,147,416	6,059,647
	Unallocated liabilities:						
	Unallocated:						
	Deferred liabilities					710,377	396,510
	Provision for taxation - net					339,987	
	Unclaimed dividend					7,313	6,387
	Total liabilities as per statement of financial position					9,205,093	6,462,544
14.3	Geographical information						
11.0	The company's revenue from external customers by geographical locations is detailed below:						
	Pakistan					23,296,153	17,100,01
	Hong Kong					-	50,10
	Italy					59,777	105,59
	Korea					-	10,38
	Portugal					86,373	8,90
	Turkey					-	46,15
	China					-	38,57
	Sri Lanka					4,971	1,61
	Germany					-	13,43
	Karachi Export Processing Zone					18,596	
	Bangladesh					34,789	
						23,500,659	17,374,800

^{44.4} All non-current assets of the Company as at reporting dates are located and operating in Pakistan.

44.5 Revenue from major customers

The Company's revenue is earned from a large mix of customers.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

			2022	2021
			(Figures in	thousand)
45.	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION			
	Spinning			
	100 % plant capacity converted to 20s count based on 3 shifts per day.	Kgs.	55,216	54,716
	Actual production converted to 20s count based on 3 shifts per day.	Kgs.	52,392	52,592
	Weaving			
	100 % plant capacity at 50 picks based on 3 shifts per day.	Sq.Mtr.	130,654	93,847
	Actual production converted to 50 picks based on 3 shifts per day.	Sq.Mtr.	104,755	85,410

45.1 Reason for low production

Under utilization of available capacity for spinning and weaving is mainly due to normal repair and maintenance.

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

46.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the Company's finance department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Company's finance department evaluates and hedges financial risks. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, other price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United States Dollar (USD). Currently, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to the amounts receivable / payable from / to the foreign entities. The Company's exposure to currency risk was as follows:

	2022	2021
Short term borrowings - USD Trade debts - USD Net Exposure - USD	(1,165,559) 169,292 (996,267)	- - -
The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:		
Rupees per US Dollar Average rate Reporting date rate	179.89 203.50	159.81 157.80

Sensitivity analysis

If the functional currency, at reporting date, had weakened / strengthened by 5% against the USD with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit after taxation for the year would have been Rupees 15.291 million (2021: Rupees Nil) lower / higher, mainly as a result of exchange losses / gains on translation of foreign exchange denominated financial instruments. Currency risk sensitivity to foreign exchange movements has been calculated on a symmetric basis. In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of inherent currency risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(ii) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarizes the impact of increase / decrease in the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) Index on the Company's equity investments. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity index had increased / decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant and all the Company's equity instruments moved according to the historical correlation with the index:



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		on profit axation	Impact on statement of oth comprehensive income (fa value reserve on FVTOCI investments)		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		(Rupees ir	thousand)		
PSX 100 (5% increase)	58,290	114,307	33,505	42,232	
PSX 100 (5% decrease)	(58,290)	(114,307)	(33,505)	(42,232)	

(iii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from long term financing, short term borrowings, lease liability, loans and advances to employees and bank balances in saving accounts. Financial instruments at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Financial instruments at fixed rate expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	2022	2021
	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
Long term financing	3,823,671	2,933,193
Short term borrowings	237,191	-
Financial assets		
Loans and advances to employees	-	2,577
Floating rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Bank balances - saving accounts	376,172	265,797
Financial liabilities		
Long term financing	25,748	29,521
Short term borrowings	489,305	429,454
Lease liability	1,190	1,773

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates at the year end date, fluctuates by 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year would have been Rupees 5.003 million (2021: Rupees 2.691 million) lower / higher, mainly as a result of higher / lower interest expense / income on floating rate financial instruments. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of financial instruments outstanding at reporting dates were outstanding for the whole year.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2022	2021
	(Rupees in	thousand)
Long term investments	766,021	965,497
Long term deposits	22,076	22,076
Trade debts	2,604,817	1,439,847
Loans and advances	4,115	8,841
Short term deposits	161,126	96,732
Other receivables	95,386	23,018
Short term investments	1,623,048	3,211,269
Bank balances	417,993	281,964
	5,694,582	6,049,244



For the year ended 30 June 2022

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

		Rating		2022	2021
	Short Term	Long term	Agency	(Rupees in	thousand)
Banks					
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	224,749	252,533
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	1,674	2,200
United Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	674	137
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	86,839	-
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	20,984	1,143
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	2,676	322
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	33,109	19,594
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	A1+	AA	VIS	97	97
Finca Microfinance bank Limited	A1	Α	PACRA	5,484	4,392
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	A1	Α	PACRA	744	234
Samba Bank Limited	A1	AA	VIS	1,485	534
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	5,281	336
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	34,197	442
				417,993	281,964
Investments					
Premier Insurance Limited	Unknown	A+(ifs)	PACRA	5,638	7,144
The Crescent Textile Mills Limited	A-2	Α	VIS	37,071	44,988
Kot Addu Power Company Limited	A1+	AA+	VIS	14,453	23,284
Nishat Mills Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	83,149	104,963
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	A1+	AA+	VIS	34,086	44,482
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	43,269	52,266
The Searle Company Limited	A1	AA-	VIS	21,485	36,781
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	75,775	142,966
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	35,822	34,483
Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	37,006	28,145
Engro Corporation Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	24,346	27,900
Engro Fertilizers Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	168,416	133,513
Crescent Steel and Allied Products Limited	A2	A -	VIS	50,921	102,623
United Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	24,968	26,970
Kohinoor Textile Mills Limited	A1	A+	VIS	39,995	60,152
Attock Refinery Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	21,973	32,056
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	24,613	31,988
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	22,835	30,593

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		Rating		2022	2021
	Short Term	Long term	Agency	(Rupees in	n thousand)
TCC Management Son ions (Private) Limited		Unknown		200	200
TCC Management Services (Private) Limited Samba Bank Limited	A1	AA	VIS	16,258	11,037
	A1	A+	PACRA	•	
Fauji Cement Company Limited GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited	AI	Unknown	FAUNA	21,255 9,957	34,500
	A1+	AAA	VIS	3,828	6,512
Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited TPL Corp Limited	A1+ A1	A	PACRA	1,459	3,128
First Equity Modaraba	AI	Unknown	FAUNA	13,860	12,474
Nishat Chunian Power Limited	A2	A+	VIS		12,474
TRG Pakistan Limited - Class 'A'	AZ		VIO	11,928	
Aisha Steel Mills Limited	A-2	Unknown A-	VIS	19,333 9,442	16,633 21,286
ICI Pakistan Limited	A-2 A1+	A- AA	VIS	-	
Arif Habib Corporation Limited	AI+	Unknown	VIO	7,246 3,700	8,688 4,003
Power Cement Limited	A2		VIS		
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	AZ A1	A- AA-	PACRA	10,640 3,421	19,220 4,858
· ·	AT	Unknown	FAUNA	21,277	24,841
Service Global Footwear Limited Hi-Tech Lubricants Limited	A-2	A	VIS	38,064	56,728
	A-2	Unknown	VIO	•	
Azgard Nine Limited	۸ 1 .			15,420	50,835
National Refinery Limited	A1+	AA+ Unknown	PACRA	18,943	26,160
Netsol Technologies Limited	۸ 1 .		\//\0	12,966	22,097
Indus Motor Company Limited	A-1+	AA+ ^	VIS	11,444	12,541
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	A-1	A	VIS	8,205	14,094
The HUB Power Company Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	19,863	23,213
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	9,600	-
Octopus Digital Limited	I halva avvaa	Unknown		1,963	-
Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund B Growth units	Unknown	AA+(f)	PACRA	221,479	368,648
NBP Money Market Fund	Unknown	AA(f)	PACRA	190,986	451,133
Atlas Money Market Fund	Unknown	AA+(f)	PACRA	100,686	326,277
ABL Cash Fund	Unknown	AA+(f)	VIS	479,906	367,118
HBL Cash Fund	Unknown	AA+(f)	VIS	190,724	501,041
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	Unknown	AA+(f)	PACRA	149,195	386,467
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund - Class 'C'	Unknown	AA+(f)	VIS	-	412,517
				2,389,069	4,176,766
				2,807,062	4,458,730

The Company's exposure to credit risk and allowance for expected credit losses related to trade debts is disclosed in Note 21.

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, the management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade debts.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. These trade receivables are netted off with the collateral obtained, if any, from these customers to calculate the net exposure towards these customers. The Company has concluded that the expected loss rates for trade debts against local sales are different from the expected loss rates for trade debts against export sales.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before 30 June 2022 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Company has identified the Gross Domestic Product, Unemployment, Interest, and the inflation Index of the country in which it majorly sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

On that basis, the loss allowance as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 was determined as follows:

At 30 June 2022

		Local Sales			Export Sales	
	Expected loss rate	Trade debts	Loss allowance	Expected loss rate	Trade debts	Loss allowance
	%	(RUPEES IN	THOUSAND)	%	(RUPEES IN	THOUSAND)
	/			/		
Not past due	0.00%	1,920,647	-	0.00%	34,451	-
Up to 30 days	9.92%	537,390	53,291	0.00%	-	-
31 to 60 days	19.99%	115,099	23,003	0.00%	-	-
61 to 90 days	56.84%	170,361	96,837	0.00%	-	-
Above 90 days	100.00%	47,853	47,853	0.00%	-	-
Total		2,791,350	220,984		34,451	-
At 30 June 2021						
Not past due	0.00%	1,170,864	-	0.00%	-	-
Up to 30 days	1.50%	246,523	3,699	0.00%	-	-
31 to 60 days	4.51%	25,277	1,140	0.00%	-	-
61 to 90 days	33.94%	3,060	1,038	0.00%	-	-
Above 90 days	100.00%	43,313	43,313	0.00%	-	-
Total		1,489,037	49,190		-	-

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Liquidity risk (c)

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. At 30 June 2022, the Company had Rupees 4,463.912 million (2021: Rupees 7,529.287 million) available borrowing limits from financial institutions and Rupees 420.735 million (2021: Rupees 282.975 million) cash and bank balances. The management believes the liquidity risk to be low. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments. The amount disclosed in the table are undiscounted cash flows:

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2022

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 year	More than 2 years
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
Long term financing	3,849,419	4,815,920	239,639	257,600	679,481	3,639,201
Lease liability	1,190	1,269	355	355	559	-
Trade and other payables	2,372,029	2,372,029	2,372,029	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up	31,378	31,378	31,378	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	726,496	738,419	274,314	464,105	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	7,313	7,313	7,313	-	-	-
	6,987,825	7,966,328	2,925,028	722,060	680,040	3,639,201

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2021

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 year	More than 2 years
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
Long term financing	2,962,714	3,126,639	183,667	183,667	367,334	2,391,971
Lease liability	1,773	1,979	355	355	710	559
Trade and other payables	1,657,393	1,657,393	1,657,393	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up	26,293	26,293	26,293	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	429,454	436,676	436,676	=	=	-
Unclaimed dividend	6,387	6,387	6,387	-	-	-
	5,084,014	5,255,367	2,310,771	184,022	368,044	2,392,530

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of interest rates / mark-up rates effective as at 30 June. The rates of interest / mark up have been disclosed in note 5, note 6 and note 10 to these financial statements.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Total
46.2	Financial instruments by categories		(Rupees in	thousand)	
	As at 30 June 2022 Assets as per statement of financial position				
	Long term investments	-	-	766,021	766,021
	Long term deposits	-	22,076	•	22,076
	Trade debts	-	2,604,817	-	2,604,817
	Loans and advances	-	4,115	-	4,115
	Short term deposits Other receivables	-	161,126 95,386	_	161,126 95,386
	Short term investments	1,623,048	-	_	1,623,048
	Cash and bank balances	-	420,735	-	420,735
		1,623,048	3,308,255	766,021	5,697,324
			iabilities at zed cost	FVTPL	Total
	X		(Rupees in	thousand)	
	Liabilities as per statement of financial position				
	Long term financing		3,849,419	_	3,849,419
	Lease liability		1,190	-	1,190
	Trade and other payables		2,372,029	-	2,372,029
	Accrued mark-up		31,378	-	31,378
	Short term borrowings Unclaimed dividend		726,496 7,313	•	726,496 7,313
	Oriciali neu divideria		6,987,825	<u>-</u> _	6,987,825
					.,,.
		FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Total
	A - 1 00 L 0004		(Rupees in	thousand)	
	As at 30 June 2021 Assets as per statement of financial position				
	Long term investments	-	-	965,497	965,497
	Long term deposits	-	22,076	-	22,076
	Trade debts	-	1,439,847	-	1,439,847
	Loans and advances	-	8,841	-	8,841
	Short term deposits Other receivables	- 1,185	96,732 21,833	-	96,732 23,018
	Short term investments	3,211,269	-	-	3,211,269
	Cash and bank balances	-	282,975	-	282,975
		3,212,454	1,872,304	965,497	6,050,255
			Financial liabilities at amortized	FVTPL	Total
			cost	pees in thousan	d)
			(nu	pees iii tiiousaii	<u>u, </u>
	Liabilities as per statement of financial position				
	Long term financing		2,962,714	-	2,962,714
	Lease liability		1,773	-	1,773
	Trade and other payables		1,657,393	-	1,657,393
	Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings		26,293 429,454	-	26,293 429,454
	Unclaimed dividend		6,387	-	6,387
			5,084,014	_	5,084,014

For the year ended 30 June 2022

46.3 Reconciliation of financial assets and financial liabilities to the line items presented in the statement of financial position is as follows:

		2022	
	Financial assets	Non-financial assets	Assets as per statement of fi- nancial position
	(RUI	PEES IN THOUS	-
Assets			
_ong term investments	766,021	6,130	772,151
Long term deposits	22,076	-	22,076
Trade debts	2,604,817	-	2,604,817
oans and advances	4,115	72,523	76,638
Short term deposi <mark>ts and</mark> prepayments	161,126	10,634	171,760
ther receivables	95,386	121,185	216,571
hort term investments	1,623,048	-	1,623,048
ash and bank balances	420,735	-	420,735
	5,697,324	210,472	5,907,796
Liabilities			
Long term financing	3,849,419	-	3,849,419
Lease Liability	1,190	-	1,190
rade and other payables	2,372,029	641,714	3,013,743
Accrued mark-up	31,378	-	31,378
Short term borrowings	726,496	-	726,496
Unclaimed dividend	7,313	-	7,313
	6 987 825	641 714	7 629 539



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2021	
	Financial assets	Non-financial assets	Assets as per statement of finan- cial position
	(RL	IPEES IN THOUSA	ND)
Assets			
Long term investments	965,497	6,130	971,627
Long term deposits	22,076	-	22,076
Trade debts	1,439,847	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	1,439,847
Loans and advances	8,841	31,131	39,972
Short term deposits and prepayments	96,732	8,882	105,614
Other receivables	23,018	-	23,018
Short term investments	3,211,269	-	3,211,269
Cash and bank balances	282,975	-	282,975
	6,050,255	46,143	6,096,398
Liabilities			
Long term financing	2,962,714	-	2,962,714
Lease Liability	1,773	-	1,773
Trade and other payables	1,657,393	549,440	2,206,833
Accrued mark-up	26,293	=	26,293
Short term borrowings	429,454	=	429,454
Unclaimed dividend	6,387	=	6,387
	5,084,014	549,440	5,633,454

46.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

As on reporting date, recognized financial instruments are not subject to off setting as there are no enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

46.5 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. Consistent with others in the industry and the requirements of the lenders, the Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as borrowings divided by total capital employed. Borrowings represent long term financing, and short term borrowings obtained by the Company as referred to in note 5 and note 10 respectively. Total capital employed includes 'total equity' as shown in the statement of financial position plus 'borrowings'. The Company's strategy, remained unchanged from last year.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
		(Rupees ir	thousand)
Borrowings	Rupees in thousand	4,575,915	3,392,168
Total equity	Rupees in thousand	11,460,433	9,268,002
Total capital employed	Rupees in thousand	16,036,348	12,660,170
Gearing ratio	Percentage	28.53	26.79

The increase in the gearing ratio resulted primarily from increase in borrowings of the Company.

47. RECOGNIZED FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value hierarchy (i)

Judgements and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the following three levels. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Recurring fair value measurements				
At 30 June 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees i	n thousand)	
Financial assets				
Fair value through other comprehensive incom	ne 765,821	-	-	765,821
Fair value through profit or loss	1,623,048	-	-	1,623,048
Total financial assets	2,388,869	-	-	2,388,869
Recurring fair value measurements				
Recurring fair value measurements At 30 June 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Level 1			
	Level 1		Level 3 in thousand)	
At 30 June 2021				
At 30 June 2021 Financial assets				
At 30 June 2021 Financial assets Fair value through other comprehensive incom	ne 965,297			965,297



For the year ended 30 June 2022

The above table does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value. Due to short term nature, carrying amounts of certain financial assets and financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair value. For the majority of the non-current receivables, the fair values are also not significantly different to their carrying amounts.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. Further there was no transfer out of level 3 measurements.

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

(ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.

48. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgements and estimates are made for non-financial assets not measured at fair value in these financial statements but for which the fair value is described in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its non-financial assets into the following three levels.

At 30 June 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees i	n thousand) -	
Investment properties	-	1,124,150	-	1,124,150
Total non-financial assets	-	1,124,150	-	1,124,150

For the year ended 30 June 2022

At 30 June 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees	n thousand)	
Financial assets		-		
i manolal abboto				
Investment properties	=	722,750	=	722,750
Total non-financial assets	-	722.750	_	722.750

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. Further, there was no transfer in and out of level 3 measurements.

iii) Valuation techniques used to determine level 2 fair values

The Company obtains independent valuations for its investment properties at least annually. At the end of each reporting period, the management updates the assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The management determines a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties.

Valuation processes

The Company engages external, independent and qualified valuer to determine the fair value of the Company's investment properties at the end of every financial year. The fair values of the investment properties have been determined by Jasper & Jasper (an approved valuer).

Changes in fair values are analysed at the end of each year during the valuation discussion between the Chief Financial Officer and the valuer. As part of this discussion the team presents a report that explains the reason for the fair value movements.



For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022 (RUPEES IN	2021 I THOUSAND)
49.	DISCLOSURES BY COMPANY LISTED ON ISLAMIC INDEX		
	Description		
	Loan / advances obtained as per Islamic mode:		
	Loans	-	36,171
	Advances	78,430	58,196
	Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances		
	Bank balances	35,038	773
	Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank bal-		
	ances		
	Profit on deposits with banks	141	-
	Revenue earned from shariah compliant business	23,500,659	17,374,800
	Gain or (loss) dividend earned from shariah complaint invest- ments		
	Dividend income	64,000	53,037
	Unrealized (loss) / gain on re-measurement of investments at FVTOCI	(113,726)	139,291
	Unrealized (loss) / gain on re-measurement of investments at FVTPL	(105,678)	22,189
	Realized gain on investments at FVTPL	-	76,352
	Exchange gain earned	6,827	4,126
	Mark-up paid on Islamic mode of financing	17,813	10,313
	Profits earned or interest paid on any conventional loan		
	Interest on loans paid	151,579	152,861
	Profit earned on deposits with banks	18,173	10,932

Relationship with shariah compliant banks

Name	Relationship
Meezan Bank Limited	Bank balance and short term borrowings
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	Bank balance and short term borrowings
First Habib Modaraba	Lease

For the year ended 30 June 2022

50. UNUTILIZED CREDIT FACILITIES

	Non-	Non-funded		ded
	2022	2021	2022	2021
		(RUPEES IN	THOUSAND)	
Total facilities	3,720,000	8,003,040	9,653,090	12,467,000
Utilized at the end of the year	2,186,940	3,385,148	5,189,178	4,937,713
Unutilized at the end of the year	1,533,060	4,617,892	4,463,912	7,529,287

51. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on September 26, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

52. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant rearrangements have been made.

53. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees unless otherwise stated.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Newwell



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 38th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited will be held on Wednesday, October 26, 2022 at 10:00 A.M. at Registered Office of the Company i.e. 7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Accounts together with the Directors' and Auditor's reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2. To approve as recommended by Directors, the payment of **Final Cash Dividend @ 40 % i.e. Rs. 4/-** per share for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3. To appoint auditors to hold office till the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and to fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Lahore: October 05, 2022 Company Secretary

BOOK CLOSURE:

The Members' Register will remain closed from October 19, 2022 to October 26, 2022 (both days inclusive)

NOTES:

- 1. Transfers received in order at the company's Share Registrar Office, M/s Corptec Associates Private Limited, 503-E, Johar Town, Lahore by the close of business hours on or before October 18, 2022 will be considered in time.
- 2. Shareholders interested to participate in the meeting through video link are requested to email their Name, Folio Number, Cell Number and Number of Shares held in their name along with valid copy of both sides of Computerized National Identify Card (CNIC) at naeem.sheikh@suraj.com by 25 October 2022. The video link and login credentials will be shared with only those members/designated proxies whose emails, containing all the required particulars.
- 3. A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company at the Registered Office not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons, whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form. A proxy must be a member of the Company. The proxy form is annexed to the notice sent to the members. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Director's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted along with copy of CNIC of the representative.

Replacement of Physical Shares with Book-entry Form

As per Section 72 of The Companies Act, 2017 every existing company shall replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by The SECP, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of the Companies Act, 2017 i.e. May 31, 2017. The shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to please convert their shares in the book entry form. For this purpose, the shareholders may open CDC Sub-account with any of the brokers or investor account directly with the CDC to place their physical shares into scrip-less form. This will facilitate them in many

Notice of Annual General Meeting

ways including safe custody and sale of shares at any time they want as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

CNIC/IBAN for E-Dividend Payment

The provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 require the listed companies that any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account of designated by the entitled shareholders. Accordingly, the shareholders holding physical shares are requested to provide the Company's Share Registrar at the address given herein above, electronic dividend mandate on E-Dividend Form provided in the annual report and also available on website of the Company. In the case of shares held in CDC, the same information should be provided to the CDS participants for updating and forwarding to the Company, In case of non-submission, all future dividend payments may be withheld.

Zakat Declarations:

The members of the Company are required to submit Declaration for Zakat exemption in terms of Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Deduction of Tax on Dividend Income - Finance Act, 2021

It is hereby informed that pursuant to the Finance Act, 2021, the rate of withholding tax under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 on dividend income has been segregated as follows:

Rate of tax deduction on dividend income for filer of income tax return 15% Rate of tax deduction of dividend income for non filer of income tax return 30%.

Further you are therefore requested to please provide us the following details:

Name	Folio No. / CDC Account No.	CNIC No. (for individual only) enclose a copy of valid CNIC, if not already provided

Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to provide the facility of video-link for participating in the AGM. The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address given hereinabove at least seven (7) days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form provided in the annual report and also available on the company's website.

Placement of Financial Statements on Company's Website

The Company has placed a copy of the Notice of AGM, Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 along with Auditors and Directors Reports thereon and Chairman's Review on the website of the Company: www.suraj.com

Shareholders are also requested to notify immediately any change in their E-mail address to the Share Registrar of the Company, M/s. Corptec Associates (Private) Limited, 503-E, Johar Town, Lahore. Ph. 042-35170335-37

اطلاع سالانه اجلاس عام

ز كوة ڈيكليريش:

۔ کمپنی کےارکان کوز کو ۃ اینڈعشر آ رڈیننس1980 کی شرائط میں ز کو ۃ ایگزیمیشن کے لئے ڈیکلیریش جمع کراناضروری ہے۔

دُيويدُ يندُ الله يرشكس كى كوتى - فنانس ا يك 2021

مطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ فنانس ایکٹ202 کی پیروی میں، ڈیویڈینڈ اَکم پرانکمٹیکس آرڈیننس2001 کی دفعہ150 کے تحت ودہولڈنگ ٹیکس کی شرح درج ذیل کےمطابق الگ الگ رکھی گئی ہے:

15%	اکھ ٹیس ریٹرن کے فائکر کیلئے ڈیویڈینڈ انکم پر ٹیکس کوتی کی شرح	(i)
30%	ا کا کیکس ریٹرن کے نان فائلر کیلئے ڈیویڈیٹڈ انکم پرٹیکس کٹوتی کی شرح	(b)

مزيد برآن آپ سے درخواست كه ازراه كرم درج ذيل تفصيلات بميں فرا بم كرين:

CNIC نمبر (برائے فرد صرف) کارآمد CNIC کیکا پی لف کریں،اگر پہلے مہیانہیں کی گئ	قومی فیکس نمبر	فولیو نمبر 1 سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ نمبر	نام
		ا کا و نگ مبر	

وڈ یو کا نفرنس سہولت

کمپنیزا یکٹ2017 کی پرویڈنز کی پیروی میں ،کمپنی کے کل پیڈاپ کیپٹل کے کم از کم %10 کے مالک شہر میں سکونتی ارکان کمپنی سے AGM میں شرکت کے لئے وڈیولنگ کی سہولت مہیا کرنے کامطالبہ کرسکتے ہیں۔وڈیولنگ سہولت کامطالبہ مذکورہ بالا پتہ پرشیئر رجٹر ارکے ذریعے سالا نہ رپورٹ میں مہیا شدہ اور کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب معیاری درخواست فارم پر اجلاس کی تاریخ سے کم از کم 7 یوم قبل وصول کیا جائے گا۔

مالى حسابات كى پليسمنك

سمپنی30 جون2022 بختنمه سال کیلئی A G Mنوٹس کی کا پی ہنتیج شدہ سالانہ علیحدہ اور مجموعی مالی حسابات معدان پر آ ڈیٹران اور ڈائر بکٹران اور چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹس اپنی ویب سائٹ www.suraj.com پر رکھے چکی ہے۔

حصص داران سے یہ بھی التماس ہے کہا پنے ای میل ایڈریس میں کسی تبدیلی کے بارے میں کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ار بمیسرز کارپ ٹیک ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹرڈ، E-503، جو ہر ٹاؤن، لاہورفون: 37۔3517035-042 کوئی الفور مطلع کریں۔

اطلاع سالا نهاجلاس عام

بذر یعه نوٹس ہذا مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ سورج کاٹن ملز لمیٹڈ کے حصص داران کا 38 وال سالانہ اجلاس عام کمپنی کے رجٹرڈ وفتر ، یعنی III-B-T، مرینہ ہومز،عزیز ابو نیو، گلبرگ٧، لا ہوریر26 اکتوبر2022ء کومبی 10:00 بجے درج ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد ہوگا۔

1_ 80 جون 2022 ء کوختنه سال کیلئے کمپنی کےنظر ثانی شدہ ہالی صابات معدان پر ڈائر بیٹرزاور آ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی نموروخوض اورمنظور کرنا۔

2-30 جون 2022 ء کوختتمہ سال کیلیے ڈائر یکٹرز کی سفارشات کے مطابق نقد منا فع منقسمہ بشرح 40 فیصد بعنی-41رویے فی شیئر کی ادائیگی کی منظوری دینا۔

3۔اگلے سالا نہاجلاس عام کے اختیام تک عہدہ بیفائز رہنے کے لئے آڈیٹرز کاتقر راوراُن کے ااصلہ وخدمت کاتعین کرنا۔

4_صاحب صدر کی احازت ہے کوئی دیگرامور سرانحام دینا۔

لاجور

سمینی سیرٹری مورخه: 05اكتوبر 2022

كتابول كى بندش:

ارکان کارجشر 19اکتوبر2022ء تا 26اکتوبر2022ء (بشمول ہر دوایام) بندر ہے گا۔

1- كمپنى كيشيئررجىر اردفتر ،ميسرز كارپ ئيك ايسوى ايٹس پرائيويٹ لمينلر، ٤-503،جوہر ٹاؤن، لا مور ميں 18 اكتوبر2022 ء كوكاروبار كے اختتام تك موصوله منتقلياں بروقت

2۔اجلاس میں وڈیولنگ کے ذریعے شرکت میں دلچیپی رکھنے والے حصص داران سے درخواست ہے کہاسپنے نام،فولیونمبر،موبائل نمبراوراُن کے نام میں ملکیتی حصص کی تعداد بمعہ کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈ(CNIC) کی دونوں اطراف کی مؤثر کا لی25 اکتوب2022 تک naeem.sheikh@suraj.com پرایمیل کریں۔وڈیولنک اورلاگ اِن کریڈشلرصرفان ممبران انامزدہ پراکستز کے ساتھ شیئر کی جائیں گی جنہوں نے ای میلز ،بشمول تمام مطلوبہ پارٹیکلرز فراہم کی ہیں۔

3۔اجلاس بذامیں شرکت اورووٹ دینے کااہل ممبرکسی دیگرممبر کوشرکت اورووٹ دینے کیلئے اینا/ اپنی پراکسی مقرر کرنے کامشتق ہوگا/ ہوگی۔ پراکساں تآ نکدموَثر ہوسکیں کمپنی کے رجشر ڈ دفتر میں اجلاس کے وقت سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے تبل لاز ماً موصول ہوجانی جائئیں۔ پراکسی فارم پر دوافراد کی گواہی ہوگی، جن کے نام، بینے اور CNIC نمبرز فارم پر درج ہو نگے۔ پراکسی لاز ما عمینی کارکن ہونا جاہئے۔ پراکسی فارم ارکان کوارسال کئے گئے نوٹس کے ہمراہ لف ہے۔ کارپوریٹ اینٹٹی کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹر کی قر ارداد / مختار نامہ معہ نامزدہ کے مخصوص دستخط نمائندہ کے CNIC کی کا پی کے ہمراہ جمع کرایا جائے گا۔

مادی حصص کی بک انٹری شکل میں تبدیلی

کمپنیزا کیٹ،2017 کے سیشن 72 کے مطابق ہرموجودہ کمپنی اینے فزیکل شیئر زکو بک انٹری شکل کے ساتھ بیان کئے گئے انداز میں اورالیں ای بی کی طرف ہے مطلع کردہ تاریخ سے کمپینزا یکٹ 2017 یعنی 31 مئی 2017 سے شروع ہونے والی زیادہ سے زیادہ چارسال کی مدت کے اندرتبدیل کرے گی۔ فزیکل شکل میں تصص رکھنے والے شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے شیئر زکو بک انٹری شکل میں تبدیل کریں۔اس مقصد کے لیے شیئر ہولڈرز اپنے فزیکل شیئر زکواسکرپلیس فارم میں رکھنے کے لیے سی بھی بروکرز کے ہاں یا ڈی سی سب اکا ؤنٹ یا براہ راست می ڈی سی کے ہاں انو بیٹرا کا ؤنٹ کھول سکتے ہیں۔ بیانہیں کی طریقوں سے سہولت فراہم کرے گا جس میں حصص کی محفوظ تحویل اورکسی بھی وقت جب وہ چاہیں فروخت کرسکیں گے کیونکہ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچنج کمیٹٹر کےموجود ہضوابط کےمطابق فزیکل شیئر زکی تجارت کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔

ای ڈیویڈ بنڈادائیگی کے لئے IBAN / CNIC

کمپنیزا کیٹ2017 کی دفعہ242 کی بیویژنز کےمطابق لٹڈ کمپنیوں کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ کوئی قابل ادا ڈیویڈینڈ نقدصورت میں اہل صفص داران کےمنسوب بینک ا کاؤنٹس میں براہ راست فقط الیکٹرونک طریقہ سے ادا کیا جائے گا۔اس کےمطابق فزیکل شیئرز کے حامل تھمیں داران سے درخواست ہے کہ سالانہ رپورٹ میں مہیا شدہ اور نمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ای ڈیویڈینڈ فارم پرالیکٹرا نک ڈیویڈینڈمینڈیٹ مذکورہ بالاپیۃ برنمپنی کےرجٹرارکوفراہم کریں۔سی ڈیسی میں حصص رکھنے کی صورت میں، بہی معلومات اپ ڈیٹنگ اور نمپنی کو جیجنے کے لئے میں ڈیالیس پارٹیسپنٹس کوفراہم کی جانی چاہئیں۔جمع نہ ہونے کی صورت میں،آئندہ تمام ڈیویڈینڈ ادائیگیاں روکی جاسکتی ہیں۔





Suraj Cotton Mills Limited

Mandatory Requirement of Bank Account Details for Electronic Credit of Cash Dividend Payment as Per the Companies Act, 2017

Date: October 03, 2022

Dear Shareholder,

This is to inform you that in accordance with the section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designed by the entitled shareholders. Please note that giving bank mandate for dividend payments is mandatory and in order to comply with this regulatory requirement and to avail the facility of direct credit of dividend amount in your bank account, you are requested to please provide the following information to your respective CDC Participant / CDC Investor Account Services (in case your shareholding is in book Entry Form) OR to our Share Registrar M/s. Corptec Associates (Pvt) Ltd. 503-E Johar Town Lahore. (in case your shareholding is in Physical Form):

	Details of Shareholders
Name of Shareholders	X
Folio / CDS Account No.	
CNIC No. (Copy attached)	
Cell number of shareholders	
Landline number of shareholders, if any	
Email	
	Details of Bank Account
Title of Bank Account	
International Bank Account Number (IBAN) "Mandatory"	PK
Bank's Name	
Branch Name and address	
immediately intimate Partic	mentioned information is correct and in case of any change herein, I / We will cipant / Share Registrar accordingly.
Signature of Shareholders	

Second Fold

Affix Revenue Stamp

Corptec Associates (Pvt) Ltd.

Shares Registrar: Suraj Cotton Mills Limited 503-E Johar Town Lahore.

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Suraj Cotton Mills Limited

Notice to the Shareholders in terms of section 244 of the Companies Act 2017, to file their respective claims in respect of unpaid Dividend that remained unclaimed for a period of three years (or more)

Dear Shareholder,

In terms of section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) promulgated on May 30, 2017, Companies are required to deposit with the Federal Government, all the dividends, which remain unclaimed or unpaid for a period of three years from the date of issue. In view of the forgoing, it is to inform you that if you have any outstanding/ unclaimed dividend(s), in respect of your account, you are therefore, advised to contact and lodge your claim to the share Registrar of the Company at following address and arrange to receive your cheque against unclaimed/ outstanding dividend after completing necessary formalities.

M/s Corptec Associates (Pvt) Ltd. 503-E Johar Town Lahore Tel:042-35170335 -7

You are requested to submit your claim along with supporting evidence at your very earliest.

Yours sincerely

Company Secretary



Second Fold

Affix Revenue Stamp

Corptec Associates (Pvt) Ltd.

Shares Registrar: Suraj Cotton Mills Limited 503-E Johar Town Lahore.

Third Fold and Tuck In

Form of Proxy

Thirty Eight Annual General Me	eeting		
l/We		of	
		Mills Limited and holder of	
shares as per Registered Folio) No		
For Beneficial Owners a	ıs per CDC list		
CDC Participant I. D. No			
Sub-Account No.			
NIC No.	or Passport No _		
hereby appoint	of	Who is <mark>al</mark> so a member of th <mark>e C</mark> ompar	ny, Folia
		ofwho	
Dated this day of	, 2022.		
Witness 1:			
Signature:			
Name:		Affix	
Address:		Revenue of Stamp	
		of Rs. 5/-	
Witness 2:			
Signature:		Signature of Member(s)	
Name:			
Address:			
•			
Note:			

- 1. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 2. CDC Shareholders and their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested Photocopy of their National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.

Second Fold

Affix Revenue Stamp

Corptec Associates (Pvt) Ltd.

Shares Registrar: Suraj Cotton Mills Limited 503-E Johar Town Lahore.

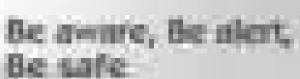
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7-B 3, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-5, Lahore - Pakistan PABX: +92 42 35760381 info@suraj.com www.suraj.com

